S6493-1

REPORT ON THE JUDICIARY

1980

(20 O.S. 1971 § 16.11)

1907

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE JUDICIARY

MARVIN C. EMERSON

ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR

"Only by the adoption of sound administration practices will the courts be able to meet the increased and increasing burdens placed on them. The time has passed when the court system will carry its load 'if each judge does his job'. There must also be organization and system so as to leave the judge to his job of judging."

Chief Justice Warren E. Burger

INTRODUCTION

Caution should be exercised in the interpretation of judicial statistics. The actual amount of judicial activity or output is extremely hard to quantify. Judges spend much of their time counseling, researching, traveling, and performing administrative tasks. These cannot be readily shown quantitatively. Moreover, no two cases are exactly alike although statistically they are considered equal. One ccase may be quite simple and disposed of rapidly, whereas another, an extremely complicated one, may require much more judicial time, research, and consideration.

Due to the uniqueness of judicial statistics and to the constraints considered, the data presented in the I980 Report on the Judiciary, Statistical Appendix is in aggregate form only.

The data is compiled by either county, district or statewide levels. The Appendix contains sections for District Court Caseload data. Miscellaneous data, and Financial data.

The 1980 Report on the Judiciary, Statistical Appendix was compiled and published by the Office of the Administrative Director of Courts under the direction of Marvin C.. Emerson, Administrative Director of the Courts. The report is funded by a grant from the Criminal Justice Services Division, Department of Economic and Community Affairs of funds from the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration.

The information compiled for the data in the 1980 Report on the Judiciary, Statistical Appendix is reported by the calendar year with the exception of the financial data which is compiled on fiscal year basis beginning July 1, and ending June 30, of the reporting year. The financial data for this edition is based on fiscal year 1980 activity.

SUMMARY OF CONTENTS

I. **Oklahoma Court Structure:**

An overview of the managerial and adjudicative functions of the Courts. This overview is illustrated with narrative and charts.

II. **Oklahoma Appellate Courts:**

A review of the 1980 caseload activity for the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals and Court of Criminal Appeals.

III. **Oklahoma Court of Special Jurisdiction:**

A synopsis of the membership and activity of the Courts of the Oklahoma Judiciary with special jurisdictions. These courts include the Court on the Judiciary, the Workers' Compensation Court, and the Court of Tax Review.

IV, **Oklahoma Commissions of Special Cognizance:**

This section provides a list of members and information relative to the 1980 activities of the Commissions of Special Cognizance – the Council on Judicial Complaints and the Judicial Nominating Commission.

V. **Oklahoma District Court:**

An overview analysis of the District Courts activity during 1980. Statistics are presented at the state level in several litigation classifications. Statics are also presented on a per Judge basis in relation to caseload.

VI. **Financial Management:**

An analysis of the fiscal operations of the Oklahoma Court System. All information in the section is compiled from fiscal year data for the fiscal year July 1, through June 30 of the reporting year.

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COURT STRUCTURE

OKLAHOMA JUDICIAL SYSTEM

In 1967 the Oklahoma Electorate adopted a Constitutional Amendment (Article V11) revamping the entire judicial system. On January 13,1969, Oklahoma's Judicial Branch was transformed into a streamlined statewide system both in terms of adjudicative and managerial organization hierarchy.

Adjudicative Organization

Judicial power now stands vested in: The Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment; the Supreme Court; Court of Criminal Appeals; Court of Appeals; Court on the Judiciary; Workers' Compensation Court; Court of Tax Review; District Courts, and Municipal Courts. At the Appellate Level, the Supreme Court handles civil and the Court of Criminal Appeals, criminal appeals. The Legislature established the Court of Appeals in 1971 to handle civil appeals assigned to it by the Cupreme Court.

On the trial level, the State is presently divided into Twenty-six Judicial Districts, each consisting of an entire county or several contiguous counties. The District Court, our single-level trial bench of unlimited jurisdiction is staffed by Judges of three rank known as 1) District, 2) Associate, and 3) Special. Municipal Courts (city-operated) survived, but are limited to city ordinance (including traffic) prosecutions and are subject to further alteration or abolition by the Legislature.

Managerial Organization

In order to institutionalize the Judiciary as a service of government, new Article V11 endowed the Supreme Court with managerial authority over all other courts. The Chief Justice exercises this authority with the assistance of an administrative director and staff.

The next ranking managerial authority in the hierarchy is the Presiding Judge. in each of the nine Judicial Administrative Districts, the District and Associate District Judges elect one of their District Judges as Presiding Judge. This election procedure is defined in the Rules on Administration of the Courts, adpoted by the Supreme Court on January 9, 1969. Furthermore, these rules authorize the Presiding Judge to hold managerial meetings and to individually assign Judges and support staff throughout his own Judicial Administrative District.

Subordinate to the Presiding Judge stands the Chief Judge, who marshals activities within his county. The Chief Judge must be a resident District Judge. This assures the only resident District Judge of being Chief Judge, the Presiding Judge designates who shall serve as Chief Judge or prescribes a rotation system. (Rules on Administration of the Courts).

This tri-level management system permits local divergence at any of the three levels so long as no rule at a subordinate level counters a practice or order prescribed by the superior level. The third and fourth charts of this section illustrate this managerial framework.

MARVIN C. EMERSON
Director
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE JUDICIARY

The creation of the Administrative Office of the Judiciary was authorized in 1967, by the Adoption of Article 7, § 6 of the Oklahoma Constitution. This Section of the Constitution provided for the Supreme Court to appoint an Administrative Director and staff to serve at its pleasure to assist the Chief Justice in his administrative duties and to assist the Court on Judiciary. In 1968, the Legislature provided for an Administrative Director of the Courts to have the responsibilities set forth in the Constitution.

The Administrative Director of the Courts is appointed by the Supreme Court to assist the Chief Justice in filling his constitutionally mandated responsibilities as the Administrative head of the Judiciary. The duties of the Administrator include: Overall budget and fiscal coordination of the judicial personnel in the State Court System, including Judges of the District Courts. Court Reporters and Court Clerks; assignments of active and retired Judges between judicial administrative districts subject to the approval of the Chief Justice; liaison officer for the Supreme Court with the legislative and executive departments, collect and publish comprehensive statewide judicial statistics; supervise the budgeting and expenditure of monies from the 77 court funds; receive and verify quarterly financial reports from Court Clerks on the receipt and expenditure of court fund monies; receive and deposit in the State Judicial Retirement System monies received from the 77 court funds; and manage LEAA grants of Federal Funds to the Judicial System. Other duties mandated by law include: Serve as Ex Officio Secretary to the Council on Judicial Complaints and act as Administrative Staff for the Council; assist the Judicial Nominating Commission; assist the Court on the Judiciary; assist the State Board of Examiners of Official Shorthand Reporters; and assign retired Judges as hearing officers for the State Employees Group Health and Life Insurance Board.

The duties of the Administrative Director are performed by the Director and a staff of (5) persons.

ROSS N. LILLARD, JR.
Clerk
CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT

The office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court was created by Article 7 § 5 of the Oklahoma Constitution. The Clerk is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Supreme Court. The law requires the Clerk to keep the records, files and papers committed to his care, and record the judgments, decrees and orders of the Supreme Court, the Court of Criminal Appeals and the Court of Appeals.

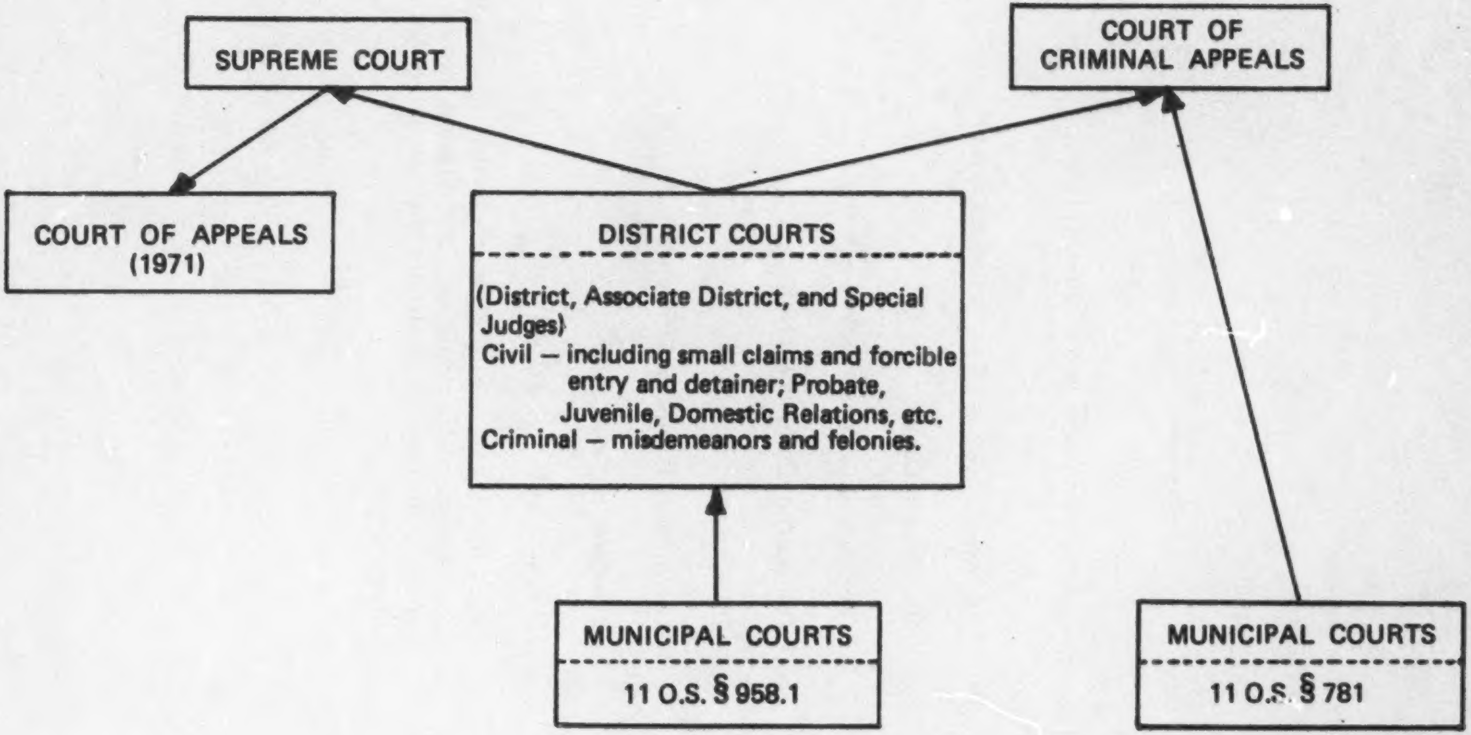
The duties of the office are performed by the Clerk of the Supreme Court and a staff of eight (8) persons.

SUMMARY

The Judicial power in Oklahoma is vested in the following Courts:

One	The Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment
Two	The Supreme Court
Three	The Court of Criminal Appeals
Four	The Court of Criminal Appeals
Five	The Court on the Judiciary
Six	The Workers' Compensation Court
Seven	The Court of Tax Review
Eight	District Court
Nine	Municipal Courts with jurisdiction limited to criminal and traffic proceedings: (a) arising out of municipal ordinance violations or (b) infractions of regulations that are authorized by municipal ordinances.

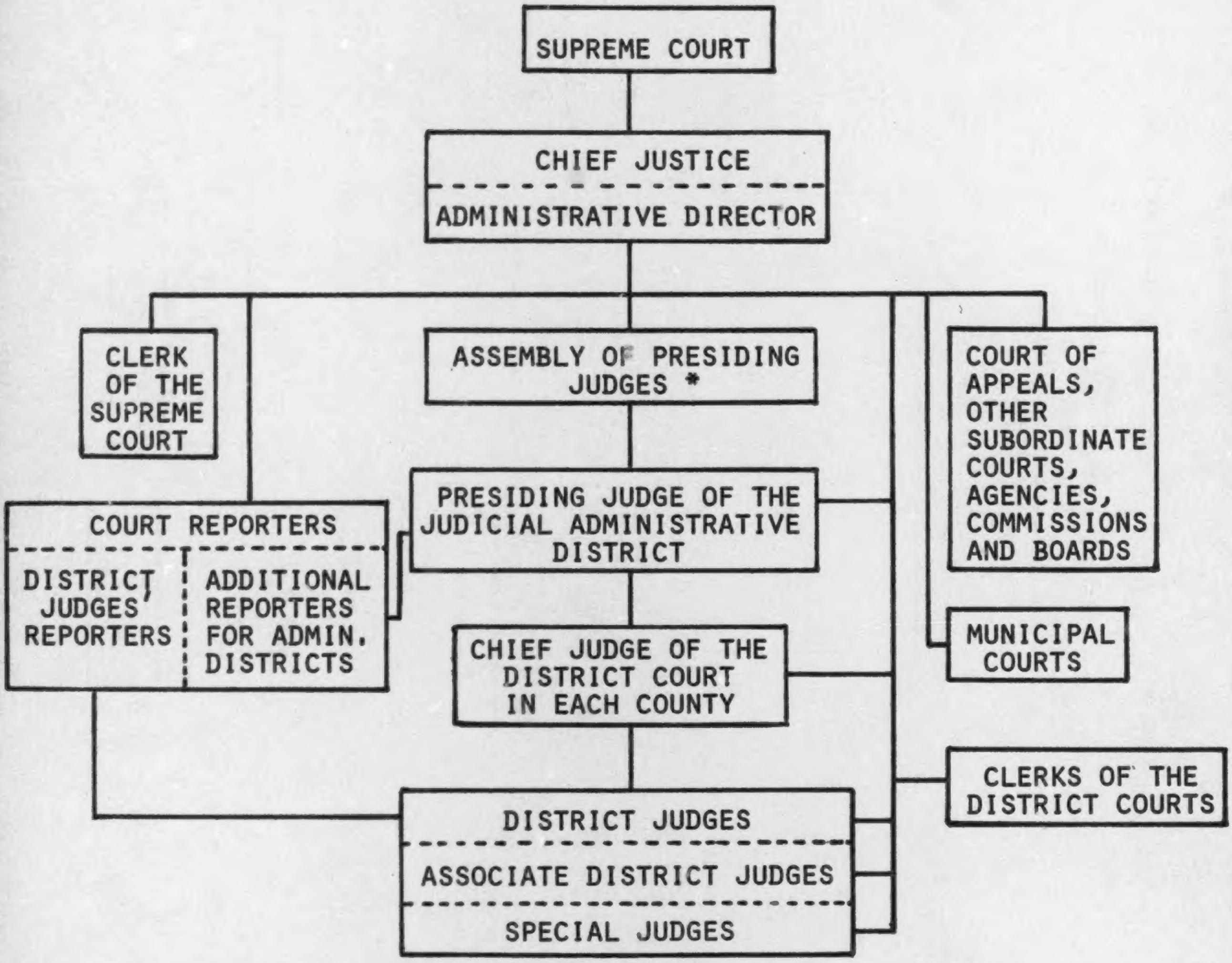
JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS


SUPREME COURT
COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS
COURT OF APPEALS (1971)
DISTRICT COURTS
(District, Associate District, and Special Judges)
Civil — including small claims and forcible entry and detainer; Probate, Juvenile, Domestic Relations, etc.
Criminal — misdemeanors and felonies.
MUNICIPAL COURTS
11 O.S. § 958.1
MUNICIPAL COURTS
11 O.S. § 781

THE COURT ON THE JUDICIARY' THE WORKERS: COMPENSATION COURT. THE COURT OF TAX REVIEW AND THE VARIOUS BOARDS' AGENCIES' AND COMMISSIONS THAT EXERCISE ADJUDICATORY AUTHORITY ARE NOT SHOWN

ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

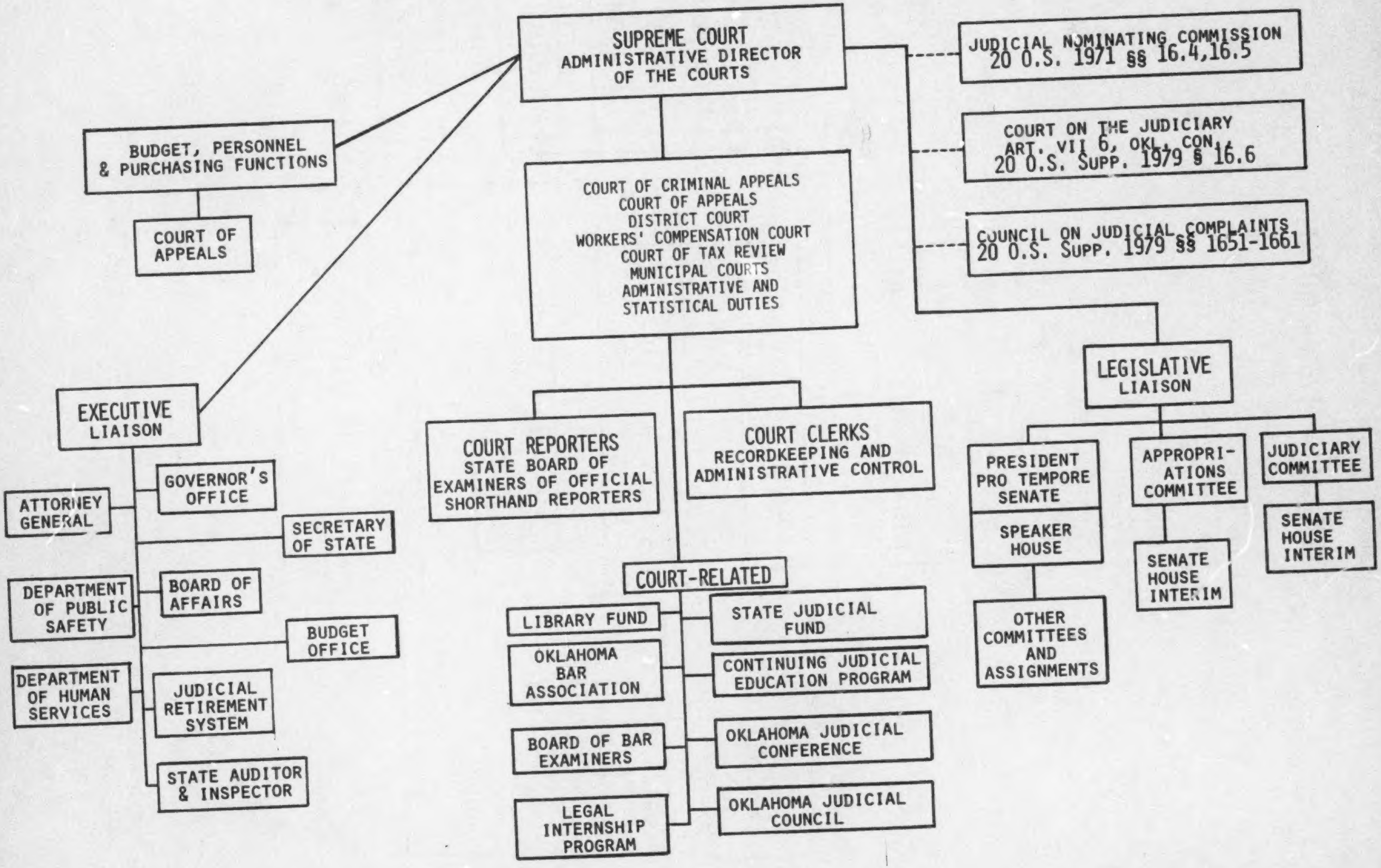
OF THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM


SUPREME COURT
CHIEF JUSTICE
ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR
CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT
ASSEMBLY OF PRESIDING JUDGES *
COURT OF APPEALS, OTHER SUBORDINATE COURTS, AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS AND BOARDS
COURT REPORTERS
DISTRICT JUDGES' REPORTERS
ADDITIONAL REPORTERS FOR ADMIN. DISTRICTS
PRESIDING JUDGE OF THE JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT
MUNICIPAL COURTS
CHIEF JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT IN EACH COUNTY
CLERKS OF THE DISTRICT COURTS
DISTRICT JUDGES
ASSOCIATE DISTRICT JUDGES
SPECIAL JUDGES

---

*convoked by Chief Justice Berry, September 1, 1971
20 O.S. 1971 §23, Subdiv. (2) and (3).

NON-ADJUDICATIVE (ADMINISTRATIVE) FUNCTIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT


SUPREME COURT
ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COURTS
JUDICIAL NOMINATING COMMISSION 20 O.S. 1971 §§ 16.4,16.5
COURT ON THE JUDICIARY ART. VII 6, OKL. CON., 20 O.S. SUPP. 1979 § 16.6
COUNCIL ON JUDICIAL COMPLAINTS 20 O.S. SUPP. 1979 §§ 1651-1661
BUDGET, PERSONNEL & PURCHASING FUNCTIONS
COURT OF APPEALS
COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS
COURT OF APPEALS
DISTRICT COURT
WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT
COURT OF TAX REVIEW
MUNICIPAL COURTS
ADMINISTRATIVE AND STATISTICAL DUTIES
EXECUTIVE LIAISON
GOVERNOR'S OFFICE
ATTORNEY GENERAL
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BOARD OF AFFAIRS
BUDGET OFFICE
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES
JUDICIAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM
STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR
COURT REPORTERS
STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF OFFICIAL SHORTHAND REPORTERS
COURT CLERKS
RECORDKEEPING AND ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROL
COURT-RELATED
LIBRARY FUND
STATE JUDICIAL FUND
OKLAHOMA BAR ASSOCIATION
CONTINUING JUDICIAL EDUCATION PROGRAM
BOARD OF BAR EXAMINERS
OKLAHOMA JUDICIAL CONFERENCE
LEGAL INTERNSHIP PROGRAM
OKLAHOMA JUDICIAL COUNCIL
LEGISLATIVE LIAISON
PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE SENATE
SPEAKER HOUSE
OTHER COMMITTEES AND ASSIGNMENTS
APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE
SENATE HOUSE INTERIM
JUDICIARY COMMITTEE
SENATE HOUSE INTERIM

MEMBERSHIP IN THE OKLAHOMA BAR ASSOCIATION

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
ACTIVE:					
Oklahoma County	1,970	2,117	2,251	2,362	2,479
Tulsa County	1,735	1,562	1,634	1,745	1,868
Rest of State	1,659	2,073	2,144	2,254	2,370
Out of State	1,018	1,486	1,477	1,561	1,603
Total Active:	6,382	7,238	7,506	7,919	8,320
SENIOR:					
Oklahoma County	166	180	191	198	198
Tulsa County	125	130	131	131	122
Rest of State	225	231	249	252	251
Out of State	81	96	113	123	131
Total Senior	597	637	684	704	702
MILITARY:					
Oklahoma County	4	2	2	1	1
Tulsa County	4	2	1	1	1
Rest of State	7	4	3	4	3
Out of State	81	60	37	33	31
Total Military:	96	68	43	39	36
ASSOCIATE:					
Oklahoma County	9	9	11	9	8
Tulsa County	4	5	5	6	8
Rest of State	11	11	11	12	13
Out of State	12	19	18	17	17
Total Associate:	36	44	45	44	46

INACTIVE:

As Amended October, 1977, by Order of the Oklahoma Supreme Court: "Article 11, Section 2, MEMBERS CLASSIFIED, Members of the Association shall be divided into four classes, namely, (a) active members, (b) senior members, (c) associate members, and (d) military members."

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
TOTAL:	7,774	7,987	8,278	8,706	9,115
LEGAL INTERNS:	359	312	303	283	260
GRAND TOTAL:	8,033	8,299	8,581	8,989	9,375

THE APPELLATE COURTS

EXPLANATORY NARRATIVE

This section provides statistical information on the appellate courts. There are two divisions: Supreme Court and Court of Appeals and Court of Criminal Appeals. The Supreme Court has a subordinate Court, the Court of Appeals, that hears cases as assigned by the Supreme Court. However, the Decisions made by the Court of Appeals cannot be held to formulate law, but are only relative to the Petition currently at issue.

Supreme Court and Court of Appeals

A narrative on the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals precedes maps denoting electoral district boundaries for the Justices and Judges. The first statistical chart illustrates 1972 – 1980 caseload activity of the two courts. It includes the number of cases assigned to and terminated in the Court of Appeals, and the cases pending in the Supreme Court as of December 31st of each year. The following bar graph shows the number of Supreme Court cases filed and terminated over the past seven years. During 1980, the Supreme Court had 1,636 filed which was the most cases ever filed in any year since statehood.

Court of Criminal Appeals

This sub-division consists of a narrative on the Court of Criminal Appeals, a map of the electoral districts for its Judges by counties, and population as well as several statistical charts. The first statistical chart analyzes appeals terminated by the Court and the method of their disposition. In 1980, 66.2% of the dispositions were by Order and 34.7% by Opinion. Of total cases filed in 1980, regular appeals accounted for 39.6% post conviction appeals, 66.7% and original proceedings 43.7%. The remaining charts in the section illustrate: dispositions by type of offense, annual increase or decrease in backlog, and county of origin for cases filed and terminated in 1980.

SUPREME COURT AND COURT OF APPEALS

SUPREME COURT*

The Supreme Court consists of nine Justices each of whom serves a six-year term. Retention is effected by a non-partisan, non-competitive statewide election. Vacancies are filled by gubernatorial appointment from a list of nominees selected by the Judicial Nominating Commission. The nominees are selected from applications received from the vacant Supreme Court Judicial District.

The Supreme Court's appellate jurisdiction includes all civil cases. The Court may issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, quo warranto, certiorari, prohibition and other remedial writs. It is also vested with general superintendent and administrative control over all other Courts in the state.

COURT OF APPEALS**

The Court of Appeals consists of six Judges, three in the Oklahoma City division, and three in the Tulsa division. One Judge is selected from each of the Six Congressional Districts by non-partisan ballots for a six-year term.

The Court of Appeals has power to dispose of all cases assigned to it by the Supreme Court. Decisions, when final, are neither appealable to the Supreme Court nor subject to re-examination by the other division of the Court of Appeals, but may be reviewed by the Supreme Court on certiorari, prohibition or any other necessary process.

Supreme Court rules prescribe the Court's procedure and practices, although the Court of Appeals may promulgate its own rules, not inconsistent with those of the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court clerk functions similarly to the Court of Appeals.

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*Art. 7, Sec. 1, Okla. Const.
** 20 O.S. 1971 § 30.1 et seq.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT

1980

ROBERT E. LAVENDER, Chief Justice

PAT IRWIN, Vice Chief Justice

DON B. BARNES, Justice

RALPH B. HODGES, Justice

JOHN B.. DOOLIN, Justice

ROBERT D. SIMMS, Justice

BEN T. WILLIAMS, Justice

RUDOLPH HARGRAVE, Justice

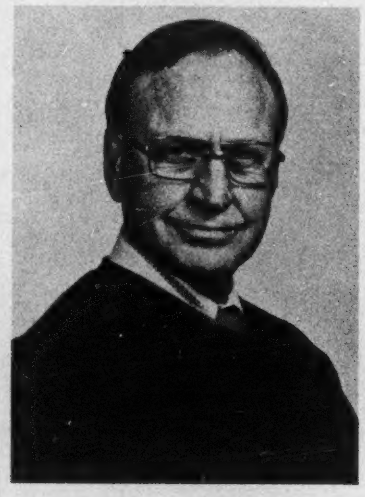
MARION P. OPALA, Justice

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT

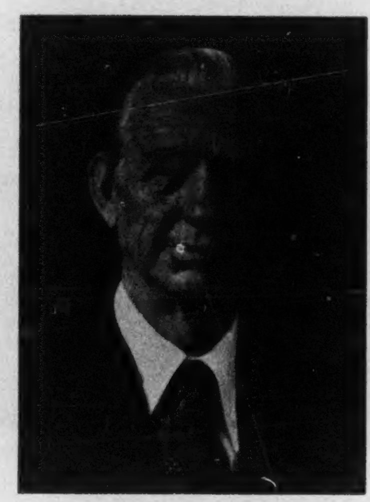
Shown left to right, standing: The Honorable Rudolph Hargrave, Robert D. Simms, John B. Doolin, Marion P. Opala. Seated: The Honorable Ralph B. Hodges, Pat Irwin (Vice Chief Justice), Robert E. Lavender (Chief Justice), Ben T. Williams, Don B. Barns.

JUDGES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS
1980

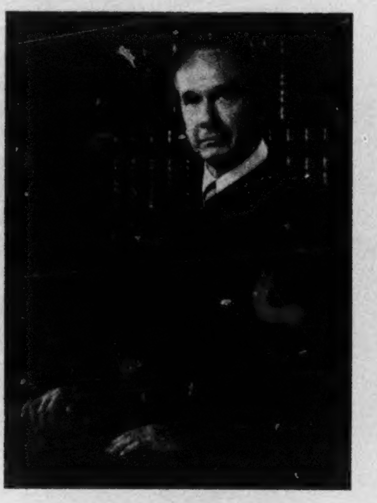
DIVISION I – OKLAHOMA CITY



Lester Reynolds
Presiding Judge

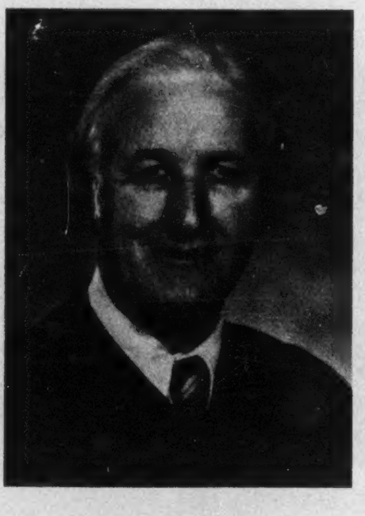


Dwain Box



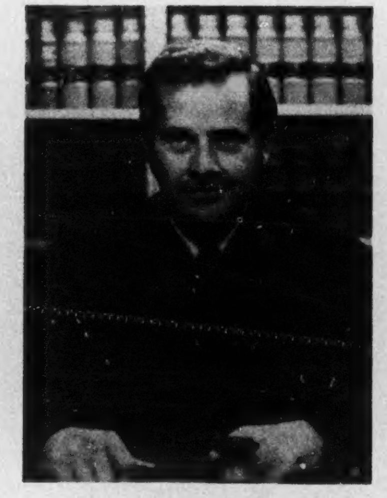
Richard E. Romang
(Deceased 10–15–80)

DIVISION II – TULSA



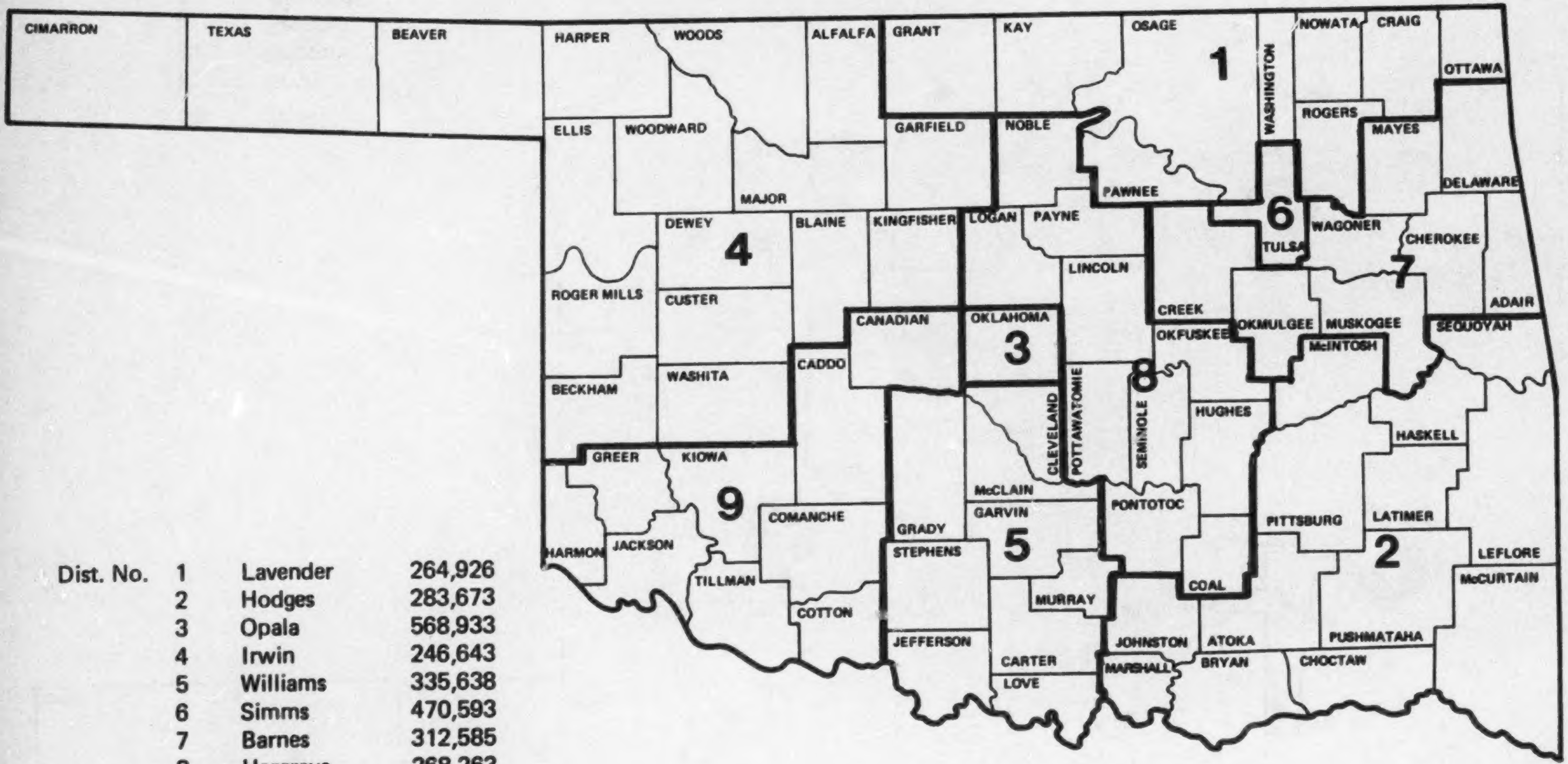
Robert H. Neptune
(Retired 9–1–80)
Hon. John D. Boydston
Appointed 12–3–80

Paul W. Brightmire
Presiding Judge



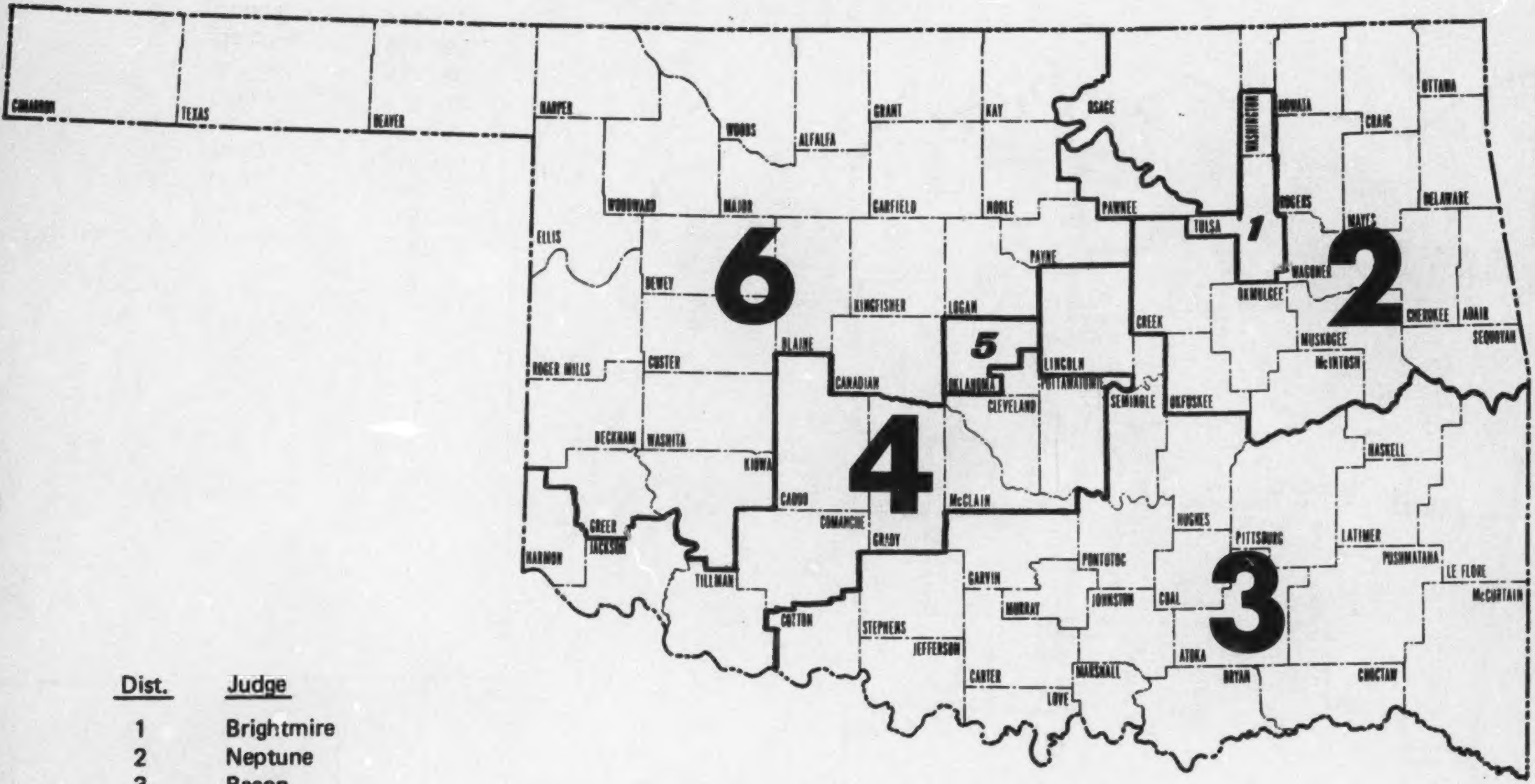
Kenneth D. Bacon

SUPREME COURT JUDICIAL DISTRICTS


CIMARRON
TEXAS
BEAVER
HARPER
WOODS
ALFALFA
GRANT
KAY
OSAGE
1
WASHINGTON
NOWATA
CRAIG
OTTAWA
ELLIS
WOODWARD
MAJOR
GARFIELD
NOBLE
PAWNEE
ROGERS
MAYES
DELAWARE
6
TULSA
WAGONER
CHEROKEE
7
ADAIR
DEWEY
4
BLAINE
KINGFISHER
LOGAN
PAYNE
LINCOLN
ROGER MILLS
CUSTER
CANADIAN
OKLAHOMA
3
CREEK
OKFUSKEE
OKMULGEE
MUSKOGEE
McINTOSH
SEQUOYAH
BECKHAM
WASHITA
CADDO
CLEVELAND
POTTAWATOMIE
8
SEMINOLE
HUGHES
HASKELL
GREER
KIOWA
9
McCLAIN
GARVIN
PONTOTOC
PITTSBURG
LATIMER
HARMON
JACKSON
COMANCHE
GRADY
STEPHENS
5
2
LEFLORE
McCURTAIN
TILLMAN
COTTON
MURRAY
COAL
JEFFERSON
CARTER
LOVE
JOHNSTON
MARSHALL
ATOKA
BRYAN
PUSHMATAHA
CHOCTAW

Dist. No.		
1	Lavender	264,926
2	Hodges	283,673
3	Opala	568,933
4	Irwin	246,643
5	Williams	335,638
6	Simms	470,593
7	Barnes	312,585
8	Hargrave	268,263
9	Doolin	274,012

COURT OF APPEALS


CIMARRON
TEXAS
BEAVER
HARPER
WOODS
ALFALFA
GRANT
KAY
OSAGE
WASHINGTON
NOWATA
CRAIG
OTTAWA
WOODWARD
MAJOR
GARFIELD
NOBLE
PAWNEE
TULSA
ROGERS
MAYES
DELAWARE
ELLIS
DEWEY
KINGFISHER
LOGAN
PAYNE
CREEK
WAGONER
OKMULGEE
MUSKOGEE
CHEROKEE
ADAIR
SEQUOYAH
McINTOSH
ROGER MILLS
CUSTER
BLAINE
CANADIAN
OKLAHOMA
LINCOLN
POTTAWATOMIE
SEMINOLE
OKFUSKEE
CLEVELAND
BECKHAM
WASHITA
KIOWA
CADDO
COMANCHE
GRADY
McCLAIN
HASKELL
HUGHES
PITTSBURG
LATIMER
PUSHMATAHA
LE FLORE
McCURTAIN
GREER
JACKSON
HARMON
TILLMAN
COTTON
STEPHENS
JEFFERSON
GARVIN
MURRAY
PONTOTOC
JOHNSTON
COAL
ATOKA
CARTER
MARSHALL
LOVE
BRYAN
CHOCTAW
1
2
3
4
5
6

Dist.	Judge
1	Brightmire
2	Neptune
3	Bacon
4	Reynolds
5	Box
6	Romang

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA
ANNUAL REPORT FOR YEAR 1980
SUPREME COURT
INVENTORY OF CASES

Cases Pending January 1, 1980			1903
Cases filed in 1980			1636
			3539
Cases disposed of in 1980			1271
Total cases pending end of year (inventory)			2267
Increase in inventory during 1980			364

CATEGORY OF CASES DISPOSED OF

Opinions rendered in 1980	313		
Mandated without rehearing		217	
Rehearing denied (102 rehearings filed in 1980)		96	
Special Matters (210 filed in 1980)		190	
Certiorari denied (Cert. 143 filed in 1980) Cert. figures include certified interlocutory orders		128	
Disposition on recommendation by Referee: Cert. denied	85		
Cert. granted	33		
Disposition by dismissals, orders, etc.		409	
Disposition by Court of Appeals		232	
		1272	
Bar Matters	108		
Written Dissents	30		
Special Writings	69		
Chief Justice Orders by Referee	671		
Cases at issue but not assigned at end of year			303
Backlog: Cases at issue plus those on assignment			533

COURT OF APPEALS

(Court of Appeals figures are included in Supreme Court inventory above)

Cases assigned by Supreme Court to Court of Appeals		369	
Disposition by settlement Conference, Div. 1			68
Opinions rendered, Court of Appeals			362
Certiorari filed			127
Certiorari denied			123
Certiorari granted			28
Certiorari dismissed (Some cases disposed of in 1980 were filed in 1979)			1
Cases mandated after final disposition by Court of Appeals			232

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS

JUDGES OF THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS

Hon. Tom Cornish
Presiding Judge

Hon. Tom Brett

Hon. Hez Bussey

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS*

Three Judges compose the Court of Criminal Appeals, one from each of three electorial districts. Retention for a six-year term is effected by a non-partisan, non-competitive statewide election.

The Court of Criminal Appeals has exclusive appellate jurisdiction in criminal cases. This includes the power to issue, hear and determine writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, quo warranto, certiorari, prohibition and other remedial writes.

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*Art. 7, Sec. 1, Okla. Const.; 20 O.S..1971 § 31

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS 1980 CASELOAD SUMMARY

CASES FILED IN 1980:

Regular Appeals	372
Post Conviction	143
Original Proceedings	296
Total Cases Filed:	856

CASES TERMINATED IN 1980:

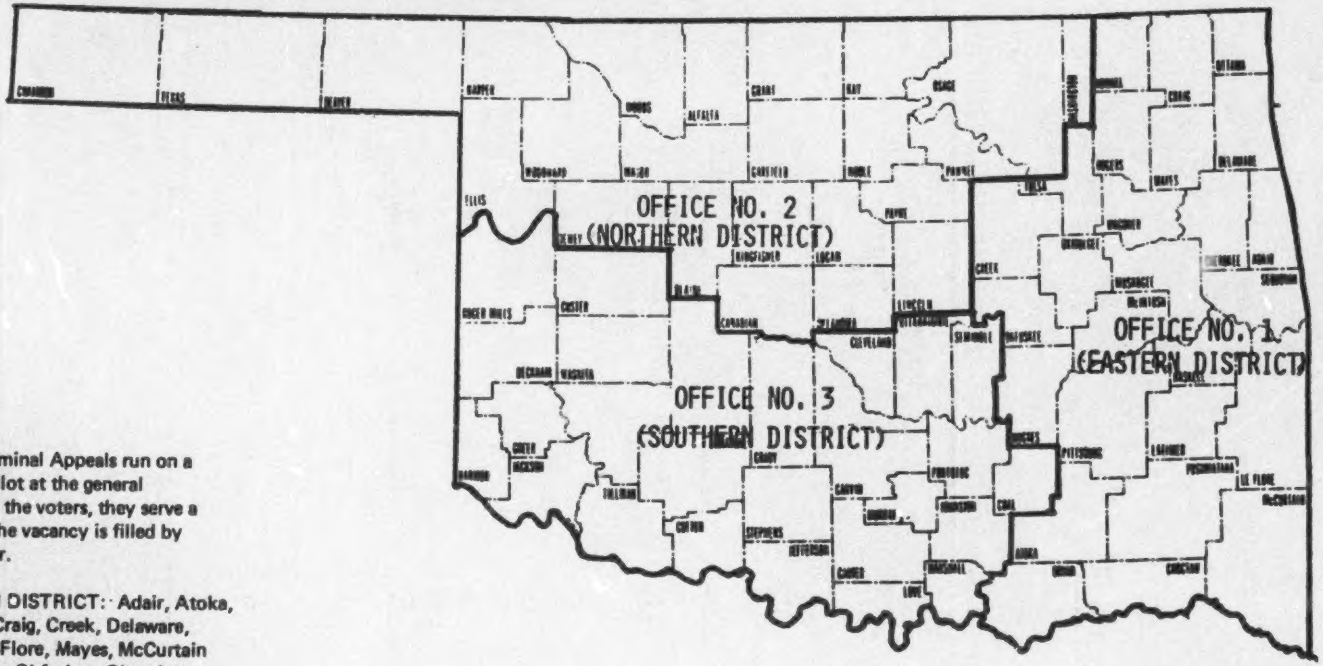
	BY OPINION	BY ORDER	TOTAL TERMINATED
CORRECTION			3
REGULAR APPEALS:			
Affirmed	153	1	154
Modified & Affirmed	6	0	6
Reversed	29	0	29
Dismissed	3	11	14
Totals:	191	12	203
POST CONVICTION:			
Granted	0	24	24
Affirming Denial	0	87	87
Dismissed	0	5	5
Reversed	0	8	8
Denied	0	3	3
Modified & Affirmed	0	0	0
Totals:	0	127	127
ORIGINAL PROCEEDINGS			
Granted	0	86	86
Dismissed	0	67	67
Denied	1	133	134
Totals:	1	286	287

Total Terminations By Opinion . . . 198
Total Terminations By Order 407
Corrections 15
Total Cases Terminated in 1980 620

PENDING CASES:

Total Cases Pending January 1, 1980 480
Total Cases Pending on December 31, 1980 . . . 518

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS JUDICIAL DISTRICTS



Members of the Court of Criminal Appeals run on a non–partisan state–wide ballot at the general election only. If retained by the voters, they serve a six–year term. If rejected, the vacancy is filled by appointment of the Governor.

OFFICE NO. 1 — EASTERN DISTRICT: Adair, Atoka, Bryan, Cherokee, Choctaw, Craig, Creek, Delaware, Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, LeFlore, Mayes, McCurtain McIntosh, Muskogee, Nowata, Okfuskee, Okmulgee, Ottawa, Pittsburg, Pushmataha, Rogers, Sequoyah, Tulsa, Wagoner. *(1,171,173) . . . . Cornish

OFFICE NO. 2 — NORTHERN DISTRICT: Alfalfa Beaver, Blaine, Canadian, Cimarron, Dewey, Ellis Garfield, Grant, Harper, Kay, Kingfisher, Lincoln, Logan, Major, Noble, Oklahoma, Osage, Pawnee, Payne, Texas, Washington, Woods, Woodward. *(1,094,803) . . . . Brett

OFFICE NO. 3 — SOUTHERN DISTRICT: Beckham Caddo, Carter, Cleveland, Custer, Coal, Comanche, Cotton, Garvin, Grady, Greer, Harmon, Jackson Jefferson, Johnston, Kiowa, Love, McClain, Marshall Murray, Pontotoc, Pottawatomie, Roger Mills, Seminole, Stephens, Tillman, Washita. *(759,290) . . . . Bussey

*Figures in parenthesis indicate 1980 official total population of Court of Criminal Appeals Judicial Districts.

COURTS OF SPECIAL JURISDICTION

COURTS OF SPECIAL JURISDICTION

The Courts of Special Jurisdiction are the Court on the Judiciary, the Workers' Compensation Court, and the Court of Tax Review. Narratives and lists of the 1980 Judges precede information on 1980 activities. That activity is characterized by filings, terminations and pending actions, as well as dollar amounts of awards by the Workers' Compensation Court.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT*

The Workers' Compensation Court succeeded the State Industrial Court on July 1, 1978. The Court consists of seven Judges appointed by the Governor. The appointments are made from a list of three nominees for each position selected by the Judicial Nominating Commission from applications submitted by qualified applicants.

The Court hears and determines compensation claims in industrial accident cases. It has the power to formulate its own rules and procedures. The Court also has the power to conduct necessary investigations. The award of the Court is final and conclusive between the parties. The parties do have the right to appeal the decision to the Court en banc or the Supreme Court. The right to appeal does have a Statutory time limitation for filing with the proper Court.

The Judges of the Court are compensated equal to the salary paid to a District Judge. The Judges serve staggard six-year terms. The first full six-year terms begin July 1, 1980, for positions six and seven. The other five positions begin their full terms in the following terms of the positions. The Judges that served on the State Industrial Court serve their unexpired terms on tehe Workers' Compensation Court.

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85 O.S. 1979 1.2

JUDGES OF THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT

1980

CHRIS STRUM, Judge
(Term Expires 7/1/86)

PATRICK C. RYAN, Presiding Judge
(Term expires 7/1/82)

DICK LYNN, Judge
(Term expires 7/1/86)

MARY ELIZABETH COX, Judge
(Term Expires 7/1/84)

BILL V. CROSS, Judge
(Term expires 7/1/84)

JAMES M FULLERTON, Judge
(Term expires 7/1/82)

CHARLES CASHION, Judge
(Term expires 7/1/84)

ACTIVITIES OF THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT

Year	Number of Filings Terminated	Amount of Award
1979	11,851	$38,392,112
1980	17,801	50,872,336

COURT ON THE JUDICIARY

1980

APPELLATE DIVISION

JOE D. SHUMATE, Presiding Judge
Judicial District No. 21

RALPH B. HODGES
Justice, Supreme Court

TOM R. CORNISH, Vice-Presiding Judge
Court of Criminal Appeals

DONALD E. POWERS
Judicial District No. 23

RUDOLPH HARGRAVE, Justice
Supreme Court

RAYMOND W. GRAHAM, Judge
Judicial District No. 14

FARRELL M. HATCH, Judge
Lawyer

JACK R. PARR, Judge
Judicial District No. 7

CHARLES M. WILSON, Judge
Judicial District No. 2

TRIAL DIVISION

JOHN MALEY, Presiding Judge
Judicial District No. 24

WILLIAM W. MEANS, Vice-Presiding Judge
Judicial District No. 14

WILLIAM S. MYERS, JR.
Judicial District No. 7

JACK BROCK, Judge
Judicial District No. 5

ROBERT A. LAYDEN
Judicial District No. 18

DON H. HAMPTON, Judge
Judicial District No. 10

EDGAR H. PARKS, Judge
Lawyer

LLOYD H. HENRY, Judge
Judicial District No. 23

JOSEPH A. YOUNG, JR., Judge
Judicial District No. 4

COURT ON THE JUDICIARY*

The Court on the Judiciary consists of a Trial and an Appellate Division, with nine Judges per Division. Each Division selects one of its members as Presiding Judge.

The Trial Division may, for cause, (a) remove from office any Judge, State or Municipal**, (b) compulsorily retire a Judge, or (c) suspend a Judge without pay for any time period. Either the Defendant–Judge, or the specially appointed prosecutor may, within ten days of Judgment , appeal the Trial Division's Judgment to the Appellate Division.

*Article VII–A, Oklahoma Constitution
**20 O.S. Supp. 1978 § 1404

COURT ON THE JUDICIARY ACTIVITY

TRIAL DIVISION			APPELLATE DIVISION		
YEAR	FILED	TERMINATED	YEAR	FILED	TERMINATED
1976	3	3	1976	0	1
1977	1	1	1977	1**	1**
1978	1	1	1978	1**	1**
1979	1	1	1979	0	0
1980	2	2	1980	0	0

**Original action rather than an appeal from Trial Division

COURT OF TAX REVIEW

The Court of Tax Review is composed of three District Judges designated by the Governor, with the State Auditor serving as Clerk. The Court hears and determines all protests against allegedly illegal levies.

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*68 O.S. 1971 § 24104

COURT OF TAX REVIEW
1980

RAY LEE WALL, Presiding Judge

ALMA B WILSON, Judge

HARDY SUMMERS, Judge

COURT OF TAX REVIEW ACTIVITY
1980

FILED	TERMINATED	PENDING 12/31/80
5	5	0

COMMISSIONS OF SPECIAL COGNIZANCE

COMMISSIONS OF SPECIAL COGNIZANCE

The Commissions of Special Cognizance include the Council on Judicial Complaints and the Judicial Nominating Commission. Narratives and lists of members precede information on 1980 activities.

COUNCIL ON JUDICIAL COMPLAINTS

The Council on Judicial Complaints was established by an Act of the 1974 session of the Legislature*, effective May 23, 1974. The Council's duty is to investigate complaints concerning the misconduct of Judicial Officers. The Council may recommend to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court the prosecution of a Judge before the Court on the Judiciary.

The Council is composed of three persons, two lawyers and one non–lawyer. the President Pro Tempore of the Oklahoma Senate, the Speaker of the Oklahoma House of Representatives and the President of the Oklahoma Bar Association each appoint one member. Members serve staggered five–year terms and can succeed themselves for one (1) term.

Members may claim $25.00 for each day or fraction of a day served as well as reimbursement of travel expenses.

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*20 O.S. Supp. 1980 § 1651–1661

COUNCIL ON JUDICIAL COMPLAINTS – 1980 MEMBERS

LeROY BLACKSTOCK, CHAIRMAN
(Five–year term)
Appointed By
President of the Oklahoma Bar Association

MARVIN C. EMERSON, ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOF
OF THE COURTS
Statutory Ex–Officio Secretary

EUGENE CARR
(Five–year term)
Appointed By:
Speaker of the Oklahoma House of Representatives

LARRY HAMMER
Appointed By:
President Pro Tempore of the Senate

COUNCIL ON JUDICIAL COMPLAINTS

Year	Complaints Submitted	Complaints Disposed of	Dismissed	Recommended Prosecution	Pending 12/31
1976	38	42	23	19*	14
1977	27	33	32	3**	8
1978	16	20	20	2**	3
1979	24	24	24	0	4
1980	32	25	24	1	1

In 1975 more than one complaint was submitted against each of eight Judges.

In 1976 more than one complaint was submitted against each of five Judges.

In 1977 more than one complaint was submitted against each of four Judges.

In 1978 more than one complaint was submitted against one Judge.

In 1979 more than one complaint was submitted against one Judge.

In 1980 more than one complaint was submitted against one Judge.

* These complaints involved three Judges.
** These complaints involved two Judges.

JUDICIAL NOMINATING COMMISSION

1980

	Chosen By:
GENEVA SARRATT	GOVERNOR
JOE COLE	GOVERNOR
SANDY BILLAM	GOVERNOR
DAVE M. WECHSLER	GOVERNOR
BOB LEE KIDD, JR. (Appointed to succeed Milton Lewis)	GOVERNOR
WAYNE E. SWEARINGEN	GOVERNOR
SARAH REDWINE	COMMISSION MEMBER
C. B. SAVAGE	OKLAHOMA BAR ASSOCIATION
AUSTIN R. DEATON, JR.	OKLAHOMA BAR ASSOCIATION
RANDOLPH S. MEACHAM	OKLAHOMA BAR ASSOCIATION
TERRY W. WEST	OKLAHOMA BAR ASSOCIATION
ANDREW C. WILCOXEN, JR., Chairman	OKLAHOMA BAR ASSOCIATION
HOWARD K. BERRY	OKLAHOMA BAR ASSOCIATION

THE DISTRICT COURTS

EXPLANATORY NARRATIVE

This section relates to the District Courts. This section includes: maps of the judicial districts and principal trial court locations, list of the members of the District Court with the changes for the year. Statewide statistics, an aggregate listing of cases pending, filed, terminated, and ending of the report year pending by County, and finally, statistics on a "per judge" basis.

DISTRICT COURT
JURISDICTION AND ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

DISTRICT COURT*

The District Court has: Unlimited original jurisdiction over all justiciable matters; power to review administrative action; and power to issue writs, remedial or otherwise, which are necessary to effect any Order or Judgment.

A total of 196 Judges serves 26 Judicial Districts. The Judges are distributed as follows: 71 District Judges, 77 Associate District Judges, (one per county) and 48 Special Judges.

District and Associate District Judges are elected on a non–partisan ballot in a competitive election for a four–year term. Statutorily authorized Special Judges are appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the District Judge of the particular Judicial Administrative District.

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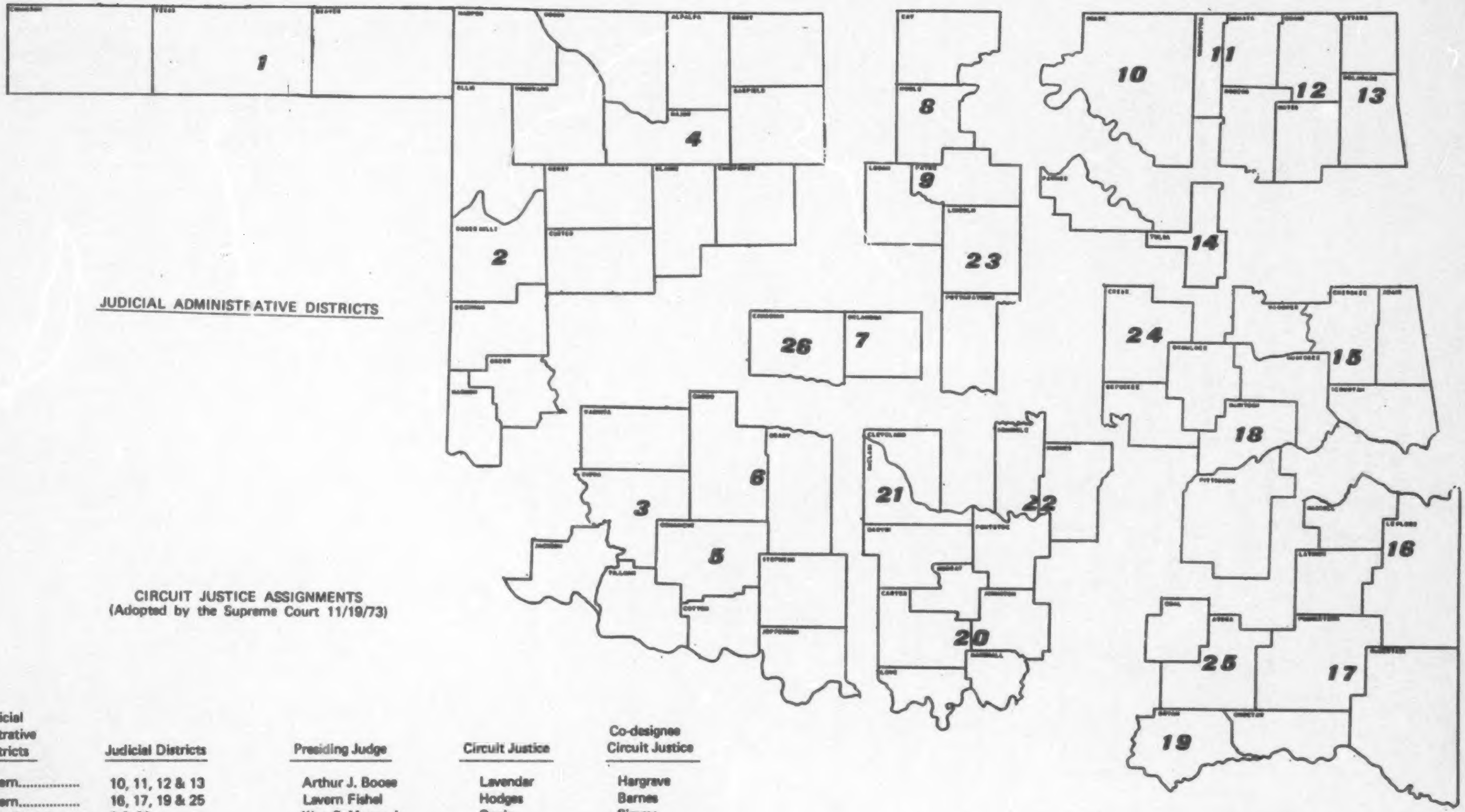
*Article VII, Section 1, Okla. Const.

JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS

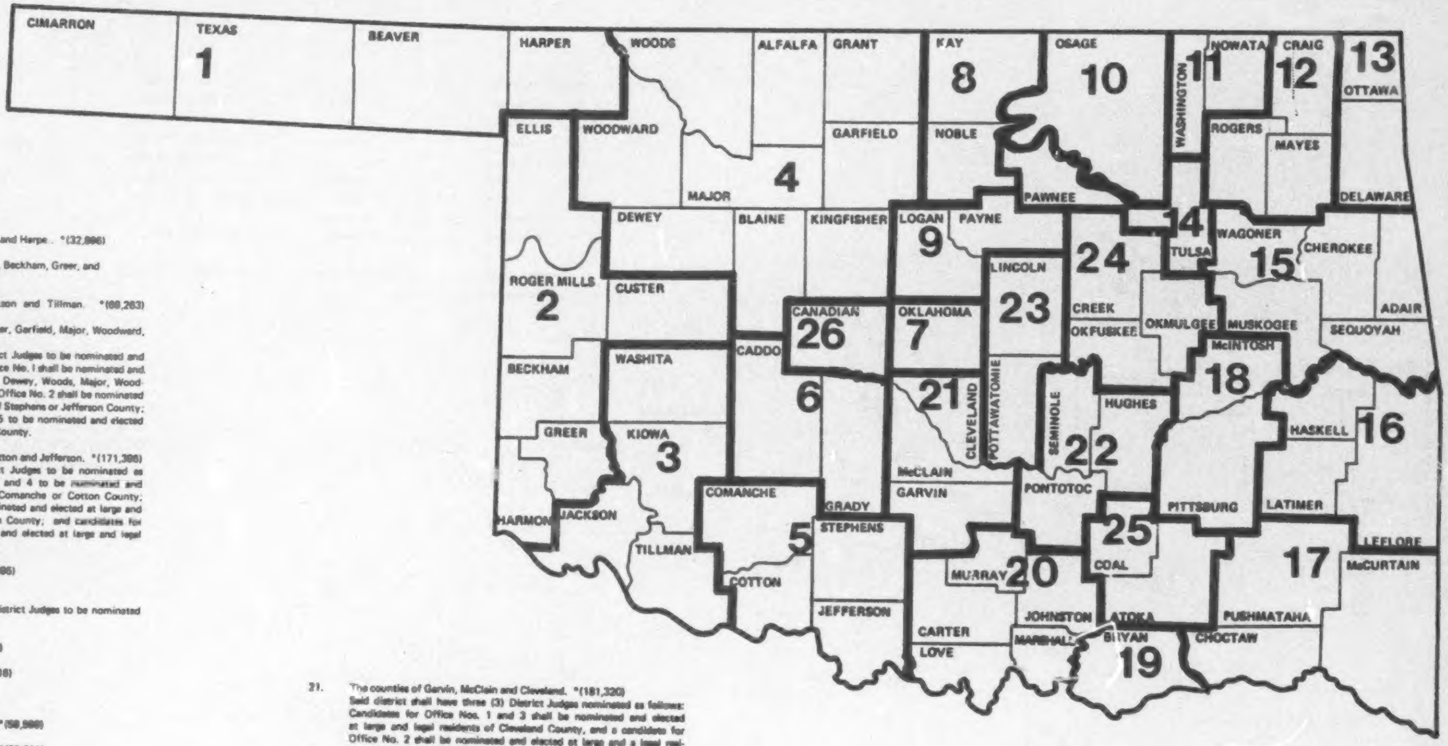


CIRCUIT JUSTICE ASSIGNMENTS

(Adopted by the Supreme Court 11/19/73)

Judicial Administrative Districts	Judicial Districts	Presiding Judge	Circuit Justice	Co-designee Circuit Justice
Northeastern................	10, 11, 12 & 13	Arthur J. Boose	Lavender	Hargrave
Southeastern................	16, 17, 19 & 25	Lavern Fishel	Hodges	Barnes
Oklahoma—Canadian....	7 & 26	Wm. S. Myers, Jr.	Opala	Simms
Northwestern...............	1, 2 & 4	Wm. O. Green, III	Irwin	Doolin
South Central...............	20, 21 & 22	Joe D. Shumate	Williams	Hargrave/Hodges
Tulsa—Pawnee..............	14	Milford M. McDougal	Simms	Opala
East Central..................	15, 18 & 24	Robert A. Layden	Barnes	Hodges
North Central...............	8, 9 & 23	Lowell Doggett	Hargrave	Lavender
Southwestern	3, 5 & 6	Weldon Ferris	Doolin	Irwin/Williams

THE JUDICIAL DISTRICTS OF THE OKLAHOMA COURT SYSTEM


CIMARRON
TEXAS
1
BEAVER
HARPER
WOODS
ALFALFA
GRANT
KAY
8
OSAGE
10
WASHINGTON
11
NOWATA
CRAIG
12
13
OTTAWA
ELLIS
WOODWARD
MAJOR
4
GARFIELD
NOBLE
PAWNEE
ROGERS
MAYES
DELAWARE
DEWEY
BLAINE
KINGFISHER
LOGAN
PAYNE
9
14
TULSA
WAGONER
15
CHEROKEE
24
ROGER MILLS
2
CUSTER
LINCOLN
23
CREEK
ADAIR
CANADIAN
26
OKLAHOMA
7
OKFUSKEE
OKMULGEE
MUSKOGEE
SEQUOYAH
CADDO
McINTOSH
18
BECKHAM
WASHITA
6
21
CLEVELAND
POTTAWATOMIE
SEMINOLE
22
HUGHES
GREER
KIOWA
3
HASKELL
16
McCLAIN
GARVIN
PONTOTOC
COMANCHE
GRADY
PITTSBURG
LATIMER
HARMON
JACKSON
25
STEPHENS
LEFLORE
TILLMAN
5
MURRAY
20
COAL
17
McCURTAIN
COTTON
JOHNSTON
ATOKA
PUSHMATAHA
JEFFERSON
CARTER
MARSHALL
BRYAN
CHOCTAW
LOVE
19

District

1. The counties of Cimarron, Texas, Beaver and Harpe . *(32,896)

2. The counties of Ellis, Roger Mills, Custer, Beckham, Greer, and Harmon. *(67,029)

3. The counties of Washita, Kiowa, Jackson and Tillman. *(69,263)

4. The counties of Dewey, Blaine, Kingfisher, Garfield, Major, Woodward, Woods, Alfalfa and Grant. *(150,834)
Said districts shall have three (3) District Judges to be nominated and elected as follows: A candidate for Office No. I shall be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Dewey, Woods, Major, Woodward or Alfalfa County, a candidate for Office No. 2 shall be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Stephens or Jefferson County; and candidates for Office Nos. 3 and 5 to be nominated and elected at large and legal residents of Comanche County.

5. The counties of Comanche, Stephens, Cotton and Jefferson. *(171,396)
Said District shall have five (5) District Judges to be nominated as follows: Candidates for Office Nos. 1 and 4 to be nominated and elected at large and legal residents of Comanche or Cotton County; a candidate for Office No. 2 to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Stephens or Jefferson County; and candidates for Office Nos. 3 and 5 to be nominated and elected at large and legal residents of Comanche County.

6. The counties of Grady and Caddo. *(70,395)

7. The county of Oklahoma. *(568,933)
Said district shall have fourteen (14) District Judges to be nominated and elected at large.

8. The counties of Noble and Kay. *(61,425)

9. The counties of Logan and Payne. *(89,316)

10. The county of Osage. *(39,327)

11. The counties of Washington and Nowata. *(59,599)

12. The counties of Rogers, Mayes and Craig. *(93,711)
Said district shall have two (2) District Judges to be nominated and elected at large.

13. The counties of Ottawa and Delaware. *(56,816)

14. The counties of Tulsa and Pawnee. *(485,903)
Said district shall have thirteen (13) District Judges to be nominated as follows: Candidates for Office Nos I through 4 and 6 through 13 to be nominated from and legal residents of Tulsa County, and a candidate for office No. 5 to be nominated from and a legal resident of Pawnee County, all of whom shall be elected at large.

15. The counties of Wagoner, Cherokee, Adair, Muskogee and Sequoyah. *(188,743)
Said district shall have four (4) District Judges to be nominated and elected as follows: Candidates for Office Nos. 1 and 4 shall be nominated and elected at large and legal residents of Muskogee County; a candidate for Office No. 2 shall be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Wagoner or Cherokee County; and a candidate for Office No. 3 shall be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Adair or Sequoyah County.

16. The counties of Haskell, LeFlore and Latimer. *(61,548)

17. The counties of Pushmataha, McCurtain and Choctaw. *(65,127)

18. The counties of McIntosh and Pittsburg. *(56,016)

19. The county of Bryan. *(30,535)

20. The counties of Love, Carter, Murray, Johnston and Marshall. *(84,132)
Said district shall have two (2) District Judges to be nominated and elected as follows: One candidate to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Carter County, and one candidate to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Love, Murray, Johnston or Marshall County.

21. The counties of Garvin, McClain and Cleveland. *(181,320)
Said district shall have three (3) District Judges nominated as follows: Candidates for Office Nos. 1 and 3 shall be nominated and elected at large and legal residents of Cleveland County, and a candidate for Office No. 2 shall be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Garvin or McClain County.

22. The counties of Seminole, Hughes and Pontotoc. *(74,409)
Said district shall have three (3) District Judges to be nominated and elected as follows: One candidate to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Pontotoc County; one candidate to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Seminole or Hughes County, and one candidate to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Seminole County.

23. The counties of Lincoln and Pottawatomie. *(81,840)
Said district shall have two (2) District Judges to be nominated and elected as follows: One candidate to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Lincoln County, and one candidate to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Pottawatomie County.

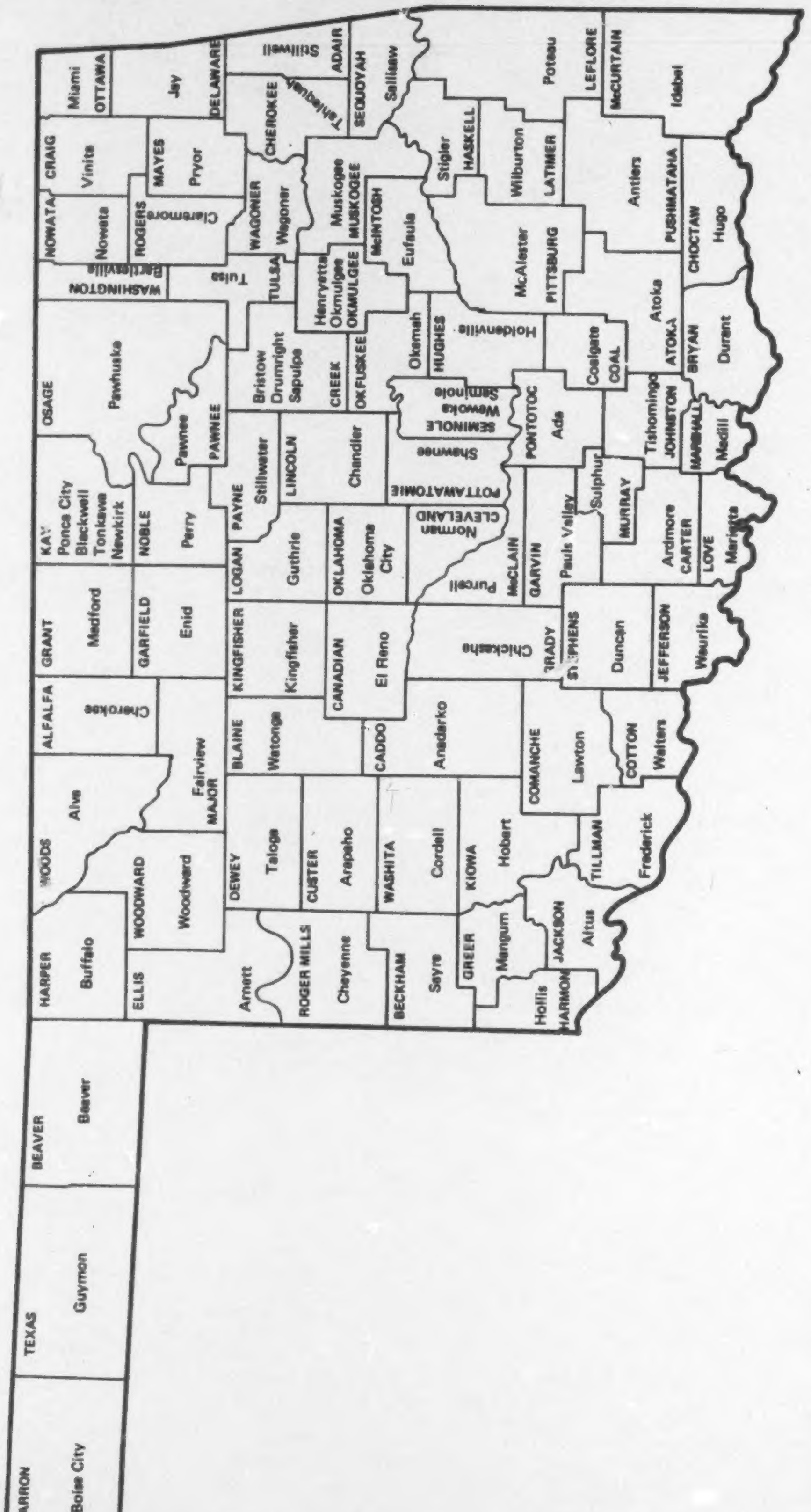
24. The counties of Okfuskee, Okmulgee and Creek. *(109,904)
Said district shall have five (5) District Judges to be nominated and elected as follows: One candidate to be nominated and elected at large and a legal resident of Okfuskee County; two (2) candidates to be nominated and elected at large and legal residents of Okmulgee County, and two (2) candidates to be nominated and elected at large and legal residents of Creek County, all of whom shall be elected at large.

25. The counties of Coal and Atoka. *(18,7[illegible]

26. The county of Canadian. *(56,452)

*Figures in parenthesis indicate 1980 official total population of Judicial Districts

PRINCIPAL TRIAL COURT LOCATIONS


CIMARRON
Boise City
TEXAS
Guymon
BEAVER
Beaver
HARPER
Buffalo
ELLIS
Arnett
WOODS
Alva
WOODWARD
Woodward
ALFALFA
Cherokee
MAJOR
Fairview
DEWEY
Taloga
ROGER MILLS
Cheyenne
GRANT
Medford
GARFIELD
Enid
BLAINE
Watonga
CUSTER
Arapaho
BECKHAM
Sayre
WASHITA
Cordell
KINGFISHER
Kingfisher
CANADIAN
El Reno
CADDO
Anadarko
KIOWA
Hobart
GREER
Mangum
HARMON
Hollis
JACKSON
Altus
KAY
Ponca City
Blackwell
Tonkawa
Newkirk
NOBLE
Perry
LOGAN
Guthrie
OKLAHOMA
Oklahoma City
GRADY
Chickasha
COMANCHE
Lawton
TILLMAN
Frederick
COTTON
Walters
STEPHENS
Duncan
JEFFERSON
Waurika
OSAGE
Pawhuska
PAWNEE
Pawnee
PAYNE
Stillwater
LINCOLN
Chandler
CLEVELAND
Norman
McCLAIN
Purcell
GARVIN
Pauls Valley
CARTER
Ardmore
LOVE
Marietta
MURRAY
Sulphur
POTTAWATOMIE
Shawnee
SEMINOLE
Wewoka
Seminole
PONTOTOC
Ada
JOHNSTON
Tishomingo
MARSHALL
Madill
CREEK
Bristow
Drumright
Sapulpa
OKFUSKEE
Okemah
HUGHES
Holdenville
COAL
Coalgate
ATOKA
Atoka
BRYAN
Durant
WASHINGTON
Bartlesville
TULSA
Tulsa
OKMULGEE
Henryetta
Okmulgee
McINTOSH
Eufaula
PITTSBURG
McAlester
PUSHMATAHA
Antlers
CHOCTAW
Hugo
NOWATA
Nowata
ROGERS
Claremore
WAGONER
Wagoner
MUSKOGEE
Muskogee
HASKELL
Stigler
LATIMER
Wilburton
CRAIG
Vinita
MAYES
Pryor
CHEROKEE
Tahlequah
SEQUOYAH
Sallisaw
LEFLORE
Poteau
McCURTAIN
Idabel
OTTAWA
Miami
DELAWARE
Jay
ADAIR
Stilwell

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURT

BY

JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS

January 1980

EAST CENTRAL

Bill Ed Rogers, Presiding Judge

District Judges

	District	Division
Wm H. Bliss	15	I
Edward Hardy Summers	15	II
Bill Ed Rogers	15	III
Robert A. Layden	18	
Edgar R. Boatman	24	I
Charles Woodson	24	I
Jess I. Miracle	24	II
John Maley	24	III
Kirk Woodliff	24	III

Associate District Judges

Paul E. Simmons	Wagoner	15	I
Lynn Burris	Cherokee	15	I
Lyle Burris	Muskogee	15	II
Fred D. Jack Green	Sequoyah	15	III
L. T. Spray	Adair	15	III
John D. Boydston	McIntosh	18	
Lonnie Wesley Brown	Pittsburg	18	
Streeter Speakman	Creek	24	k
O. C. Craig	Okfuskee	24	II
Anne Moroney	Okmulgee	24	III

Special Judges

J. R. Settle	Muskogee	15	II
Clyde Edward Davis	Pittsburg	18	
Clyde T. Patrick	Creek	24	I
Charles Humphrey	Okmulgee	24	III

NORTH CENTRAL

Lowell Doggett, Presiding Judge

District Judges

Lowell Doggett	8
Ray Lee Wall	9
Donald E. Powers	23
Lloyd H. Henry	23

Associate District Judges

Roger Mullins	Kay	8
Paul W. Cress	Noble	8
Bob Ward	Logan	9
Charles Headrick	Payne	9
Glenn Dale Carter	Pottawatomie	23
Robert L. Foster	Lincoln	23

Special Judges

Leslie D. Page	Kay	8
Cheryl A. Ramsey	Payne	9
Jesse R. Field	Pottawatomie	23

NORTHEASTERN

William J. Whistler, Presiding Judge

District Judges

	District	Division
Don H. Hampton	10	
Arthur J. Boose	11	
William J. Whistler	12	
Bryan E. Williams	12	
Sam C. Fullerton	13	

Associate District Judges

	County	
Mermon H. Potter	Osage	10
Glenn H. Chappell	Nowata	11
James H. Laughlin	Washington	11
Jess B. Clanton, Jr.	Craig	12
W. M. Thomas	Mayes	12
Edwin Doyle Carden	Rogers	12
Frieden L. Machesney	Delaware	13
Jon David Douthitt	Ottawa	13

Special Judges

	County	
Riley B. Quarles	Osage	10
Chloe Passley	Washington	11
Martha Sue Thompson	Ottawa	13
David Allen Box	Rogers	12

NORTHWESTERN

Frank M. Ogden, III, Presiding Judge

District Judges

Frank, Ogden, III	1	
Charles M. Wilson	2	
W. O. Green, III	4	I
J. Russell Swanson	4	I & II
Joseph A. Young, Jr.	4	III

Associate District Judges

	County		
James F. Lane	Beaver	1	
Charles R. Board	Cimarron	1	
Richard W. Pickens	Harper	1	
Don Dale	Texas	1	
Gary P. McGinn	Beckham	2	
Eph Monroe	Custer	2	
Charley W. Berton	Ellis	2	
W. B. Garrett	Greer	2	
William M. Fancher	Harmon	2	
Giles C. Peterson	Roger Mills	2	
Park W. Lamerton	Garfield	4	I
Larry D. Smith	Blaine	4	II
John W. Michael	Grant	4	II
Robert C. Lovell	Kingfisher	4	II
Wayne B. Smith	Alfalfa	4	III
Robert W. Collier	Dewey	4	III
James A. Wilkinson	Major	4	III
Ray Don Jackson	Woodward	4	III
Ray Dean Linder	Woods	4	III

Special Judges

	County		
David M. Collins	Garfield	4	I

OKLAHOMA–CANADIAN

Jack R. Parr, Presiding Judge

District Judges

	County	District	Division
Carmon C. Harris	Oklahoma	7	
David M. Cook	"	7	
Jack R. Parr	"	7	
Charles L. Owens	"	7	
Harold C. Theus	"	7	
Wm. S. Myers	"	7	
Homer Smith	"	7	
A. L. Rakestraw	"	7	
Stewart M. Hunter	"	7	
William C. Kessler	"	7	
Raymond Naifeh	"	7	
William Robert Saied	"	7	
John Amick	"	7	
Joe Cannon	"	7	
Floyd L. Martin	Canadian	7	

Associate District Judges

	County	
Charlie Y. Wier	Oklahoma	7
James D. Bednar	Canadian	7

Special Judges

	County	
Leonard Geb	Oklahoma	7
Robert D. Epperson	"	7
Arthur Robert Swank, Jr.	"	7
William M. Allen	"	7
Creston Williamson	"	7
Don Howard	"	7
James L. Gullett	"	7
Jim Pearson	"	7
Paul W. Dudley	"	7
Jon Lee Hester	"	7
Joe Samuel Wallace	"	7
Sandra Johnson	"	7
Henry Albert Taylor	Canadian	7

SOUTHEASTERN

Lavern Fishel, Presiding Judge

District Judges

Pat Pate	16
G. Gail Craytor	17
Joe C. Taylor	19
Lavern Fishel	25

Associate District Judges

	County	
John N. Henderson	Haskell	16
Robert Edward Price	Le Flore	16
Bill Welch	Latimer	16
Lowell R. Burgess, Jr.	Pushmataha	17
James R. Wolfe	Choctaw	17
John Anthony Benson	McCurtain	17
John Allen Phillips, II	Bryan	19
Harrell F. Followell	Coal	25
Merline Bonner	Atoka	25

Special Judges

	County	
Simon B. Spradlin	Le Flore	16
Reed Blankenship	McCurtain	17
Rocky L. Powers	Bryan	19

SOUTHWESTERN

Weldon Ferris, Presiding Judge

District Judge

	District	Division
Weldon Ferris	3	
Milbern Jay Adams	5	
Jack Brock	5	I
James Winston Raburn	5	I
William M. Roberts	5	I
George Lindley	5	II

Associate District Judges

	County	District	Division
John Charles Edwards	Washita	3	
Vacant	Kiowa	3	
Loys Criswell	Jackson	3	
Harrison Roe	Tillman	3	
Tom Zynda	Caddo	5	
Oteka Alford	Grady	6	
Kenneth Youngblood	Comanche	6	
David Aubrey	Cotton	5	I
P.C. Largent, Jr.	Jefferson	5	II
Ellen C. Steely	Stephens	5	II

Special Judges

	County	District	Division
Temple Bailey	Jackson	3	
Norman Hill	Caddo	6	
Jim Brent Smalling	Grady	6	
Joseph P. Marak	Comanche	5	I
Peter C. Moore	Comanche	5	I
Michael M. Reynolds	Stephens	5	II

SOUTH CENTRAL

Joe D. Shumate, Presiding Judge

District Judge

	District	Division
Woodrow George	20	I
G. Dixie Gilbert	20	II
Preston Trimble	21	I
Alma Wilson	21	I
Joe D. Shumate	21	II
Ronald Jones	22	I
Gordon R. Melson	22	II & III
Bob Howard	22	II

Associate District Judges

	County	District	Division
Thomas S. Walker	Carter	20	I
H. Leo Austin	Johnston	20	II
Owen Townsend	Marshall	20	II
William R. Fulton	Murray	20	II
Kenneth L. Delashaw, Jr.	Love	20	II
Alan J. Couch	Cleveland	21	I
Haskell Paul	Garvin	21	II
James Kenneth Love	McClain	21	II
Mike Addicott	Pontotoc	22	I
Bill Biggers	Seminole	22	II
Bob Rives	Hughes	22	III

Special Judges

	County	District	Division
D. Michael Hisey	Carter	20	I
Gary M. Purcell	Cleveland	21	I
Sam J. Goodwin	Garvin	21	II
Jesse Green	Pontotoc	22	I
Earl A. Davis	Seminole	22	II
Edward Michael McDaniel	Cleveland	21	I

TULSA–PAWNEE

William W. Means, Presiding Judge

District Judges

	County	District	Division
Raymond Graham	Tulsa	14	
Richard Comfort	"	14	
William W. Means	"	14	
Joe Jennings	"	14	
Margaret Lamm McCalister	"	14	
Richard V. Armstrong	"	14	
Jay Dean Dalton	"	14	
Patricia M. Hoebel	"	14	
Robert F. Martin, Jr.	"	14	
Milford M. McDougal	"	14	
Clifford E. Hopper	"	14	
David Winslow	"	14	
Robert E. Caldwell	"	14	

Associate District Judges

	County	
Billy Rex Beasley	Tulsa	14
Charles D. Arney	Pawnee	14

Special Judges

	County	
Bert C. McElroy	Tulsa	14
Richard Eldridge	"	14
Jane P. Wiseman	"	14
Vacant	"	14
Tony M. Graham	"	14
Edward E. Stephens	"	14
Jerry E. Perigo	"	14
Robert D. Frank	"	14

PERSONNEL CHANGES OF THE JUDICIARY

January – December

1980

Judge	Reason	Date	Replaced By	Date
COURT OF APPEALS				
Robert Neptune	Retired	9/1/80	John D. Boydston	12/3/80
Richard Romang	Deceased	10/15/80	Vacant	
DISTRICT COURT				
EAST CENTRAL				
District Judge				
	New Position	12/1/80	E. C. Nelson	12/5/80
Associate District Judge				
John D. Boydston	Appointed Court of Appeals	12/3/80	Vacant	
NORTH CENTRAL				
Associate District Judge				
Paul Cress	Retired	1/7/80	Kenneth R. Reed	2/29/80
NORTHWESTERN				
Presiding Judge				
Frank Ogden	Not Elected	3/8/80	Wm. . O. Green, III	3/8/80
Associate District Judge				
Eph Monroe	Retired	7/31/80	Alan D. Markham	8/1/80
OKLAHOMA–CANADIAN				
District Judge				
Floyd Martin	Deceased	9/4/80	James D. Bednar	11/26/80
Associate District Judge				
James D. Bednar	Appointed D.J.	11/26/80	Vacant	
Special Judge				
Sandra M. Johnson	Terminated New Position	11/30/80 3/1/80	Vacant Karl Gray	 3/1/80
SOUTHWESTERN				
District Judge				
	New Position	9/1/80	Kenneth Youngblood	9/17/80
Associate District Judge				
Kenneth D. Youngblood Vacant	Appointed D.J.	9/17/80	Vacant Lloyd R. Reeder	 2/25/80
Special Judge				
Norman Hill	Resigned	6/25/80	Erick E. Anderson	8/1/80

SOUTH CENTRAL

Judge	Reason	Date	Replaced By	Date
District Judge				
G. Dixie Colbert	Deceased	5/27/80	H. Leo Austin	8/13/80
Associate District Judge				
H. Leo Austin	Appointed D.J.	8/13/80	Stanley Anderson	12/2/80
Special Judge				
Earl A. Davis	Resigned	8/5/80	Gary R. Brown	8/5/80

TULSA–PAWNEE

Judge	Reason	Date	Replaced By	Date
District Judge				
Raymond W. Gordon	Retired	12/1/80	Vacant	
Special Judge				
Vacant	New Position		Donald Lane Daniel Boudreau	2/8/80 8/27/80

STATEWIDE DISTRICT COURT STATISTICS

TWO–YEAR CASELOAD DISTRIBUTION ANALYSIS

The following chart illustrates totals for the cases filed, terminated and pending for the reporting years 1979 and 1980. A quick analysis will show that over half of the cases filed are misdemeanor. Likewise, approximately half of the cases terminated are the same. The misdemeanor category includes the rapidly processed traffic cases. The more time consuming caseload types; civil, domestic, and felony, comprise the greater majority of the end-of-year pending caseload. A comparison from 1979 to 1980 pending caseload reveals a 9.5% increase in court backlog.

CASELOAD DISTRIBUTION ANALYSIS

CASES FILED IN 1979

Civil	48,525	10.8%
Domestic	41,359	9.2
Probate	17,181	3.8
Small Claims	78,323	17.5
Juvenile	7,323	1.8
Felony	22,753	5.1
Misdemeanor	231,352	51.8
Totals:	446,360	100.0%

CASES FILED IN 1980

Civil	52,498	10.6%
Domestic	43,848	8.8
Probate	17,205	3.5
Small Claims	85,298	17.2
Juvenile	8,156	1.6
Felony	23,696	4.8
Misdemeanor	265,252	53.5
Totals:	495,953	100.0&

CASES TERMINATED IN 1979

Civil	38,672	9.2%
Domestic	38,393	9.2
Probate	15,296	3.6
Small Claims	74,416	17.8
Juvenile	7,316	1.7
Felony	20,510	4.9
Misdemeanor	224,732	53.6
Totals:	419,138	100.0%

CASES TERMINATED IN 1980

Civil	43,737	9.3%
Domestic	40,125	8.6
Probate	14,815	3.2
Small Claims	86,415	18.4
Juvenile	9,488	2.0
Felony	21,839	4.6
Misdemeanor	253,377	53.9
Totals:	469,796	100.0%

CASES PENDING IN 1979

Civil	49,718	18.2%
Domestic	26,817	9.8
Probate	18,775	6.9
Small Claims	58,302	21.3
Juvenile	7,575	2.9
Felony	29,901	11.0
Misdemeanor	81,776	29.9
Totals:	272,727	100.0&

CASES PENDING IN 1980

Civil	58,473	19.6
Domestic	30,897	10.3
Probate	21,222	7.1
Small Claims	57,185	19.2
Juvenile	6,242	2.1
Felony	31,764	10.6
Misdemeanor	92,963	31.1
Totals:	298,746	100.0%

STATEWIDE COMPARISON OF THE FIVE YEAR CASELOAD ACTIVITY

The following chart indicates the change in activity by litigation category of the cases filed, terminated, and pending as of the end of each year.

In 1980, all categories realized an increase in the number of cases filed as compared to 1979 activity. The increases varied from 14.6 percent in misdemeanor to 0.1 percent in Small Claims. In the 1979 comparison of the caseload activity from 1980 to 1976, all categories realized an increase. The increases ranged from 33.7 percent in Small Claims to 4.3 percent in Probate.

Analyzing the cases terminated in the one year comparison indicates all but one litigation category had more cases terminated in 1980 than in 1979. Probate litigation realized a 3.1 percent decrease in cases terminated. The range in percentile of cases terminated for 1980 as compared to 1979 was am omcrease pf 22.9 in Civil Litigation to a 6.5 increase in Felony. The five year comparison is somewhat better. All but one category realized an increase. Probate decreased 4.7 percent.

The real change occurred in cases pending. Both in the one year and five year comparison all but one category indicat an increase. In the one year comparison Civil Litigation pending increased 15.0 percent. The least increase was Felony with a 6.7 percent change. The five year comparison reveals a 13.8 percent increase in cases pending in Felony. Small Claims cases pending show a 2.1 percent decrease in the five year comparison.

FIVE YEAR COMPARISON OF CASES FILED

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1980/1979	1980/1979
CIVIL	42,787	43,778	46,628	48,525	52,498	8.1	22.7
DOMESTIC*	45,768	47,688	47,785	48,682	52,004	6.8	63.6
PROBATE	16,494	16,532	16,950	17,181	17,205	.1	4.3
SMALL CLAIMS	63,795	73,314	77,798	78,071	85,298	9.2	33.7
FELONY	20,179	20,819	22,165	22,753	23,696	9.4	17.4
MISDEMEANOR	213,642	224,263	245,710	231,352	265,252	14.6	24.6
TOTAL:	402,665	426,394	457,036	446,360	495,853	11.1	23.1

FIVE YEAR COMPARISON OF CASES TERMINATED

	1979	1977	1978	1979	1980	1980/1979	1980/1979
CIVIL	34,894	34,784	54,740	38,672	43,737	22.9	25.3
DOMESTIC*	40,119	42,457	51,426	45,709	49,613	10.1	23,7
PROBATE	15,545	14,752	19,587	15,298	14,815	– 3.1	– 4.7
SMALL CLAIMS	62,384	59,465	95,425	74,416	86,415	16.1	38.5
FELONY	19,365	18,174	20,407	20,510	21,497	6.5	12.8
MISDEMEANOR	216,752	214,814	237,295	224,295	253,377	12.7	14.5
TOTAL:	389,059	384,246	477,817	419,138	469,706	12.1	17.2

FIVE YEAR COMPARISON OF CASES PENDING

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1980/1979	1980/1979
CIVIL	48,518	57,512	39,889	49,718	58,473	15.0	17.0
DOMESTIC*	29,764	34,995	31,401	34,392	37,139	8.0	24.8
PROBATE	17,642	19,422	16,783	18,775	21,222	13.0	20.3
SMALL CLAIMS	58,439	72,288	54,661	58,302	57,185	– 1.9	– 2.1
FELONY	18,275	20,920	27,658	29,901	31,764	6.2	73.8
MISDEMEANOR	57,333	66,982	75,900	81,776	92,963	13.7	62.1
TOTAL:	229,971	272,119	246,147	272,727	298,736	9.5	29.9

STATEWIDE SUMMARY

The following chart was compiled from the 1980 Summary of District Court Activity Reports filed by the Court Clerk from each of the 77 counties. The charts illustrate the statewide District Court activity in each of the seven litigation categories. Within each category is a relative aging of the pending cases at the end of the reporting year. Elements relating to population (according to the 1980 Census); the number of District Judges, Associate District Judges, and Special Judges; total number of lawyers for the state; license applications; jury data, miscellaneous filings, and other elements of judicial activity are also found in the chart.

STATEWIDE SURVEY

1980

POPULATION 3,025,266

NO. OF: DISTRICT JUDGES 71

ASSOCIATE JUDGES 77

SPECIAL JUDGES 60

LAWYERS 9,596

LITIGATION BREAKDOWN	TOTAL CASES PENDING ON 1/1/80	TOTAL CASES FILED IN 1980	TOTAL CASES TERMINATED IN 1980	DISPOSED OF BY TRIAL OR AFTER CONTEST	DISPOSED OF WITHOUT TRIAL OR CONTEST	TOTAL CASES PENDING ON 12/31/80	BREAKDOWN BY YEAR FILED OF CASES PENDING ON DEC. 31, 1980: 1980 CASES	1979 CASES	1978 OR PRIOR CASES
CIVIL									
AUTO NEGLIGENCE	4,722	4,238	3,518	699	2,799	5,452	2,977	2,001	474
OTHER TORT	4,153	3,762	3,054	815	2,198	4,861	2,590	1,381	890
LIEN OR MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE	2,397	3,589	2,581	695	1,844	3,405	2,295	760	350
REAL PROPERTY	3,407	4,409	4,180	1,303	2,796	3,622	2,030	852	742
CONTRACTUAL	25,800	25,617	21,641	2,827	18,827	29,476	17,272	9,861	2,343
APPEALS FROM ADMIN. TRIBUNALS (Incl. driver license cases)	543	1,247	994	300	691	796	434	299	63
INJUNCTION, QUO WARRANTO, MANDAMUS, HABEAS CORPUS, ETC.	2,148	1,727	1,200	470	727	2,675	1,538	677	460
OTHER CIVIL	6,842	7,909	6,565	1,535	5,030	8,186	4,728	1,828	1,630
TOTAL CIVIL	49,712	52,498	43,737	8,844	34,862	58,473	33,864	17,657	6,952
DOMESTIC									
DIVORCE	18,903	35,198	32,250	5,827	26,387	21,851	11,090	6,169	4,592
SEPARATE MAINTENANCE	900	673	509	93	414	1,064	455	313	296
ANNULMENT	191	351	335	48	287	207	103	51	53
RECIPROCAL SUPPORT – INCOMING	3,697	2,677	2,573	370	2,194	3,801	1,817	1,201	783
RECIPROCAL SUPPORT – OUTGOING	1,341	1,097	841	141	752	1,597	745	479	373
PATERNITY PROCEEDINGS	291	226	169	26	142	348	120	80	148
ADOPTION	1,760	2,837	2,824	66	2,759	1,773	772	460	561
OTHER DOMESTIC	91	789	624	80	619	256	230	26	0
TOTAL DOMESTIC	27,174	43,848	40,125	6,654	33,564	30,897	15,332	8,769	6,796
PROBATE									
ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES & PROBATE PROPER	13,483	9,436	7,638	208	7,389	15,280	6,447	3,395	5,438
DETERMINATION OF DEATH OF JOINT OR LIFE TENANT	720	2,690	2,552	7	2,545	858	426	203	229
MENTAL HEALTH	918	2,515	2,539	187	2,356	894	224	145	525
GUARDIANSHIP & CONSERVATORSHIP	3,540	1,829	1,426	48	1,367	3,493	1,094	920	1,929
APPROVAL OF CONVEYANCE OF INDIAN LANDS	66	531	507	76	431	90	58	14	18
OTHER PROBATE	105	205	153	2	153	157	71	35	51
TOTAL PROBATE	18,832	17,205	14,815	528	14,211	21,222	8,320	4,712	8,190
SMALL CLAIMS									
POSSESSION OF PERSONAL PROP. (Replevin)	1,292	2,002	2,122	498	1,624	1,174	720	286	168
POSSESSION OF REAL PROPERTY (Entry and Detainer)	4,472	10,369	9,076	1,192	7,880	5,765	4,436	1,192	137
OTHER SMALL CLAIMS	52,538	72,927	75,217	9,258	65,741	50,246	30,367	15,302	1,578
TOTAL SMALL CLAIMS	58,302	85,298	86,415	10,939	75,255	57,185	35,522	16,780	4,883
JUVENILE									
JUVENILE DELINQUENCY	3,982	4,772	5,298	2,517	2,648	3,447	2,344	605	498
CHILDREN IN NEED OF SUPERVISION	1,387	1,167	1,526	593	986	1,026	658	188	180
DEPENDENCY & NEGLECT	2,096	2,000	2,451	1,503	933	1,638	1,098	291	269
OTHER JUVENILE	109	237	215	103	108	131	74	32	25
TOTAL JUVENILE	7,574	8,156	9,488	4,716	4,647	6,242	4,174	1,105	981
COMBINED CIVIL CATEGORIES	161,594	207,006	194,580	31,474	162,529	174,016	97,156	49,024	27,783
FELONY									
CRIME AGAINST PERSON	4,558	5,414	4,686	772	3,993	5,302	2,537	1,114	1,651
CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY	13,753	10,617	8,970	821	8,456	15,412	5,836	3,238	6,338
OTHER FELONY (Do not include Post-Conviction Appeals)	11,590	7,861	8,203	611	7,884	11,050	3,750	2,314	4,986
TOTAL FELONY	29,901	23,896	21,839	2,094	20,313	31,764	12,123	6,666	12,975
MISDEMEANOR									
DUI	7,428	12,653	11,783	874	11,046	8,298	4,809	1,753	1,734
OTHER TRAFFIC	52,679	214,354	207,775	7,998	199,601	59,258	29,639	10,702	18,917
APPEALS FROM CITY-FUNDED CTS.	1,239	423	323	154	165	1,339	253	134	952
OTHER MISDEMEANORS	19,733	37,822	33,496	2,516	30,941	24,070	12,657	4,460	6,953
TOTAL MISDEMEANOR	81,077	265,252	253,377	11,542	241,752	92,983	47,360	17,049	28,566
COMBINED CRIMINAL CATEGORIES	110,978	288,848	275,126	13,636	262,065	124,718	49,471	23,715	41,531
GRAND TOTAL ALL CATEGORIES	272,572	495,853	469,706	45,110	424,594	298,736	156,667	72,739	69,314

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSES:	APPLICATIONS PENDING AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	APPLICATIONS FILED	ISSUED	DENIED	APPEALED	WITH-DRAWN
BEER	68	9,465	9,266	11	4	44
BINGO	2	560	543	5	0	7
POOL HALL	3	74	74	0	0	1
PROCESS SERVER	2	378	373	1	1	2
OTHER	0	37	37	0	0	0

JURY DATA:	CIVIL	CRIMINAL	JOINT	TOTAL
NUMBER OF JURY TERMS HELD	101	107	271	479

NUMBER OF DAYS JURY WAS IN ATTENDANCE 2,365

NUMBER OF GRAND JURIES CALLED 11

NUMBER OF PERSONS CERTIFIED FOR TRIAL AS ADULTS (FELONY)	173
MISCELLANEOUS FILINGS:	
NOTARY PUBLIC BONDS	17,975
FICTITIOUS PARTNERSHIPS	1,100
TAX WARRANTS	122
POWER OF ATT'Y, REVOCATION, ETC. (58 O.S. Supp. 1979 § 1058(b))	505
NUMBER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED	47,198
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS FILINGS	66,900
NUMBER OF DISPOSITION DOCKETS HELD	694

FELONY PRELIMINARY HEARINGS	HELD	WAIVED
	6,470	7,102

FELONY POST-CONVICTION APPEALS	FILED	TERMINATED	GRANTED	DENIED
	354	301	240	61

BOND FORFEITURES	FELONY	MISDEMEANORS	TRAFFIC	TOTAL
	321	160,095	188,310	338,626

DISTRICT COURT CASELOAD ACTIVITY

1980

COUNTY	CASES PENDING 1/1/79	CASES FILED	CASES TERMINATED	CASES PENDING 12/31/79
Adair	887	2,207	2,289	816
Alfalfa	453	1,448	1,486	415
Atoka	294	2,745	2,314	725
Beaver	457	1,589	1,480	506
Beckham	498	4,472	4,333	637
Blaine	1,153	3,567	3,431	1,289
Bryan	1,146	5,323	5,193	1,276
Caddo	3,215	7,845	8,570	2,490
Canadian	3,773	10,536	9,926	4,383
Carter	4,406	9,621	9,640	4,387
Cherokee	5,307	5,253	6,437	4,123
Choctaw	836	3,207	2,870	1,173
Cimarron	417	1,222	1,208	431
Cleveland	4,145	12,830	13,977	2,998
Coal	380	1,197	1,143	434
Comanche	8,833	17,022	16,810	9,045
Cotton	675	2,780	2,639	816
Craig	1,194	3,617	3,381	1,430
Creek	9,247	10,439	11,547	8,139
Custer	1,235	8,440	8,685	1,990
Delaware	2,789	2,992	3,779	2,002
Dewey	636	1,268	1,199	704
Ellis	317	1,289	1,189	417
Garfield	2,314	8,293	8,252	2,357
Garvin	3,106	5,329	6,039	2,396
Grady	9,250	12,294	12,114	9,430
Grant	212	1,125	1,114	223
Greer	433	1,318	1,202	549
Harmon	181	1,438	1,385	234
Harper	525	1,159	1,154	530
Haskell	640	1,236	1,241	636
Hughes	407	2,806	2,802	411
Jackson	1,608	3,959	3,709	1,858
Jefferson	1,376	2,025	1,940	1,461
Johnston	592	2,465	2,332	725
Kay	1,904	7,877	8,041	1,740
Kingfisher	708	4,435	4,259	884
Kiowa	741	3,232	3,095	878
Latimer	403	1,682	1,717	368
LeFlore	1,232	4,995	5,216	1,011
Lincoln	1,875	5,882	6,406	1,351
Logan	2,043	6,278	5,865	2,462
Love	1,364	3,154	2,834	1,684
Major	636	2,065	1,992	708
Marshall	1,049	1,899	2,052	896
Mayes	2,280	6,277	6,551	2,008
McClain	2,603	5,070	4,714	2,959
McCurtain	2,023	5,087	4,826	2,284
McIntosh	714	5,326	5,066	974
Murray	1,861	4,176	4,552	1,485
Muskogee	7,151	13,775	11,468	9,468
Noble	573	5,958	5,926	605
Nowata	688	1,472	1,404	756
Okfuskee	736	3,902	3,345	1,293
Oklahoma	71,346	67,855	59,193	80,008
Okmulgee	3,665	4,387	3,810	4,242
Osage	2,527	4,795	4,504	2,818
Ottawa	5,661	5,316	6,838	4,139
Pawnee	303	3,942	3,646	599
Payne	2,406	5,134	2,887	4,653
Pittsburg	3,328	8,149	7,670	3,807
Pontotoc	567	5,580	5,001	1,146
Pottawatomie	3,727	9,731	9,901	3,557
Pushmataha	617	2,050	1,781	886
Roger Mills	157	909	929	137
Rogers	5,362	8,923	10,595	3,690
Seminole	2,016	4,548	3,982	2,582
Sequoyah	2,469	8,665	8,431	2,703
Stephens	2,068	7,501	7,103	2,466
Texas	1,882	3,769	4,443	1,208
Tillman	536	1,686	1,775	447
Tulsa	52,742	64,180	49,774	67,148
Wagoner	1,209	6,650	6,628	1,221
Washington	2,939	5,201	4,972	3,168
Washita	1,042	3,711	3,871	882
Woods	820	1,961	2,042	739
Woodward	1,552	3,720	3,939	1,333
TOTAL:	272,572	495,853	469,706	298,736

AVERAGE CASELOAD PER JUDGE

The following tables rank average caseload per judge by Judicial Districts and county. Statistics include: cases pending on January 1, 1980; cases filed in 1980; total 1980 caseload; cases terminated in 1980; and cases pending on December 31, 1980.

Per Judge computations are based on the number of authorized Judgeships (196). For county figures, District Judgeships are apportioned among the counties regularly served.

AVERAGE OF CASES FILED TERMINATED AND PENDING

PER JUDGE BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT

1980

DISTRICT NUMBER	NUMBER OF JUDGES	TOTAL CASES FILED	TOTAL CASES TERMINATED	TOTAL CASES PENDING	AVERAGE PER JUDGE FILED	AVERAGE PER JUDGE TERMINATED	AVERAGE PER JUDGE PENDING
One	5	7,739	8,255	2,765	1,547.8	1,651.0	553.0
Two	7	18,866	17,723	3,964	2,695.1	2,531.8	566.2
Three	6	12,588	12,450	4,065	2,098.0	2,075.0	677.5
Four	13	27,882	27,714	8,652	2,144.7	2,131.8	655.5
Five	12	29,328	28,492	13,808	2,333.0	2,374.3	1,150.6
Six	5	20,139	20,684	11,920	4,027.8	4,136.8	2,384.0
Seven	28	67,855	59,193	80,008	2,423.3	2,114.0	2,857.4
Eight	4	13,835	13,967	2,345	3,458.7	3,491.7	586.2
Nine	4	11,412	8,752	7,115	2,853.0	2,188.0	1,778.7
Ten	3	4,795	4,504	2,818	1,598.3	1,501.3	939.3
Eleven	4	6,673	6,376	3,924	1,668.2	1,594.0	981.0
Twelve	6	18,817	20,527	7,126	3,136.1	3,421.1	1,187.6
Thirteen	4	8,308	10,617	6,141	2,077.0	2,654.2	1,535.2
Fourteen	24	68,122	53,420	67,747	2,838.4	2,225.8	2,822.7
Fifteen	10	36,450	35,243	18,331	3,645.0	3,524.3	1,833.1
Sixteen	5	7,913	8,174	2,014	1,582.6	1,634.8	402.8
Seventeen	5	10,344	9,477	4,343	2,068.8	1,895.4	868.6
Eighteen	4	13,475	12,736	4,781	3,368.7	3,184.0	1,195.2
Nineteen	3	5,323	5,193	1,276	1,774.3	1,731.0	425.3
Twenty	8	21,115	21,410	8,977	2,639.3	2,676.2	1,122.12
Twenty–One	9	23,229	24,730	8,353	2,581.0	2,747.7	928.1
Twenty–Two	8	12,824	11,675	4,139	1,603.0	1,459.3	517.3
Twenty–Three	5	15,613	16,307	4,908	3,122.6	3,261.4	981.6
Twenty–Four	10	18,728	18,702	13,674	1,872.8	1,870.2	1,367.4
Twenty–Five	3	3,942	3,457	1,159	1,314.0	1,152.3	386.3
Twenty–Six	3	10,583	9,928	4,383	3,512.6	3,309.3	1,461.0
STATE TOTAL	196	495,853	469,706	298,736	2,529.8	2,391.4	1,524.1

RANKING OF AVERAGE WORKLOAD PER JUDGE

BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT

RANK	JUDICIAL DISTRICT	TOTAL CASES PENDING 1/1/80	JUDICIAL DISTRICT	TOTAL CASES FILED 1980	JUDICIAL DISTRICT	TOTAL CASELOAD	JUDICIAL DISTRICT	TOTAL CASES TERMINATED 1980	JUDICIAL DISTRICT	TOTAL CASES PENDING 12/31/80
1	25	224.6	25	1,314.0	25	1,538.6	25	1,152.3	25	386.3
2	22	373.7	1	1,547.8	22	1,976.7	22	1,459.3	16	402.8
3	19	382.0	16	1,582.6	16	2,037.6	10	1,501.3	19	425.3
4	2	403.0	10	1,598.3	19	2,156.3	11	1,594.0	22	516.3
5	16	455.0	22	1,603.0	1	2,204.0	16	1,634.8	1	553.0
6	8	619.2	11	1,668.2	10	2,440.6	1	1,651.0	2	566.2
7	4	652.6	19	1,774.3	11	2,575.0	19	1,731.0	8	586.2
8	3	654;5	24	1.872.8	3	2,752.5	24	1,870.2	4	665.5
9	1	656.2	17	1,068.8	17	2,764.0	17	1,895.4	3	677.5
10	17	695.2	13	2,077.0	4	2,797.3	3	2,075.0	17	868.6
11	10	842.3	3	2,098.0	2	3,098.1	7	2,114.0	21	928.1
12	11	906.7	4	2,144.7	24	3,237.6	4	2,131.8	10	939.3
13	18	1,010.5	7	2,423.3	5	3,525.0	9	2,188.0	11	981.0
14	5	1,081.0	5	2,444.0	21	3,675.8	14	2,225.8	23	981.6
15	21	1,094.8	21	2,581.0	20	3,798.3	5	2,374.3	20	1,122.1
16	9	1,112.2	20	2,639.3	9	3,965.2	2	2,531.8	5	1,150.6
17	23	1,120.4	2	2,695.1	8	4,078.0	13	2,654.2	12	1,197.6
18	20	1,159.0	14	2,838.4	13	4,189.5	20	2,676.2	18	1,195.2
19	26	1,257.6	9	2,853.0	23	4,243.0	21	2,747.7	24	1,367.4
20	24	1,364.8	23	3,122.6	18	4,379.2	18	3,184.0	26	1,461.0
21	12	1,472.6	12	3,136.1	12	4,608.8	23	3,261.4	13	1,535.2
22	15	1,711.3	18	3,368.7	26	4,770.3	26	3,309.3	9	1,778.7
23	13	2,112.5	8	3,458.7	7	4,971.4	12	3,421.1	15	1,833.1
24	14	2.210.2	26	3,512.6	14	5,048.6	8	3,491.7	6	2,384.0
25	6	2,493.0	15	3,645.0	15	5,356.3	15	3,524.3	14	2,822.7
26	7	2,548.0	6	4,027.8	6	6,520.8	6	4,136.8	7	2,857.4
State Totals:		1,376.6		2,504.3		3,880.9		2,372.2		1,508.7

RANKING OF AVERAGE CASELOAD PER JUDGE
1980

COUNTY	AVERAGE CASES PENDING 1/1/80	COUNTY	AVERAGE CASES FILED	COUNTY	AVERAGE CASELOAD	COUNTY	AVERAGE CASES TERMINATED	COUNTY	AVERAGE CASES PENDING 12/31/80
Roger Mills	135.3	Roger Mills	783.6	Roger Mills	918.9	Coal	762.0	Roger Mills	118.1
Harmon	156.0	Coal	798.0	Coal	1,051.3	Roger Mills	800.6	Grant	185.6
Grant	176.6	Harper	927.2	Grant	1,114.1	Dewey	901.5	Harmon	201.7
Pontotoc	189.0	Haskell	929.3	Cimarron	1,311.2	Harper	923.2	Hughes	274.0
Atoka	196.0	Grant	937.5	Harper	1,347.2	Grant	928.3	Latimer	276.6
Pawnee	202.0	Dewey	953.3	Ellis	1,384.4	Haskell	933.0	Coal	289.3
Coal	263.3	Cimarron	977.6	Harmon	1,395.6	Nowata	936.0	Cimarron	344.8
Hughes	271.3	Nowata	981.3	Haskell	1,410.5	Okmulgee	952.5	Alfalfa	345.8
Ellis	273.2	Okmulgee	1,096.7	Dewey	1,430.8	Cimarron	966.4	Tillman	357.6
Latimer	303.0	Ellis	1,111.2	Nowata	1,440.0	Ellis	1,025.0	Ellis	359.4
Cimarron	333.6	Greer	1,136.2	Greer	1,509.4	Greer	1,036.2	Pontotoc	382.0
Beaver	365.6	Alfalfa	1,206.6	Latimer	1,567.6	Seminole	1,137.7	Pawnee	399.3
Okfuskee	368.0	Harmon	1,239.6	Alfalfa	1,584.1	Payne	1,154.8	Noble	403.3
Greer	373.2	Latimer	1,264.6	Beaver	1,636.8	Beaver	1,160.0	Harper	424.0
Alfalfa	377.5	Beaver	1,271.2	Tillman	1,777.6	Harmon	1,193.9	Bryan	425.3
Bryan	382.0	Marshall	1,277.4	Seminole	1,875.4	Alfalfa	1,238.3	LeFlore	433.9
Noble	382.0	Seminole	1,299.4	Pushmataha	2,005.2	Latimer	1,290.9	Greer	473.2
Harper	420.0	Tillman	1,348.6	Okmulgee	2,013.0	Jefferson	1,293.3	Beaver	476.8
Tillman	428.8	Jefferson	1,350.0	Atoka	2,026.0	Pushmataha	1,339.0	Haskell	477.4
Beckham	429.3	Adair	1,471.3	Pontotoc	2,049.0	Tillman	1,420.0	Atoka	483.3
Johnston	445.1	Pushmataha	1,541.3	Adair	2,062.6	Osage	1,501.3	Nowata	504.0
Cotton	450.0	Osage	1,598.3	Marshall	2,066.1	Adair	1,526.0	Marshall	523.3
Nowata	458.6	Woods	1,634.1	Hughes	2,068.6	Atoka	1,542.6	Dewey	529.3
Pushmataha	463.9	Major	1,710.8	Bryan	2,156.3	Marshall	1,542.8	Adair	544.0
McIntosh	476.0	Jackson	1,759.5	Major	2,250.0	Jackson	1,648.4	Cotton	544.0
Dewey	477.4	Bryan	1,774.3	Jefferson	2,267.3	Major	1,660.0	Johnston	545.1
Haskell	481.2	Garvin	1,776.3	Johnston	2,298.4	Pontotoc	1,667.0	Beckham	549.1
LeFlore	528.7	Hughes	1,797.3	Cotton	2,303.3	Okfuskee	1,672.5	Major	590.0
Major	529.1	Atoka	1,830.0	Woods	2,317.5	Woods	1,701.6	Woods	615.8
Kingfisher	532.3	Cotton	1,853.3	Okfuskee	2,317.5	Bryan	1,731.0	Okfuskee	646.5
Seminole	576.0	Johnston	1,853.3	Osage	2,440.6	Johnston	1,753.3	McIntosh	649.3
Adair	591.3	Pontotoc	1,860.0	Jackson	2,474.2	Cotton	1,759.3	Kingfisher	684.6
Kiowa	592.8	Okfuskee	1,951.0	LeFlore	2,672.5	Hughes	1,794.6	Pushmataha	686.1
Choctaw	628.5	Delaware	1,994.6	Garvin	2,811.6	Washington	1,988.8	Cleveland	686.2
Woods	683.3	Payne	2,053.6	Pawnee	2,830.0	Garvin	2,013.0	Kay	696.0
Stephens	696.0	Washington	2,080.4	Payne	3,016.0	McCurtain	2,071.2	Kiowa	702.4
Jackson	714.6	Ottawa	2,126.4	Choctaw	3,039.8	Oklahoma	2,114.0	Washita	705.6
Kay	761.6	LeFlore	2,143.7	McCurtain	3,051.5	Love	2,130.8	Seminole	737.7
Garfield	722.0	McCurtain	2,183.2	Kiowa	3,178.4	Choctaw	2,157.8	Garfield	785.6
Marshall	788.7	Love	2,371.4	Stephens	3,196.3	Tulsa	2,212.1	Garvin	798.6
Craig	796.0	Choctaw	2,411.2	Craig	3,207.3	LeFlore	2,236.6	Wagoner	814.0
Washita	833.6	Craig	2,411.3	Washington	3,256.0	Craig	2,254.0	Jackson	825.7
Osage	842.3	Oklahoma	2,423.3	Love	3,396.9	Stephens	2,367.6	Stephens	828.6
Wagoner	866.0	Stephens	2,500.3	Garfield	3,536.3	Pawnee	2,430.6	Choctaw	831.9
Blaine	866.9	Kiowa	2,585.6	Blaine	3,548.8	Kiowa	2,476.0	Lincoln	900.6
McCurtain	868.2	Creek	2,609.7	Cleveland	3,772.2	Delaware	2,519.3	Osage	939.3
Okmulgee	916.2	Pawnee	2,628.0	Washita	3,802.4	Blaine	2,570.6	Craig	9[illegible].3
Jefferson	917.3	Blaine	2,681.9	Delaware	3,854.0	Ottawa	2,735.2	Texas	966.4
Cleveland	921.1	Garfield	2,764.3	Kingfisher	3,886.9	Garfield	2,750.6	Blaine	969.1
Payne	962.4	Murray	2,784.0	Kay	3,912.4	Comanche	2,801.6	Jefferson	974.0
Love	1,025.5	Comanche	2,837.0	Murray	4,024.6	Muskogee	2,864.5	McCurtain	980.2
Garvin	1,035.3	Cleveland	2,851.1	McIntosh	4,026.6	Creek	2,886.7	Murray	990.0
Custer	1,064.6	Tulsa	2,852.4	Beckham	4,284.4	Murray	3,034.6	Caddo	996.0
Washington	1,175.6	Washita	2,968.8	Comanche	4,309.1	Pittsburg	3,068.0	Okmulgee	1,060.5
Murray	1,240.6	Rogers	2,974.3	Noble	4,354.0	Washita	3,096.8	Woodward	1,110.8
Lincoln	1,250.0	Texas	3,015.2	Ottawa	4,390.8	Cleveland	3,106.0	Rogers	1,230.0
Canadian	1,257.6	Woodward	3,100.0	Woodward	4,393.3	McClain	3,142.6	Love	1,266.1
Caddo	1,286.0	Caddo	3,138.0	Caddo	4,424.0	Kingfisher	3,202.2	Washington	1,267.0
Woodward	1,293.3	Kay	3,150.0	Texas	4,520.8	Kay	3,216.4	Delaware	1,334.6
Pittsburg	1,331.2	Pittsburg	3,259.6	Pittsburg	4,590.8	Woodward	3,282.5	Mayes	1,337.3
Logan	1,362.0	Kingfisher	3,334.5	Rogers	4,761.6	Canadian	3,309.3	Pottawatomie	1,422.8
Comanche	1,472.1	McClain	3,380.0	Canadian	4,770.3	McIntosh	3,377.3	Canadian	1,461.0
Pottawatomie	1,490.8	Muskogee	3,443.7	Creek	4,921.5	Caddo	3,428.0	Comanche	1,507.5
Texas	1,505.6	Cherokee	3,502.0	Oklahoma	4,971.4	Rogers	3,531.6	Pittsburg	1,522.8
Mayes	1,520.0	Canadian	3,512.6	McClain	5,115.3	Texas	3,554.4	Logan	1,641.3
Sequoyah	1,646.0	McIntosh	3,550.6	Lincoln	5,171.3	Beckham	3,735.3	Ottawa	1,655.8
McClain	1,735.3	Carter	3,848.4	Tulsa	5,196.5	Carter	3,856.0	Custer	1,715.5
Carter	1,762.4	Beckham	3,855.1	Muskogee	5,231.5	Logan	3,910.0	Carter	1,754.8
Rogers	1,787.3	Pottawatomie	3,892.4	Wagoner	5,232.6	Noble	3,950.6	Sequoyah	1,802.0
Muskogee	1,787.7	Lincoln	3,921.3	Pottawatomie	5,383.2	Pottawatomie	3,960.4	Payne	1,861.2
Delaware	1,859.3	Noble	3,972.0	Logan	5,547.3	Lincoln	4,270.6	McClain	1,972.6
Ottawa	2,264.4	Mayes	4,184.6	Carter	5,610.8	Cherokee	4,291.3	Creek	2,034.7
Creek	2,311.7	Logan	4,185.3	Mayes	5,704.6	Mayes	4,367.3	Muskogee	2,367.0
Tulsa	2,344.0	Wagoner	4,366.6	Cherokee	7,040.0	Wagoner	4,418.6	Cherokee	2,748.6
Oklahoma	2,548.0	Grady	4,917.6	Sequoyah	7,422.6	Grady	4,845.6	Oklahoma	2,857.4
Cherokee	3,538.0	Sequoyah	5,776.6	Grady	8,617.6	Sequoyah	5,620.6	Tulsa	2,984.3
Grady	3,700.0	Custer	8,137.9	Custer	9,202.5	Custer	7,487.0	Grady	3,772.0

STATEWIDE SUMMARY OF JUDICIAL ACTIVITY

JUDICIAL ACTIVITY	STATEWIDE
PREDECREE OR POSTDECREE MOTION TO MODIFY	21,485
POSTJUDGMENT MOTION TO VACATE OR MODIFY A JUDGMENT	4,809
PROCEEDINGS IN AID OF EXECUTION, ETC.	16,598
POSTJUDGMENT PROCEEDINGS INVOLVING A TRUST MATTER	594
PRE OR POST JUDGMENT PROCEED. REQUIRING EVIDENTIARY HEAR.	9,060
MOTIONS TO SUPPRESS EVIDENCE OR TO QUASH INFORMATION	6,958
NUMBER OF SUMMARY JUDGMENTS MOTIONS CONSIDERED	6,198
NUMBER OF SUMMARY JUDGMENTS ENTERED	2,433
MOTIONS REQUIRING EVIDENTIARY HEARINGS IN JUVENILE CASES	12,440
PROCEEDINGS AFTER GRANTING LETTERS OF GUARDIANSHIP	4,885
PRE OR POST DECREE HEARINGS IN ADOPTION CASES	2,234
POSTDECREE HEARINGS ON SUPPORT MATTERS IN BASTARDY CASES	237
PROCEEDINGS IN PROBATE OR ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE	4,794
NUMBER OF MOTION DEMURRER AND PRETRIAL DOCKETS HELD	6,827
DAYS SPENT ON MOTION DEMURRER AND PRETRIAL DOCKETS	4,047.4

JUDICIAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

JUDICIAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Judicial Retirement System, enacted in the 1968 Session of the Oklahoma Legislature applies to Judges of the Supreme Court, Court of Criminal Appeals, Court of Appeals, Workers' Compensation Court and the District Court. The 1978 Session of the Oklahoma Legislature included the Administrative Director of the Courts as an eligible participant. (20 O.S. Supp. 1979 § 1103).

The minimum retirement age is 60 after 20 years of service; 65 after 10; or 70 after 8. Credit is given for prior judicial service on any Court of record. (20 O.S. Supp. 1979 § 1102).

> Each Justice or Judge who is a member of The Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges upon retirement shall be entitled to receive as retirement compensation, until changed by the Legislature an annual amount, each monthly payment of which shall be in an amount equal to three percent (3%) of the average monthly salary received by him as a Justice or Judge based on the last five (5) years of active service multiplied by the number of total years of service as a Justice or Judge of a Court of record. Provided, however, that no Justice or Judge may receive a monthly retirement benefit in excess of sixty percent (60%) of the average monthly salary based on the last five (5) years of active service and found applicable to such Justice or Judge at the time of retirement.
>
> Each Justice or Judge who is a member of The Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges shall have five percent (5%) of his current monthly salary withheld by the State of Oklahoma and deposited in a fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created and shall be known as the Oklahoma Judicial Retirement Fund. If a Justice or Judge shall elect in writing to bring his surviving spouse within the provisions of this Act extending certain benefits to his surviving spouse, he shall have eight percent (8%) of his current monthly salary withheld by the State of Oklahoma and deposited in said fund.

The State portion of the Retirement System is funded by payment of ten percent (10%) of the gross collection of the Court Fund paid to the State Judicial Fund for transfer by the Office of the Court Administrator to the State Judicial Retirement Fund.

Judges may retire on grounds of physicial or mental disability by decree of the Court on the Judiciary with their amount of retirement compensation set by that Court.

BREAKDOWN OF SOURCES OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE STATE JUDICIAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Fiscal Year	Contributed By Judges	Appropriated from State Judicial Fund	Percentage Contributed By Judges
1973	$ 101,941	$ 260,000	28.2%
1974	109,469	350,000	23.8
1975	160,612	500,000	32.1
1976	166,739	500,000	33.3
1977	386,184	325,000	54.3
1978	400,955	325,000	55.2
1979	426,339	325,000	56.7
1980	441,573	1,457,425*	23.5

TOTAL BENEFITS PAID

FY–73	$377,181.96
FY–74	$400,196.66
FY–75	$449,764.00
FY–76	$517,991.58
FY–77	$634,450.41
FY–78	$581,514.31
FY–79	$635,361.07
FY–80	$737,811.57

*Ten Percent Payment From the Court Fund to the Judicial Retirement System.

JUDICIAL TRAINING PROGRAMS

SUMMARY OF JUDICIAL TRAINING PROGRAMS

1980

Judicial District	Days Spent in Judicial Training Programs		Total Days Spent in Judicial Training Programs	Training Programs Attended		Total Programs Attended
	In–State	Out–of–State		In–State	Out–of–State	
1	25.3	0	25.3	11	0	11
2	14.0	0	14.0	6	0	6
3	31.5	0	31.5	25	0	25
4	63.0	31.0	94.0	29	11	40
5	32.0	17.0	49.0	17	2	19
6	12.5	45.0	57.5	6	2	8
7	121.0	70.0	191.0	64	7	71
8	25.0	0	25.0	6	0	6
9	3.0	0	3.0	1	0	1
10	2.0	0	2.0	1	0	1
11	3.5	15.0	18.5	5	0	5
12	23.5	0	23.5	10	0	10
13	21.5	10.0	31.5	8	1	9
14	60.5	31.0	91.5	40	5	45
15	19.2	0	19.2	15	0	15
16	11.0	12.0	23.0	3	1	4
17	12.0	0	12.0	6	0	6
18	2.0	0	2.0	1	0	1
19	11.0	0	11.0	5	0	5
20	8.0	0	8.0	5	0	5
21	19.0	34.5	53.5	17	10	27
22	15.0	42.0	57.0	7	2	5
23	58.0	20.0	78.0	26	3	29
24	51.0	21.0	72.0	39	4	43
25	10.0	0	10.0	6	0	6
26	10.5	0	10.5	2	0	2
Total:	665.0	348.5	1013.5	361	48	409

OKLAHOMA JUDGES WHO ATTENDED THE NATIONAL JUDICIAL COLLEGE IN 1980

REGULAR SESSION

Alford, Oteka L.	Associate District Judge	Grady County
Collins, David M.	Special Judge	Garfield County
Craytor, G. Gail	District Judge	17th Judicial District
Green, Jesse D.	Special Judge	Pontotoc County
Melson, Gordon R.	District Judge	22nd Judicial District
Pearson, Jim	Special Judge	Oklahoma County
Purcell, Gary Morgan	Special Judge	Cleveland County
Rogers, Bill Ed	District Judge	15th Judicial District
Smalling, Jim B.	Special Judge	Grady County
Smith, Larry D.	Associate District Judge	Blaine County

GRADUATE SESSION

NEW TRENDS AND EVIDENCE

Douthitt, Jon D.	Associate District Judge	Ottawa County
Field, J.R.	Special Judge	Pottawatomie County
Naifeh, Raymond	District Judge	7th Judicial District

OKLAHOMA JUDGES WHO ATTENDED THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION APPELLATE JUDGES SEMINAR IN 1980

APPELLATE JUDGES SEMINAR

Irwin Pat	Vice Chief Justice	Supreme Court
Reynolds, Lester A.	Judge	Court of Appeals

APPELLATE JUDGES SEMINAR SENIOR SERIES

Hargrave, Rudolph	Justice	Supreme Court

OKLAHOMA JUDGES WHO ATTENDED THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF JUDICIAL EDUCATION IN 1980

TRIAL JUDGES ACADEMY:

Austin, H. Lee	District Judge	20th Judicial District
Board, C.R.	Associate District Judge	Cimarron County
Humphrey, Charles M.	Special Judge	Okmulgee County
Jackson, Ray Don	Associate District Judge	Woodward County
Lane, Donald C.	Special Judge	Tulsa County
Lindley, George	District Judge	5th Judicial District
Maley, John	District Judge	24th Judicial District
Perigo, Jerry E.	Special Judge	Tulsa County
Price, Robert	Associate District Judge	LeFlore County
Wier, Charlie Y.	Associate District Judge	Oklahoma County

COURT CLERKS
DISTRICT COURTS OF OKLAHOMA

COURT CLERKS

DISTRICT COURTS OF OKLAHOMA

Adair	Lou Nelle Rhodes
Alfalfa	Janet Crouch
Atoka	Linda Cops
Beaver	Pearl Yates
Beckham	Layton Broddrick
Blaine	Loraine A. Mack
Bryan	Louise Gentry
Caddo	Harold Rodgers
Canadian	Clyde Miller
Carter	Carole Brooks
Cherokee	Elizabeth A. Lamons
Choctaw	Opal Henderson
Cimarron	Laverne Wells
Cleveland	Norma Nichols
Coal	Margorie Hefley Droke
Comanche	Janice E. Mitchell
Cotton	Callie Mae Bobo
Craig	Julie Patrick
Creek	Dorothy Crawford
Custer	Irene Pruitt
Delaware	Cecil Haggard
Dewey	Pauline Porter
Ellis	Ina Fay Brown
Garfield	E'Louise DeVinney
Garvin	E. L. Michael
Grady	Glenda Fenimore
Grant	Emma Jean Hamilton
Greer	Ruth Miller
Harmon	Gayle Lewis
Harper	Twila Easterwood
Haskell	Marvin G. Smith
Hughes	Lois Merchant
Jackson	Connie Connell
Jefferson	Edna Palmer
Johnston	Patricia Hitchcock
Kay	Hazel M. Wood
Kingfisher	Gladys Rivers
Kiowa	Beulah Anderson
Latimer	Frank Prock
LeFlore	Bill Rockwell
	Ruth Orr (Appointed May, 1980)
Lincoln	Opal Wilbanks
Logan	Lois Webb
Love	Faye Suggs
McClain	Joyce Mosely
McCurtain	Sam Hess
McIntosh	Bobbie Solesbee
Major	Vada Major
Marshall	Donna Rogers
Mayes	Eloise Gist
Murray	Jerry Brown
Muskogee	Nadine Harnage
Noble	Vicky Maine
Nowata	Gwenna Jackson
Okfuskee	Vera Parsons
Oklahoma	Dan Gray
Okmulgee	Lucille Freeman
	Kathleen Nickell (Appointed March 1980)
Osage	Helen Christensen
Ottawa	Eddie Simpson
Pawnee	Isabelle Wilkinson
Payne	Rose Jarvis
Pittsburg	Dorotha Glover
Pontotoc	Wayne Joplin
Pottawatomie	Ruby Poe
Pushmataha	Kathy Chapman
Roger Mills	Donald E. Campbell
Rogers	June Lunsford
Seminole	Edra J. Harrison
Sequoyah	Theodore Stites
Stephens	Jean Deaton
Texas	Twila Fenton
Tillman	Lois Kent
Tulsa	Don Austin
Wagoner	Charles Jeffers
Washington	Minton A. Mikel
	Doris Curnutt (Appointed May, 1980)
Washita	Alvin Ernst
Woods	Jean Young
Woodward	Elveta Hughes

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

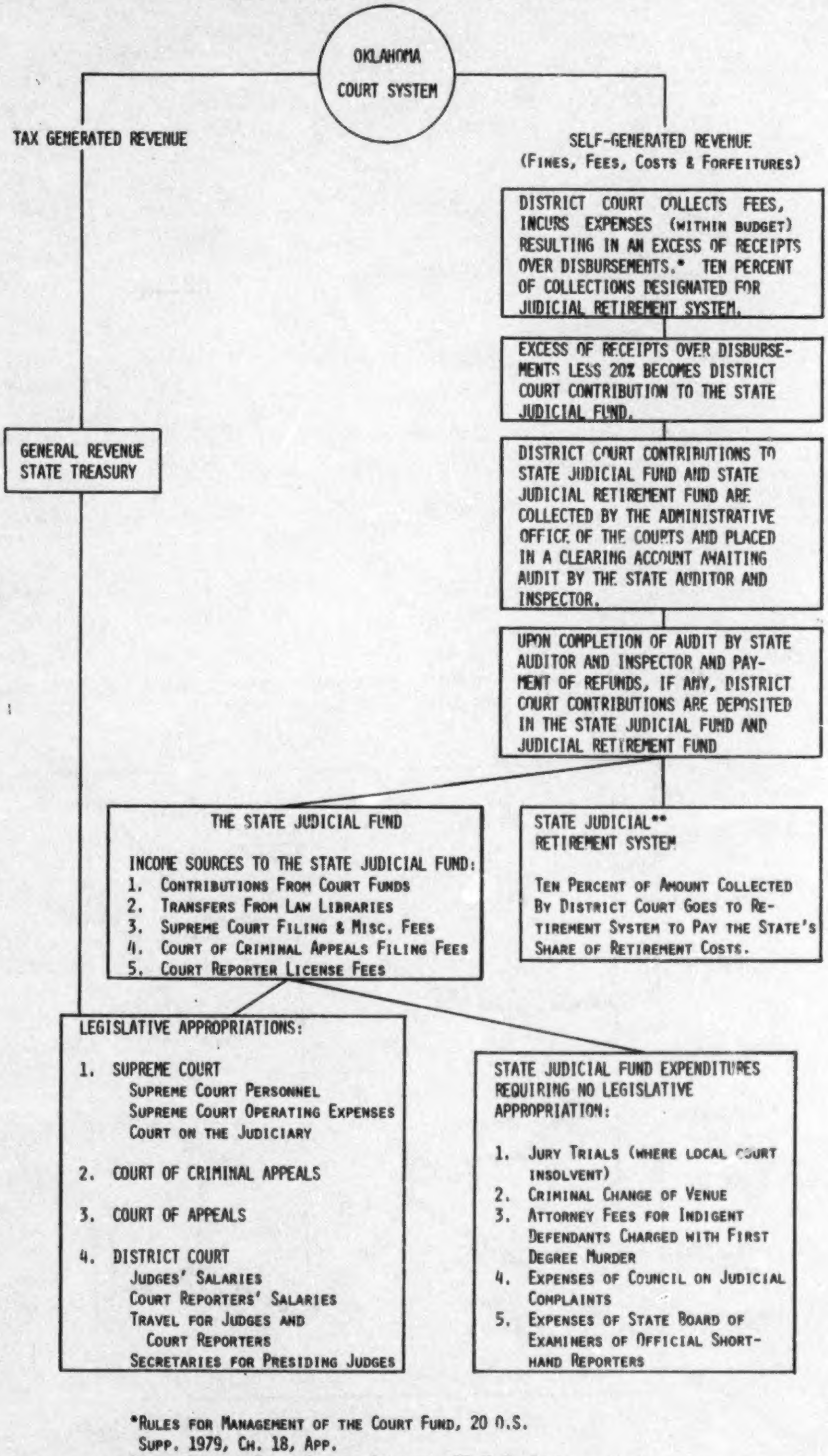
EXPLANATORY NARRATIVE

The following statistics depict financial management of the judiciary. Five major subsections include: 1) sources of funding, 2) State Judicial Fund, 3) court fund expenditures for indigent defense services, 4) operation of the District Courts, 5) operation of County Law Libraries.

OKLAHOMA JUDICIAL SYSTEM FUNDING SOURCES

The following chart displays the funding sources of the judiciary. Next is a five-year comparison of the percentile of revenue that is generated by the courts of the total support needed for the operation of the courts.

FLOW OF FUNDING SOURCES IN SUPPORT OF THE JUDICIARY



OKLAHOMA COURT SYSTEM
TAX GENERATED REVENUE
SELF-GENERATED REVENUE (FINES, FEES, COSTS & FORFEITURES)
GENERAL REVENUE STATE TREASURY

DISTRICT COURT COLLECTS FEES, INCURS EXPENSES (WITHIN BUDGET) RESULTING IN AN EXCESS OF RECEIPTS OVER DISBURSEMENTS.* TEN PERCENT OF COLLECTIONS DESIGNATED FOR JUDICIAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

EXCESS OF RECEIPTS OVER DISBURSEMENTS LESS 20% BECOMES DISTRICT COURT CONTRIBUTION TO THE STATE JUDICIAL FUND.

DISTRICT COURT CONTRIBUTIONS TO STATE JUDICIAL FUND AND STATE JUDICIAL RETIREMENT FUND ARE COLLECTED BY THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS AND PLACED IN A CLEARING ACCOUNT AWAITING AUDIT BY THE STATE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR.

UPON COMPLETION OF AUDIT BY STATE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR AND PAYMENT OF REFUNDS, IF ANY, DISTRICT COURT CONTRIBUTIONS ARE DEPOSITED IN THE STATE JUDICIAL FUND AND JUDICIAL RETIREMENT FUND

THE STATE JUDICIAL FUND

INCOME SOURCES TO THE STATE JUDICIAL FUND:
1. CONTRIBUTIONS FROM COURT FUNDS
2. TRANSFERS FROM LAW LIBRARIES
3. SUPREME COURT FILING & MISC. FEES
4. COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS FILING FEES
5. COURT REPORTER LICENSE FEES

STATE JUDICIAL** RETIREMENT SYSTEM

TEN PERCENT OF AMOUNT COLLECTED BY DISTRICT COURT GOES TO RETIREMENT SYSTEM TO PAY THE STATE'S SHARE OF RETIREMENT COSTS.

LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS:

1. SUPREME COURT
   - SUPREME COURT PERSONNEL
   - SUPREME COURT OPERATING EXPENSES
   - COURT ON THE JUDICIARY
2. COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS
3. COURT OF APPEALS
4. DISTRICT COURT
   - JUDGES' SALARIES
   - COURT REPORTERS' SALARIES
   - TRAVEL FOR JUDGES AND COURT REPORTERS
   - SECRETARIES FOR PRESIDING JUDGES

STATE JUDICIAL FUND EXPENDITURES REQUIRING NO LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION:

1. JURY TRIALS (WHERE LOCAL COURT INSOLVENT)
2. CRIMINAL CHANGE OF VENUE
3. ATTORNEY FEES FOR INDIGENT DEFENDANTS CHARGED WITH FIRST DEGREE MURDER
4. EXPENSES OF COUNCIL ON JUDICIAL COMPLAINTS
5. EXPENSES OF STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF OFFICIAL SHORTHAND REPORTERS

*RULES FOR MANAGEMENT OF THE COURT FUND, 20 O.S. SUPP. 1979, CH. 18, APP.

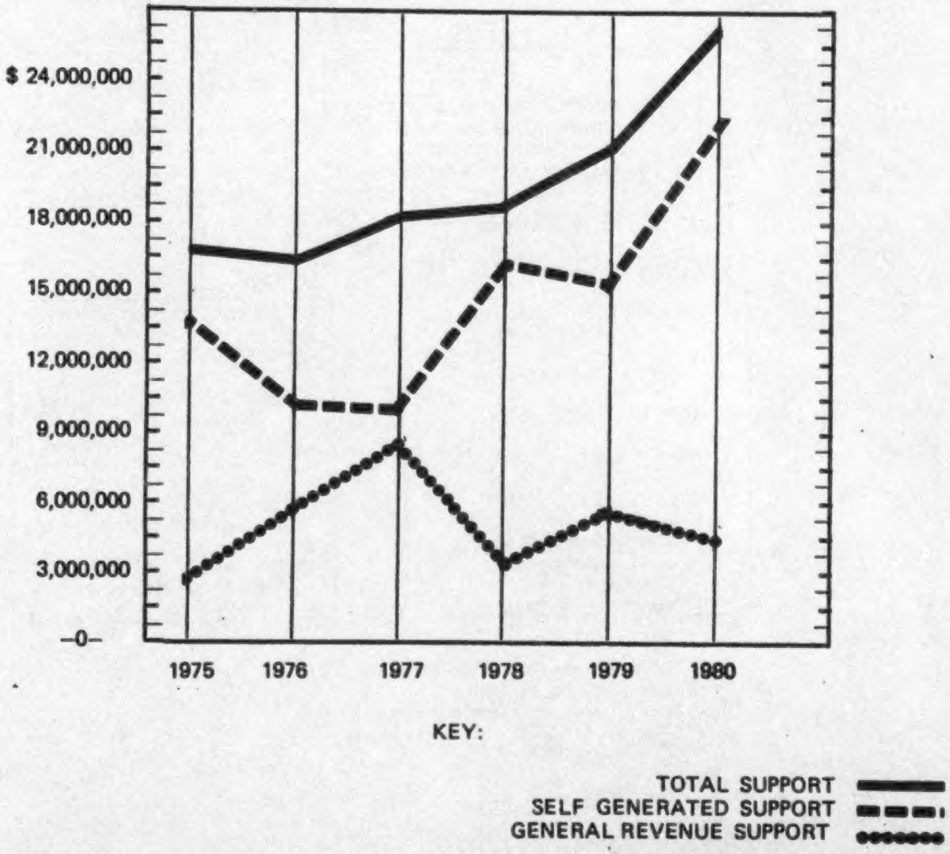
*COURT FUND OF TULSA COUNTY, OKLAHOMA, ET AL V. COOK, OKL., 557 P. 2D 875

**20 O.S. SUPP. 1979, § 1307

OKLAHOMA JUDICIARY SUPPORT SOURCES: A BREAKDOWN
(Based on local expenditures coupled with appropriated funds)
1975 – 1980

SELF–GENERATED SUPPORT				
COURT FUND EXPENDITURES	STATE JUDICIAL FUND APPROP.	TOTAL SELF–GENERATED	GENERAL REVENUE SUPPORT	TOTAL SUPPORT
7,994,778	5,966,885	13,961,663 (84.0%)	2,667,973 (16.0%)	16,629,636 (100%)
8,531,946	1,960,000	10,491,946 64.8%)	5,709,341 (35.2%)	16,201,287 (100%)
8,990,124	1,300,000	10,290,124 (56.3%)	8,002,263 (43.7%)	18,292,387 (100%)
9,849,718	6,255,002	16,104,720 (83.1%)	3,280,362 (16.9%)	19,385,082 (100%)
10,842,207	4,845,098	15,687,305 (72.8%)	5,859,323 (27.2%)	21,546,628 (100%)
15,111,791	7,230,325	22,342,116 (84.6%)	4,059,826 (15.49%)	26,401,942 (100.0%)

*Court fund expenditures are for the calendar year and include payments to county general fund but exclude judicial fund contributions.



STATE JUDICIAL FUND TRANSFERS

The following charts depict State Judicial Fund transfers by court funds and law library funds. The Court funds are transferred to the State Judicial Fund on a quarterly basis by the Office of the Administrative Director of the Courts. The law library funds are transferred from the county law libraries to the State Judicial Fund at the end of a fiscal year.

COURT FUND CONTRIBUTIONS TO STATE JUDICIAL FUND

1976 -- 1980

COUNTY	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Adair	$ 13,659.80	$ 7,676.07	$ 14,129.53	$ 30,953.40	$ 17,858.73
Alfalfa	34,054.00	30,567.14	41,982.00	95,273.61	32,762.87
Atoka	29,998.16	29,949.19	34,304.87	48,452.09	29,076.58
Beaver	33,517.11	30,488.83	34,208.99	42,061.60	17,921.48
Beckham	96,124.51	59,663.75	84,768.45	158,026.22	70,980.26
Blaine	56,892.27	46,149.47	45,291.89	48,246.70	41,693.80
Bryan	16,477.29	7,484.33	5,803.32	62,318.51	42,526.76
Caddo	100,567.39	95,247.32	79,148.26	139,979.90	110,310.75
Canadian	118,224.06	94,733.50	104,656.66	221,602.30	238,092.94
Carter	10,188.55	12,532.11	39,068.53	124,448.80	119,782.65
Cherokee	21,177.94	17,514.14	14,767.36	14,001.04	9,447.24
Choctaw	35,450.83	26,514.85	8,225.15	21,441.63	43,953.34
Cimarron	18,410.46	16,046.80	14,809.23	31,704.84	18,865.52
Cleveland	46,510.43	96,471.63	103,301.94	301,981.83	–0–
Coal	8,886.96	4,076.33	16,805.84	11,960.58	9,689.95
Comanche	207,969.11	182,513.75	162,956.74	128,893.69	87,195.30
Cotton	24,285.36	29,776..36	32,547.99	33,883.04	49,354.44
Craig	10,224.19	10,224.19	48,888.03	41,888.68	5,015.46
Creek	84,305.66	90,104.36	77,207.66	186,922.76	139,650.40
Custer	216,317.90	207.396.84	246,674.21	272,133.29	193,915.43
Delaware	27,660.20	28,182.49	26,217.52	35,093.76	193,915.43
Dewey	17,247.40	22,972.56	11,525.26	21,003.88	29,163.81
Ellis	25,324.87	14,155.18	27,602.55	25,466.67	35,367.19
Garfield	120,573.18	62,864.52	102,275.56	173,678.64	141,552.03
Garvin	119,557.09	118,024.14	134,196.40	151,831.32	122,069.20
Grady	143,376.87	115,559.33	157,284.90	284,001.12	249,903.75
Grant	15,064.80	10,481.84	23,653.07	17,683.63	17,683.63
Greer	14,780.34	7,569.54	11,137.72	10,514.63	12,004.42
Harmon	6,268.82	7,719.72	4,511.37	15,212.10	17,006.81
Harper	24,266.58	16,469.47	17,982.97	15,437.33	10,467.66
Haskell	10,332.28	4,581.30	9,464.77	19,413.71	12,718.65
Hughes	25,777.00	24,040.24	28,396.67	36,542.10	38,040.96
Jackson	47,957.24	45,766.05	56,822.35	38,797.53	14,396.06
Jefferson	47,610.83	24,894.33	58,026.77	57,157.78	26,546.06
Johnston	21.641.11	17,601.75	23,612.62	42,953.02	23,681.41
Kay	15,732.98	4,903.35	13,465.49	70,714.24	41,854.91
Kingfisher	26,463.54	24,576.06	39,601.73	57,945.79	78,629.44
Kiowa	39,845.04	38,801.65	26,786.47	46,993.07	59,093.97
Latimer	14,904.77	12,035.34	6,110.46	1,272.53	13,279.63
LeFlore	3,931.79	2,931.01	89.55	1,982.30	–0–
Lincoln	87,441.79	88,206.41	87,512.50	135,049.46	128,850.66
Logan	70,227.33	25,113.76	42,635.59	72,753.48	33.898.02
Love	72,118.19	42,837.17	19,196.35	74,722.88	38,557.77
McClain	81,876.53	86,108.12	65,738.01	83,910.98	94,091.20
McCurtain	91,194.81	48,541.93	74,914.27	96,115.68	67,231.24
McIntosh	64,624.10	56,919.21	81,931.83	60,983.14	71,478.99
Major	62,006.30	56,719.27	56,810.97	67,876.59	41,840.40
Marshall	14,469.81	17,099.01	19,878.20	28,620.97	18,199.39
Mayes	44,733.10	23,006.08	17,579.73	62,063.60	59,285.07
Murray	58,094.12	42,150.89	74,793.87	86,579.55	63,744.11
Muskogee	100,476.24	83,913.93	129,249.28	134,790.83	59,259.42
Noble	109,521.80	101,683.06	74,428.72	154,096.05	90,312.29
Nowata	13,829.37	7,148.40	11,779.23	29,548.99	25,621.88
Okfuskee	42,186.05	40,982.16	53,001.25	47,086.50	94,111.77
Oklahoma	433,404.06	235,724.91	41,260.88	614,506.58	493,359.21
Okmulgee	10,906.07	13,440.41	48,516.32	55,560.40	44,986.73
Osage	2,492.49	3,300,45	1,723.92	40,129.78	37,649.48
Ottawa	62,622.82	49,994.09	65,335.56	111,480.38	49,687.83
Pawnee	92,586.40	88,497.52	72,268.39	132,108.06	–0–
Payne	69,069.14	67,293.11	89,828.49	139,742.48	136,759.81
Pittsburg	45,460.97	62,054.40	86,883.74	128,702.40	59,100.10
Pontotoc	38,656.45	22,836.80	30,738.78	130,699.33	73,329.48
Pottawatomie	87,103.10	112,735.33	155,585.04	245,100.93	161,415.09
Pushmataha	20,894.19	21,101.44	18,960.82	23,074.51	2,980.07
Roger Mills	15,947.40	12,995.12	17,802.10	20,571.58	38,972.52
Rogers	65,063.33	61,086.16	73,704.57	111,170.38	45,943.61
Seminole	12,129.89	12,299.89	22,584.88	52,877.31	42,000.14
Sequoyah	79,443.19	104,737.15	129,526.29	165,128.12	113,120.25
Stephens	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	92,438.16
Texas	57,059.01	58,768.22	43,791.26	71,011.16	20,929.89
Tillman	29,648.78	38,351.30	31,765.75	46,877.14	18,761.29
Tulsa	344,761.49	274,062.78	79,999.45	488,334.39	330,830.84
Wagoner	121,799.11	117,836.84	161,261.84	201,612.39	125,528.27
Washington	17,642.00	22,725.68	28,322.51	48,685.83	39,893.39
Washita	64,862.95	53,515.39	65,502.46	125,178.41	70,690.41
Woods	37,589.81	33,865.87	14,158.66	43,443.62	34,692.53
Woodward	88,100.47	76,041.48	97,217.41	72,430.18	96,218.66
Total:	$4,660,381.21	$3,961,259.56	$4,174,199.28	$7,242,412.56	$5,244,068.46

CONTRIBUTIONS TO STATE JUDICIAL FUND

FROM THE LAW LIBRARIES

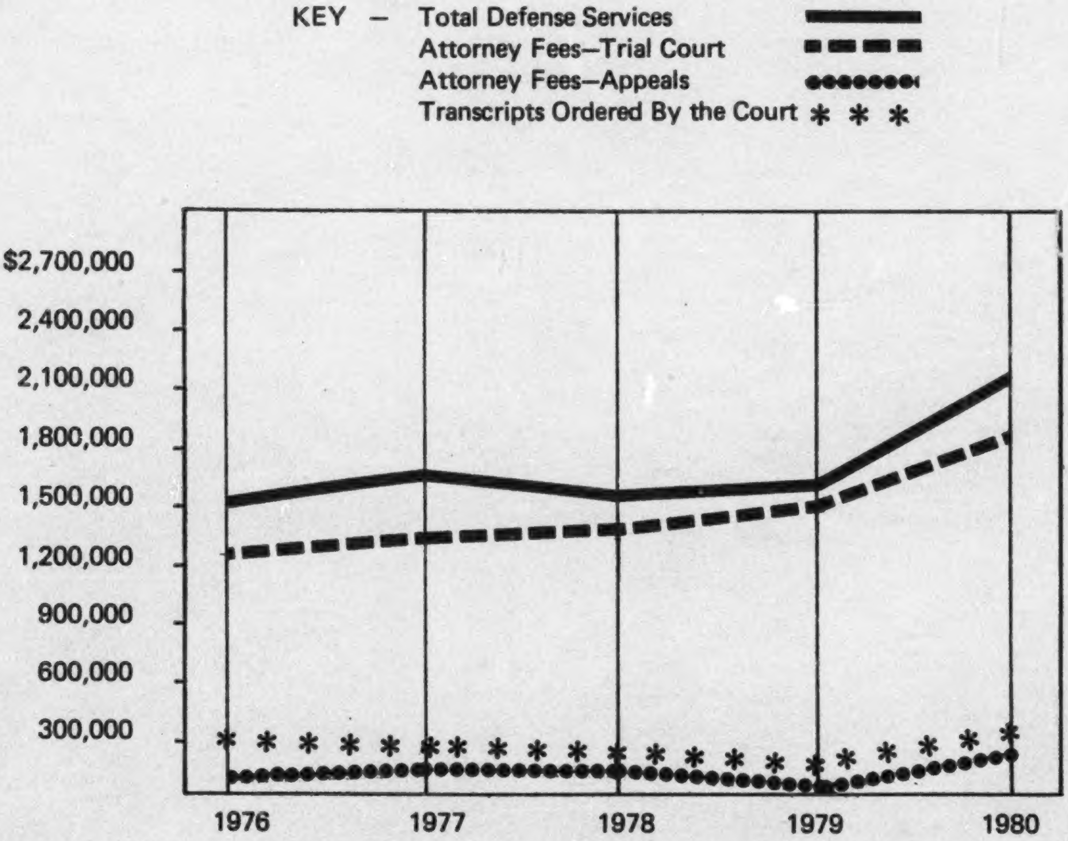
1976 – 1980

COUNTY	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Adair	$ 734.86	$ 259.71	$ –0–	$ –0–	$ *
Alfalfa	220.38	26.93	–0–	–0–	–0–
Atoka	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Beaver	–0–	1,293.91	316.48	–0–	*
Beckham	–0–	1,776.95	–0–	–0–	–0–
Blaine	4,797.06	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Bryan	–0–	2,249.12	–0–	–0–	–0–
Caddo	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Canadian	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Carter	942.94	–0–	425.01	–0–	–0–
Cherokee	–0–	646.90	–0–	–0–	54.53
Choctaw	–0–	435.92	–0–	–0–	–0–
Cimarron	4,252.39	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Cleveland	1,235.01	274.30	–0–	–0–	–0–
Coal	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Comanche	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Cotton	809.49	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Craig	38.65	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Creek	3,184.29	–0–	–0–	–0–	*
Custer	689.09	749.51	–0–	–0–	–0–
Delaware	–0–	–0–	894.49	–0–	–0–
Dewey	265.95	172.12	–0–	–0–	–0–
Ellis	2,021.03	2,180.00	750.80	9.95	471.60
Garfield	3,326.88	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Garvin	261.98	765.90	944.45	343.80	34.28
Grady	687.49	150.76	–0–	–0–	–0–
Grant	2,011.72	2,365.14	–0–	1.01	–0–
Greer	–0–	574.90	769.20	679.70	338.52
Harmon	48.07	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Harper	1,076.89	658.63	118.66	–0–	–0–
Haskell	–0–	–0–	–0–	*	*
Hughes	659.78	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Jackson	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Jefferson	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Johnston	–0–	4.42	–0–	–0–	–0–
Kay	3,636.86	–0–	–0–	–0–	1,964.00
Kingfisher	6,012.64	13.25	–0–	–0–	–0–
Kiowa	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Latimer	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
LeFlore	–0–	1,719.92	670.03	–0–	–0–
Lincoln	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Logan	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Love	861.91	255.89	34.13	35.40	121.12
McClain	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
McCurtain	–0–	52.70	–0–	–0–	–0–
McIntosh	4,245.53	–0–	–0–	138.73	261.60
Major	–0–	1,165.01	–0–	–0–	*
Marshall	289.50	–0–	479.85	–0–	–0–
Mayes	231.43	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Murray	443.61	–0–	–0–	–0–	92.69
Muskogee	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Noble	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Nowata	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Okfuskee	1,709.00	615.25	368.90	2,057.97	–0–
Oklahoma	84,768.45	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Okmulgee	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Osage	4,627.20	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Ottawa	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Pawnee	1,294.06	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Payne	4,484.51	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Pittsburg	219.38	1,510.66	–0–	–0–	–0–
Pontotoc	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Pottawatomie	344.51	490.23	–0–	–0–	–0–
Pushmataha	788.55	253.00	49.40	403.89	*
Roger Mills	2,296.56	–0–	–0–	*	906.89
Rogers	3,673.41	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Seminole	–0–	361.50	–0–	–0–	–0–
Sequoyah	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	*
Stephens	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Texas	2,082.77	255.45	209.30	–0–	–0–
Tillman	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Tulsa	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–	–0–
Wagoner	–0–	–0–	–0–	*	*
Washington	–0–	2,721.64	1,047.64	229.56	*
Washita	4,081.71	967.95	705.40	1,222.70	–0–
Woods	2,871.98	1,371.30	–0–	–0–	–0–
Woodward	33.86	1,603.84	–0–	–0–	–0–
TOTALS:	$ 166,161.38	$ 27,740.51	$ 7,983.74	$ 4,033.77	$ 4,245.32

*Reports not included

DEFENSE SERVICES FOR INDIGENT PERSONS
(Trial Courts from Court Fund)

YEAR	TOTAL DEFENSE EXPENDITURE	ATTORNEY FEES TRIAL COURT	ATTORNEY FEES APPEALS	TRANSCRIPTS ORDERED BY THE COURT
1976	1,516,533	1,240,541	62,387	213,605
1977	1,633,837	1,228,326	89,793	205,718
1978	1,602,286	1,341,647	70,936	189,703
1979	1,661,672	1,466,333	47,644	147,696
1980	2,175,476	1,802,576	161,706	211,193



COURT FUND EXPENDITURES FOR PROVIDING DEFENSE SERVICES TO INDIGENT PERSONS

	COURT APPOINTED ATTORNEY FEES FOR INDIGENTS				TRANSCRIPTS ORDERED BY THE COURT			
COUNTY	TRIAL COURT	APPEALS	PUBLIC DEFENDER PROGRAM	TOTAL FEES	PRELIMINARY HEARINGS OR TRIAL	APPEALS	TOTAL TRANSCRIPTS	TOTAL EXPENDITU
Adair	9.485.00	–0–	–0–	9,485.00	246.00	–0–	246.00	9,731.00
Alfalfa	3,902.75	–0–	–0–	3,902.75	–0–	40.50	40.50	3,943.25
Atoka	10,855.00	–0–	–0–	10,855.00	63.00	–0–	63.00	10,918.00
Beaver	1,905.00	–0–	–0–	1,905.00	–0–	145.00	145.00	2,050.00
Beckham	8,700.00	2,000.00	–0–	10,700.00	3,277.50	1,669.50	4,947.00	15,647.00
Blaine	6,060.00	–0–	–0–	6,060.00	2,661.00	–0–	2,661.00	8,721.00
Bryan	27,075.00	500.00	–0–	27.575.00	1,444.50	1,200.00	2,644.50	30,219.50
Caddo	18,050.06	–0–	–0–	18,050.06	1,315.50	–0–	1,315.50	19,365.56
Canadian	2,625.00	–0–	–0–	2,625.00	1,377.00	–0–	1,377.00	4,002.00
Carter	53,161.42	–0–	–0–	53,161.42	3,999.00	3,722.00	7,721.00	60,882.42
Cherokee	12,150.00	–0–	597.00	12,150.00	1,310.50	–0–	1,310.00	13.460.50
Choctaw	9,320.50	1,200.00	–0–	10,520.00	2,220.00	817.50	3,037.50	13,558.00
Cimarron	1,025.00	–0–	–0–	1,025.00	–0–	–0–	–0–	1,025.00
Cleveland	50,320.00	–0–	–0–	50,320.00	10,341.40	–0–	10,341.00	60,661.65
Coal	9,465.00	–0–	–0–	9,465.00	–0–	–0–	–0–	9,465.00
Comanche	135,490.00	–0–	–0–	135,490.00	19,498.00	–0–	19,498.00	154,988.00
Cotton	14,075.00	–0–	–0–	14,075.00	1,659.19	109.50	1,768.69	15,843.69
Craig	19,820.00	4,650.79	–0–	24,470.79	1,980.00	769.50	2,749.50	27,220.29
Creek	19,176.50	13,566.00	–0–	32,742.50	2,594.25	1,603.50	4,197.75	36,940.25
Custer	17,975.00	–0–	–0–	17,975.00	3,923.00	–0–	3,923.00	21,898.00
Delaware	7,775.00	–0–	–0–	7,775.00	–0–	-0–	–0–	7,775.00
Dewey	965.00	–0–	965.00	965.00	174.00	–0–	174.00	1,139.00
Ellis	1,750.00	–0–	–0–	1,750.00	55.50	–0–	55.50	1,805.50
Garfield	30,300.00	250.00	–0–	30,550.00	4,183.50	1,900.50	6,084.00	36,634.00
Garvin	6,050.00	250.00	–0–	6,300.00	1,124.00	–0–	1,124.00	7,424.00
Grady	25,835.00	–0–	–0–	25,835.00	913.75	840.00	1,753.75	27,588.75
Grant	1,300.00	–0–	–0–	1,300.00	70.00	–0–	70.00	1,370.00
Greer	6,550.00	–0–	–0–	6,550.00	1,399.43	442.50	1,841.93	8,391.93
Harmon	2,760.00	–0–	–0–	2,760.00	390.00	–0–	390.00	3,150.00
Harper	2,650.00	–0–	–0–	2,650.00	580.50	922.50	1,503.00	4,153.00
Haskell	10,450.00	–0–	–0–	10,450.00	–0–	–0–	–0–	10,450.00
Hughes	10,856.00	–0–	–0–	10,856.00	498.00	–0–	498.00	11,354.00
Jackson	8,130.00	–0–	–0–	8,130.00	6.00	1,384.50	1,390.50	9,520.50
Jefferson	4,150.00	–0–	–0–	4,150.00	41.00	96,00	137.00	4,287.00
Johnston	5,769.00	250.00	–0–	6,019.00	74.00	19.50	93.50	6,112.50
Kay	32,145.00	1,950.00	785.50	34,095.00	1,035.00	–0–	1,035.00	35,130.00
Kingfisher	7,574.00	–0–	–0–	7,574.00	725.56	–0–	725.56	8,299.56
Kiowa	5,925.00	–0–	–0–	5,925.00	126.00	–0–	126.00	6,051.00
Latimer	4,695.00	–0–	–0–	4,695.00	502.50	–0–	502.50	5,197.50
LeFlore	40,977.90	2,500.00	–0–	43,477.90	3,760.00	967.00	4,727.00	43,204.90
Lincoln	7,516.00	250.00	–0–	7,865.00	1,157.50	825.00	1,982.50	9,847.50
Logan	20,115.00	750.00	–0–	20,865.00	1,614.00	445.50	2,059.50	22,924.50
Love	5,445.00	–0–	–0–	5,445.00	1,912.00	–0–	1,912.00	7,357.00
Major	1,485.15	–0–	–0–	1,485.15	–0–	–0–	–0–	1,485.15
Marshall	7,132.22	–0–	–0–	7,132.22	348.00	–0–	–0–	7,480.72
Mayes	19,503.29	250.00	–0–	19,753.29	3,039.00	890.50	3,929.50	23,682.79
McClain	7,538.22	–0–	–0–	7,538.22	863.60	–0–	863.60	8,401.82
McCurtain	17,383.10	750.00	–0–	18,133.10	2,184.50	16.00	2,199.50	20,332.60
McIntosh	9,257.00	–0–	–0–	9,257.00	586.50	1,222.50	1,809.00	11,066.00
Murray	9,865.00	600.00	–0–	10,465.00	1,495.50	–0–	1,495.50	11,960.50
Muskogee	50,650.00	1,000.00	–0–	52,650.00	8,619.00	1,245.00	9,864.00	61,514.00
Noble	14,125.00	–0–	–0–	14,125.00	2,366.50	–0–	2,366.50	16,491.50
Nowata	4,800.00	1,000.00	–0–	5,800.00	–0–	37;50	37.50	5.837.50
Okfuskee	3,224.46	–0–	–0–	3,224.46	433.50	–0–	433.50	3,657.96
Oklahoma	24,483.57	113,974.68	324,984.89	138,458.25	11,932.20	10,985.00	22,917.20	161,375.45
Okmulgee	11,158.00	–0–	–0–	11,158.00	1,975.50	694;50	2,652.00	13,810.00
Osage	6,708.00	500.00	–0–	7,208.00	2,097.00	651.00	2,748.00	9,956.00
Ottawa	35,820.00	3,013.85	–0–	38,833.85	1,021.50	2,114.50	3,136.00	41,969.85
Pawnee	750.00	–0–	725.00	750.00	289.50	–0–	289.50	1,039.50
Payne	82,640.00	1,250.00	–0–	83,890.00	2,166.00	570.00	2,736.00	86,626.00
Pittsburg	27,672.00	150.00	–0–	27,822.00	1,326.25	3,678.00	5,004.25	32,826.25
Pontotoc	17,235.36	–0–	–0–	17,235.36	1,662.50	346.50	2,009.00	19,244.36
Pottawatomie	35,466.90	–0–	–0–	35,466.90	4,865.30	–0–	4,865.30	40,332.20
Pushmataha	4,415.00	200.00	–0–	4,615.00	711.00	–0–	711.00	5,326.00
Roger Mills	1,550.00	–0–	–0–	1,550.00	493.50	–0–	493.50	2,043.50
Rogers	22,755.00	1,550.36	–0–	24,305.36	1,723.50	1,350.00	3,073.50	27,378.86
Seminole	11,043.15	–0–	–0–	11,043.15	1,245.00	637.00	1,882.00	12,925.15
Sequoyah	9,990.00	6,500.00	–0–	16,490.00	1,700.50	–0–	1,700.00	18,190.50
Stephens	29,481.25	–0–	–0–	29.481;25	1,278.50	118.50	1,297.00	30,878.25
Texas	13,214.00	350.00	–0–	13,564.00	1,698.50	–0–	1,698.50	15,262.50
Tillman	5,400.00	–0–	–0–	5,400.00	283.50	–0–	283.50	5,683.50
Tulsa	–0–	–0–	256,496.00	–0–	9,163.62	15,508.50	24,672.12	24,672.12
Wagoner	8,354.18	–0–	–0–	8,354.18	4,170.00	–0–	4,170.50	12,524.68
Washington	29.247;00	2,500.00	–0–	31,747.00	3,543.50	457.50	4,001.00	35,748.00
Washita	3,695.00	–0–	–0–	3,695.00	–0–	660.25	660.25	4,355.25
Woods	4,400.00	–0–	–0–	4,400.00	38. 00	–0–	387.00	4,787.00
Woodward	8,128.20	–0–	–0–	8,128.20	34.50	151.50	186.00	8,314.20
TOTALS:	1,218,988.43	161,705.68	583,588.39	1,964,282.50	151,939.55	59,253.75	211,193.30	2,175,475.80

EXPENDITURES LOCALLY FOR OPERATION OF DISTRICT COURTS

COUNTY	COURT FUNDS EXPENDITURE FOR OPERATION OF THE COURT	PAID COUNTY GENERAL FUND	. . . PAID LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING FUND	EXPENDITURE FROM COUNTY GENERAL FUND FOR COURT CLERK	TOTALS
Adair	47,175.51	20,637.98	1,604.00	23,029.90	92,457.39
Alfalfa	29,748.11	–0–	1,518.00	36,698.60	67,964.71
Atoka	46,897.06	5,109.00	1,831.00	24,411.90	78,248.96
Beaver	42,168.18	13,980.96	1,800.00	36,824.78	94,773.92
Beckham	67,502.79	27,015.00	3,521.00	40,149.81	138,188.60
Blaine	87,593.84	10,335.00	2,797.00	54,791.95	155,517.79
Bryan	119,310.31	27,798.00	5,103.00	61,689.61	213,900.92
Caddo	137,702.94	29,035.44	8,753.00	102,387.17	277,205.55
Canadian	185,786.97	12,316.00	7,479.24	112,203.68	317.785.89
Carter	249,628.88	4,073.04	7,885.00	128,923.72	389,923.72
Cherokee	147,819.86	10,149.00	2,521.00	23,298.10	183,887.96
Choctaw	56,569.61	32,922.98	3,675.00	26,277.55	119,445.12
Cimarron	23,415.98	8,055.96	1,251.00	21,869.52	54,592.46
Cleveland	258,505.26	10,791.00	5,246.00	156,549.86	431,092.12
Coal	35,516.80	4,791.00	771.00	16,736.00	57,814.80
Comanche	512,948.89	96,135.96	15,019.00	213,661.95	837,765.80
Cotton	52,035.19	9,231.00	2,903.00	18,382.80	82,551.99
Craig	124,228.41	11,459.37	3,394.00	26,298.94	165,380.77
Creek	181,611.06	25,375.00	7,422.00	111,363.30	325,771.36
Custer	89,682.78	16,520.04	8,056.00	41,400.03	155,658.85
Delaware	64,404.14	9,364.08	1,754.00	37,260.61	112,782.83
Dewey	24,383.73	27,537.70	1,240.00	24,034.57	52,412.00
Ellis	18,686.94	1,250.00	1,758.00	22,648.81	44,343.75
Garfield	227,187.76	11,259.96	6,010.00	126,913.80	371,371.01
Garvin	84,946.13	10,897.98	4,630.00	35,782.21	136,256.32
Grady	143,040.76	31,899.00	11,855.00	89,825.06	276,619.82
Grant	32,637.86	–0–	1,713.00	26,364.58	60,715.44
Greer	38,754.26	–0–	1,181.00	19,217.95	59,152.21
Harmon	26,982.41	–0–	1,877.00	17,275.12	46,134.53
Harper	27,467.85	3,822.00	1,159.00	19,763.92	52,212.77
Haskell	46,214.23	14,726.55	1,982.00	16,396.66	79,319.44
Hughes	50,513.06	–0–	2,868.00	24,865.25	78,246.31
Jackson	131,564.39	7,625.00	3,849.00	34,184.03	174,222.42
Jefferson	47,170.01	4,481.63	2,505.00	20,417.48	74,575.12
Johnston	60,016.51	4,688.01	2,212.00	25,025.58	91,942.10
Kay	198,536.15	17,747.00	5,334.00	109,480.57	331,097.72
Kingfisher	62,022.16	5,148.00	4,260.00	67,023.89	138,454.05
Kiowa	50,535.33	11,328.00	3,913.00	34,420.17	100,196.50
Latimer	40,623.87	–0–	1,374.00	17,314.08	59,311.95
LeFlore	188,109.40	13,016.04	2,429.00	65,623.53	269,177.97
Lincoln	88,111.44	19,872.00	5,804.00	36,359.48	150,146.94
Logan	130,383.16	28,702.00	4,007.00	49,766.66	212,858.82
Love	51,335.30	9,073.80	2,577.00	18,060.00	81,046.10
Major	29,802.86	–0–	1,497.00	38,806.88	70,106.76
Marshall	61,885.28	–0–	1,866.00	20,591.50	84,342.78
Mayes	180,193.28	–0–	4,804.00	44,729.52	229,726.80
McClain	72,623.53	29,915.00	6,344.00	39,903.71	148,786.24
McCurtain	108,367.43	3,102.96	2,589.00	36,679.00	150,738.39
McIntosh	115,193.84	13,665.96	6,800.00	24,749.67	160,409.47
Murray	63,485.36	24,468.96	5,378.00	16,858.56	110,190.88
Muskogee	351,491.45	–0–	7,859.00	90,532.91	449,883.36
Noble	65,141.85	16,779.00	2,240.00	35,900.19	120,061.04
Nowata	30,379.76	1,164.50	1,294.00	26,029.44	58,867.70
Okfuskee	36,463.30	6,711.00	4,574.00	20,639.00	68,387.30
Oklahoma	1,779,692.11	–0–	21,736.00	1,247,296.28	3,048,724.39
Okmulgee	122,445.61	16,306.00	3,660.00	53,628.93	196,040.56
Osage	123,770.37	19,970.00	4,846.00	71,623.75	219,660.34
Ottawa	158,770.37	13,604.00	3,276.00	77,503.12	253,153.49
Pawnee	305,199.00	–0–	4,342.00	20,127.96	329,668.96
Payne	185,257.85	26,188.68	7,306.00	79,654.32	29,840.85
Pittsburg	187,739.31	34,601.00	6,383.00	75,035.98	303,759.29
Pontotoc	163,256.85	–0–	3,593.00	55,138.33	221,988.18
Pottawatomie	192,885.73	2,143.30	6,620.00	111,284.67	312,933.70
Pushmataha	53,870.00	103.50	1,524.00	11,021.28	66,518.87
Roger Mills	12,422.03	–0–	932.00	21,822.76	35,176.79
Rogers	269,187.78	24,549.96	7,673.00	50,166.16	351,576.90
Seminole	100,589.87	17,368.00	3,260.00	61,960.06	183,177.93
Sequoyah	123,939.47	9,569.00	5,828.00	34,762.53	174,098.99
Stephens	165,836.60	–0–	5,784.00	77,246.61	248,867.21
Texas	86,982.67	21,743.04	3,532.00	51,099.37	163,357.08
Tillman	50,150.35	–0–	1,689.00	29,211.30	81,050.65
Tulsa	1,934,489.34	–0–	13,620.40	1,139,667.52	3,087,777.26
Wagoner	109,059.63	33,441.96	6,837.00	36,458.33	185,796.92
Washington	138,191.30	–0–	3,599.00	89,391.14	231.181.44
Washita	53,683.42	3,789.00	3,107.00	3,138.34	91,957.76
Woods	41,452.27	–0–	1,357.00	31,806.60	74,615.87
Woodward	65,629.26	–0–	3,329.00	69,348.68	138,306.94
TOTAL:	11,867,772.25	902,563.28	737,918.64	6,136,568.65	19,244,822.82

COUNTY LAW LIBRARIES

Under authority of 20 O. S. 1971 § 1201, a County Law Library may be established in each county. The Library use is free to all members of the Oklahoma Bar Association, all state and county officials, and residents of the county, but with proper regulations. The Law Library is funded by deposits from the court fund upon payment of court costs for filing certain civil actions. All expenditures for books, periodicals, reference materials, and maintenance of the Law Library are made from these funds. An additional transfer of funds for operational expenses can be made from the Court Fund under certain prevailing conditions.

The following chart illustrates the revenue and expenditures for the County Law Libraries. In some counties the expenditures exceeded the collections. This does not necessarily mean the operation was in the "red". However, the expenditures made were from surplus funds accumulated over the years in the funds retained for operation of the Law Library.

OPERATION OF COUNTY LAW LIBRARIES

1980

COUNTY	REVENUE	EXPENDITURES
Adair	$ *	$ *
Alfalfa	4,812.00	4,814.45
Atoka	4,078.50	2,769.85
Beaver	*	*
Beckham	6,079.00	6,378.41
Blaine	6,618.50	6,741.40
Bryan	5,975.50	7,642.82
Caddo	7,572.00	7,005.68
Canadian	12,005.58	11,723.63
Carter	12,243.50	12,366.73
Cherokee	7,625.00	5,872.33
Choctaw	4,654.00	5,078.47
Cimarron	4,560.00	4,284.75
Cleveland	12,920.00	14,028.22
Coal	4,036.00	3,811.15
Comanche	18,876.50	19,061.42
Cotton	5,358.00	4,454.16
Craig	6,826.50	6,836.76
Creek	*	*
Custer	7,689.50	7,773.70
Delaware	5,619.00	5,686.50
Deway	1,588.50	1,612.20
Ellis	2,298.00	1,443.95
Garfield	14,846.05	14,375.14
Garvin	4,800.50	4,183.80
Grady	9,234.00	7,035.62
Grant	5,016.00	4,362.58
Greer	589.50	783.30
Harmon	2,981.30	2,957.35
Harper	4,395.50	4,465.45
Haskell	*	*
Hughes	5,814.50	5,346.97
Jackson	9,570.00	7,538.83
Jefferson	5,782.00	5,151.95
Johnston	3,462.00	2,931.22
Kay	16,949.50	10,786.43
Kingfisher	6,721.00	6,728.54
Kiowa	7,034.00	6,586.07
Latimer	6,057.00	6,104.17
LeFlore	5,632.50	5,459.99
Lincoln	7,605.50	7,573.45
Logan	7,941.00	8,023.59
Love	2,969.50	2,544.20
McClain	4,512.50	4,238.70
McCurtain	5,714.00	5,589.47
McIntosh	5,040.50	4,008.50
Major	*	*
Marshall	4,101.00	4,011.55
Mayes	8,612.00	8,571.96
Murray	6,264.00	4,609.50
Muskogee	15,406.64	12,964.08
Noble	5,000.00	4,725.70
Nowata	5,193.50	4,585.92
Okfuskee	5,282.00	6,785.62
Oklahoma	125,300.95	123,887.70
Okmulgee	7,922.50	7,893.68
Osage	8,287.00	7,996.85
Ottawa	7,409.00	6,979.85
Pawnee	5,969.00	4,719.67
Payne	11,476.50	12,732.02
Pittsburg	10,249.00	9,147.90
Pontotoc	7,925.69	7,993.14
Pottawatomie	10,871.50	10,302.25
Pushmataha	*	*
Roger Mills	939.50	1,619.17
Rogers	10,489.50	10,268.40
Seminole	8,210.85	8,211.47
Sequoyah	*	*
Stephens	11,253.50	11,134.97
Texas	9,062.00	9,183.40
Tillman	6,404.00	5,815.85
Tulsa	78,040.00	65,031.34
Wagoner	*	*
Washington	*	*
Washita	5,937.50	6,680.26
Woods	6,110.50	5,895.74
Woodward	7,775.50	7,765.00
TOTAL:	$ 673,598.03	$ 635,672.95

*Report not received

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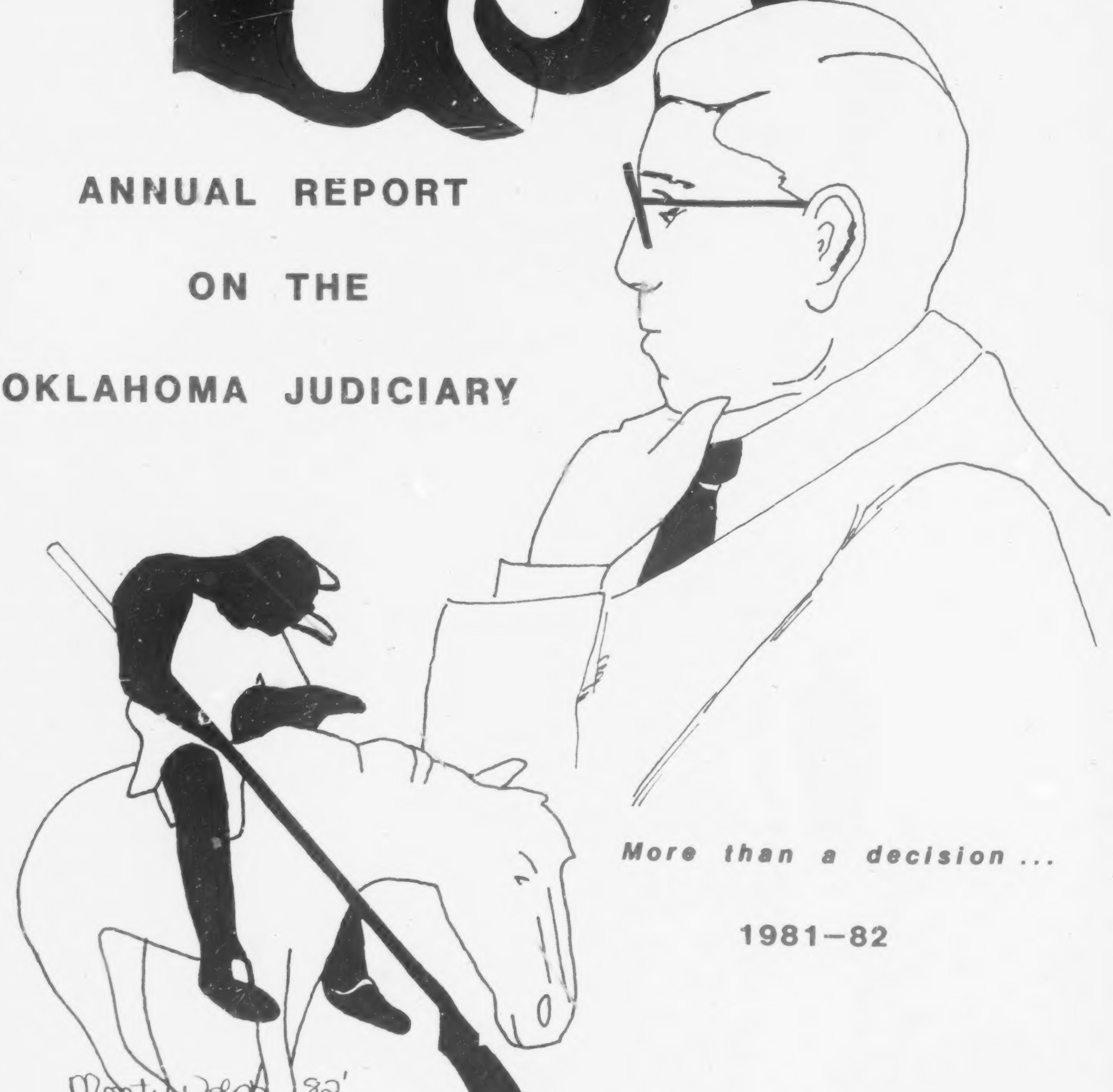
ANNUAL REPORT
ON THE
OKLAHOMA JUDICIARY


Monty Wolph '82'

More than a decision ...

1981–82

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

OKLAHOMA JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT OF OKLAHOMA
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE JUDICIARY
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA 73105

TOM J. McDANIEL
Director

Room One, State Capitol
AC 405 521-2318

January 3, 1983

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

This "The Annual Report on the Oklahoma Judiciary" is submitted to the Legislature in accordance with 20 O.S. § 16.11, and is made available to other interested persons and agencies as a service of the Administrative Office of the Judiciary.

This report is unique in two respects. For the first time, it covers a fiscal year, rather than a calendar year, reporting period, i.e. FY-82. This affords the reader the latest available data in a form that is compatible with fiscal considerations of the executive and legislative branches. Secondly, the format has been revised to include only the most pertinent data.

There are included narratives and statistics regarding the Oklahoma Judicial System which have been designed to afford the reader an insight into the operation of our courts.

Caution should be exercised in the interpretation of judicial statistics. Judges spend much of their time counseling, researching, traveling, and performing administrative tasks. Courts in metropolitan areas face heavy and specialized case loads. In other areas of the state the distances involved between the places where court is held and the additional duties involved in working with multiple staffs are criteria which must be taken into account. Moreover, no two cases are exactly alike although statistically they are considered equal. These items cannot be readily shown quantitatively. All are interpretive factors, however.

Please take the time to review the information contained in this report which is most applicable to your needs. Comments and suggestions are solicited.

Let me add a word of appreciation to Chief Justice Pat Irwin and the members of the Oklahoma Supreme Court for the support and help given to this project. In concluding, a personal thank you is extended to Deputy Director Charles E. Ferrell, Jr. and the entire staff of the Administrative Office of the Judiciary for the effort devoted to produce a timely and relevant report of which we are very proud.

Respectfully submitted,

Tom J. McDaniel

Tom J. McDaniel
Administrative Director of the Courts

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This year the Supreme Court of Oklahoma and the Administrative Office of the Judiciary invited senior high level art students from three (3) local school districts (Edmond, Putnam City, and Oklahoma City) to compete in creating a cover design for the Annual Report of the Oklahoma Judiciary. The Administrative Office received ten (10) submissions of which three (3) were selected as finalists. Each finalist has their artwork displayed in this report. We would like to thank the school districts for their support in this effort. Particular appreciation is extended to those students that submitted their artwork to the Administrative Office.

The best design was submitted by Mr. Monty Dolph of Putnam City North High School. Mr. Dolph is a junior at Putnam City North and has future plans to attend college after graduating from high school.

The two runner up cover designs were submitted by Mr. Kent Tyler, John Marshall High School; and Ms. Shelly J. Woods, Putnam City West High School. Mr. Tyler is a junior at John Marshall and serves as class Vice-President. He is a member of the school's tennis team and is active in many school organizations and activities. Ms. Woods is a senior at Putnam City West and has plans to pursue a career in advertising after completing her education.

A special note of appreciation is extended to Ms. Andrea Clark with the Oklahoma Historical Society. Ms. Clark and her staff provided the research and the article on the history of the Oklahoma Judicial System.

We also extend our appreciation to Ms. Lucyl Shirk, Mr. George H. Shirk's sister, for allowing us to use Mr. Shirk's article in this report.

This publication was printed and issued by the Administrative Director of the Courts as authorized by 20 O.S. 1971, §16.11.

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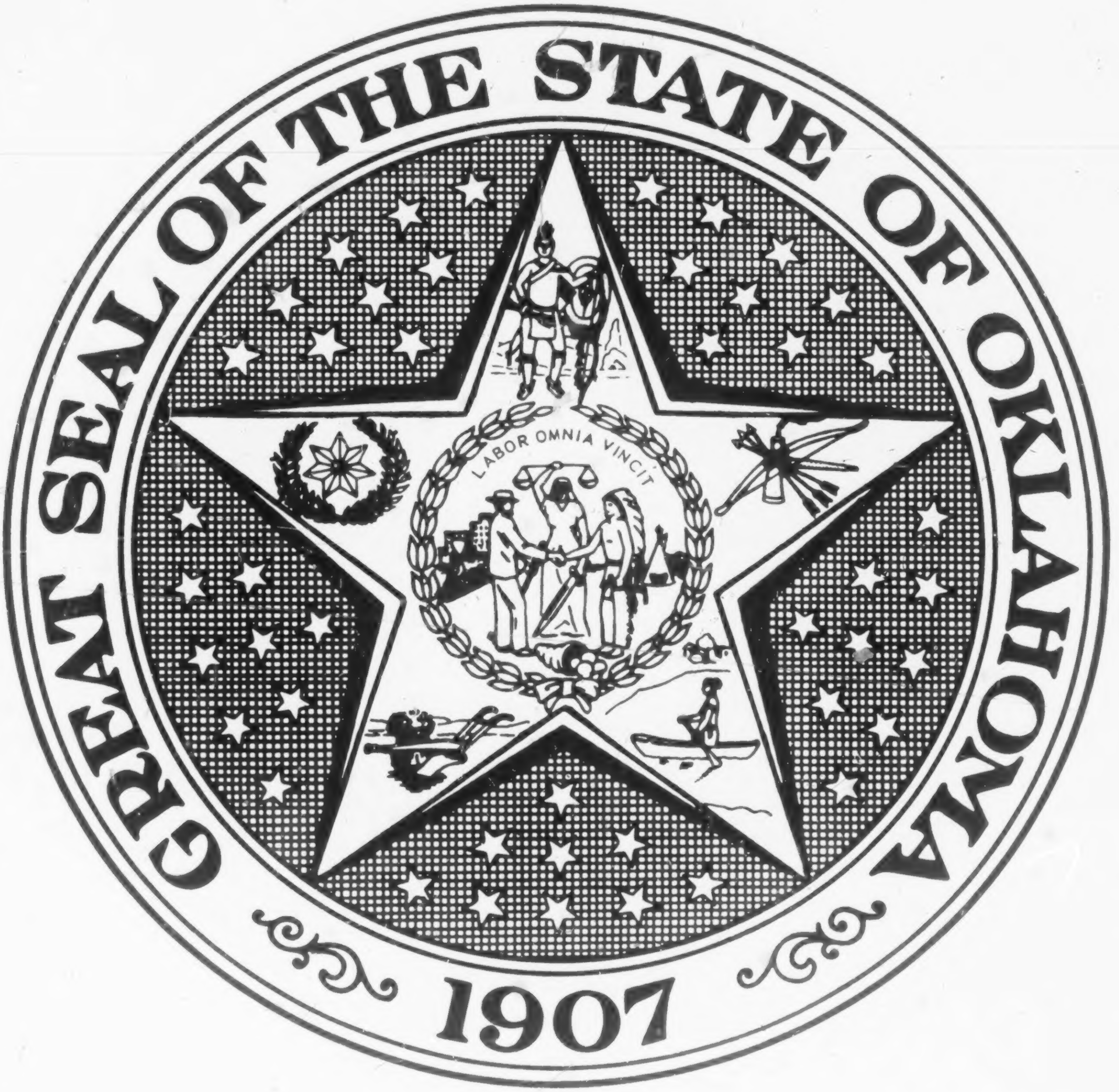
STATE OF OKLAHOMA


GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA
LABOR OMNIA VINCIT
1907

THE STATE SEAL

The Great Seal of the State of Oklahoma is centered by a five-point star, bearing a three-figured symbol of the Frontiersman, the Indian, and Justice. The Latin "Labor Omnia Vincit", meaning "Labor Conquers All Things", appears directly above these figures. A seven-point star bearing a wreath of oak leaves, symbol of the Cherokee Nation, appears in the upper left hand ray of the central design. The upward ray depicts an Indian warrior with bow and shield, the ancient seal of the Chickasaw Nation. The emblem of the Choctaw Nation appears in the upper right hand ray and is comprised of a tomahawk, a bow and three crossed arrows. The Seminole Nation is represented by houses and a factory beside a lake on which an Indian hunter maneuvers his canoe, and appears in the lower right hand ray of the five-point star. In the lower left hand ray is the symbol of the Creek Nation, depicted by a sheaf of wheat and a plow. Surrounding the central star are forty-five small stars, representing the forty-five states that comprised the Union at the time the seal was adopted in 1907. Oklahoma entered statehood November 16, 1907.

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INTRODUCTION

The information and data contained in this report covers fiscal year 1982. Statistical data are presented on case filings, dispositions, and pending cases for the Supreme Court, the Court of Criminal Appeals, Court of Appeals, the District Courts, the Court on the Judiciary, and the Court of Tax Review. Breakdowns include the number and types of cases in the district courts and the method of disposition for various case classifications. Comparisons are also made with the data from previous years' reports. This report also describes the administrative organization of the courts, its financial structure, and its history. A summary of special projects and programs is also presented.

The procedure and methodology used by the court clerks in reporting statistical information merits comment in how the case(s) were counted. A unit of count is simply any entity that is the basis for monitoring and reporting statistics by a court. During this reporting period a case filed was assigned a case number and counted as one (1) case filed. When this case was disposed of by the trial court, the case was reported disposed of except in certain cases where there were multiple defendants or multiple charges involved, and a disposition for each defendant or charge was reported, (i.e., one case with three defendants was reported as three dispositions instead of one disposition). In a manual system, such as the system employed by this State, such record-keeping methods cannot be completely accurate. This procedure, of course, tends to inflate the actual case number count in the area of dispositions and reduce the number of cases pending.

The filing and disposition data presented should not be interpreted as a complete measure of judicial workload for each of the courts. Tabulations of filed and disposed cases do not reflect the complete workload of the court clerks or judges. The filings and dispositions should be considered as representative of the number of cases processed by a particular court and not as a true measure of its workload.

However, the information presented is the most current and accurate available until such time as a fully automated system of reporting can be implemented.

JUDICIAL YEAR IN REVIEW

The following information has been extracted from Chief Justice Pat Irwin's address to the Legislature on the "State of the Judiciary."

Oklahoma has been blessed with sound government, including a qualified judiciary. The past year has been a period of progress for the Oklahoma Court System. The following paragraphs will highlight the activities of our state court system.

SUPREME COURT AND COURT OF APPEALS

The appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court extends to all cases except the Court of Criminal Appeals has exclusive appellate jurisdiction in criminal cases. The original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court extends to a general superintending control over all inferior courts and all agencies, commissions and boards created by law. The general administrative authority over all courts in this state (except as to the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment and the Court on the Judiciary) is vested in the Supreme Court.

The state's two permanent Court of Appeals, consists of six (6) judges that sit in two divisions, one in Oklahoma City and the other in Tulsa. All civil appeals are filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Court and our court assigns cases to the Court of Appeals for disposition. A decision of the Court of Appeals is not appealable to the Supreme Court but is reviewable only on certiorari being granted.

Approximately 2,400 cases are now pending in the Supreme Court. Approximately 1,700 are still in their briefing stage and are not ready for assignment to a Justice. The remaining 700 have been assigned or are ready for assignment. This 700 case figure includes those cases pending on rehearing or certiorari, etc.

Last year the Legislature authorized the Supreme Court to create additional Temporary Court of Appeals by court order and to appoint judges and lawyers as temporary judges for those courts. The Supreme Court appointed 582 lawyers and judges to 194 temporary courts of appeals and assigned 582 cases to those courts. Three judges are on a panel, and each panel will dispose of three cases. The Oklahoma judges and lawyers have done an excellent job, and the creation of the Temporary Court of Appeals has been successful. The effort put forth has been purely voluntary on the attorney's part, and the only expense has been the costs for mailing the records and briefs.

A brief review of the Supreme Court's caseload statistics reflects and shows that in 1971, the first year the Court of Appeals was in operation, there were 742 appeals filed in the Supreme Court. During this reporting period, there were 1,718 appeals filed in the Supreme Court. In other words, for every one case filed in the Supreme Court in 1971, there were 2.3 cases filed this past year. It is anticipated that the Supreme Court will have approximately 1,850 filed in fiscal year 1983.

The Supreme Court has determined that in addition to the two (2) permanent divisions of the Court of Appeals, that two (2) additional divisions or six (6) additional judges for the permanent Court of Appeals would reduce the backlog of cases and give the Supreme Court more flexibility in assigning cases.

THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS

The Court of Criminal Appeals, consisting of three judges, has exclusive appellate jurisdiction of criminal proceedings. Criminal litigation, like civil litigation, has been on the upswing in recent years. During the past ten years the caseload for that court has more than doubled for a total percentage increase of 176%. The presiding judge has advised that the caseload projection for the immediate future appears to have leveled off.

The Supreme Court is pleased to report that the Court of Criminal Appeals, by resorting to the use of more court orders and memoranda opinions has been keeping pace with its caseload.

THE DISTRICT COURTS

The district courts of our state have unlimited original jurisdiction of all justiciable matters.

During the current reporting period (1981-82) there were 503,000 cases filed. This number includes all the cases filed in the small claims division of the district court and traffic violations whether they were contested or not. The district courts of Oklahoma and Tulsa Counties account for more than 36% of the total caseload in the district courts.

Our state trial courts have an excellent record in the timely disposition of cases. As an example, felony cases are usually set for trial in Oklahoma County within 60 days after the arrest if there is no delay in completing the preliminary hearing. If there is a problem with the availability of witnesses, such as the state chemist or firearm expert, the preliminary hearing is continued and the trial is delayed an additional 20 to 30 days after the arrest before trial. Generally speaking, the time period between arrest and trial in rural areas is longer because of the small number of jury dockets.

The flexibility of our court rules and laws in reference to assignments of judges makes it possible to assign judges from one judicial district to another. The assignments are generally made from the rural areas to the metropolitan areas. By assignments within and without judicial districts, the Supreme Court has the flexibility to move judges to where they are needed. There are no jurisdictional boundaries for the assignment of judges.

THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT

The new 1977 Workers' Compensation Act expanded Workers' Compensation Coverage in Oklahoma to encompass every employer and employee in the State with only limited enumerated exceptions. This broadened coverage resulted in a substantial increase in the volume of claims filed with the Workers' Compensation Court.

Claims are being filed with the court at the rate of 20,000 per year. Approximately 40% of the claims filed with the court are contested and the Supreme Court is called upon to review between 75 and 100 cases or appeals per year from the Workers' Compensation Court, which is a very small number considering the claims handled by that court.

At the present time, workers requesting a hearing before the court are faced with a delay of approximately four (4) months. Forty (40) days of that period, however, is the statutorily required time for the filing of pretrial stipulation by the employer and for the issuing of notice of hearing.

Last year the Legislature authorized an additional judge for the Workers' Compensation Court who has been appointed for a term that began July 1, 1982.

SPECIAL PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS

The following programs and projects are the successful work product of numerous lawyers, judges, and administrative staff members over a period of years.

OKLAHOMA JUDICIAL INFORMATION SYSTEM

The Oklahoma Judicial Information System will eventually provide computer support for the recordkeeping and financial functions ofthe majority of the courts throughout the state. These functions include entering and storing information on new court cases as well as updates to these cases; creating and maintaining indices that match case numbers and parties' names; providing inquiry into case records; generating various reports, letters, and other outputs to assist in case processing and management; and managing such financial affairs as the receipt and disbursement of funds, general accounting, and budgeting.

The System will support the following:

- Appellate cases in the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, and Court of Criminal Appeals.
- Civil, domestic, probate, small claims, felony, and misdemeanor (including traffic) cases in the district courts.
- Statewide case management in the Administrative Office of the Judiciary.

Support will initially be provided to most recordkeeping functions in the appellate courts and to those recordkeeping and financial functions that take place in the district court clerks' offices in Oklahoma County and Tulsa County.

This computer support will eventually be expanded beyond Oklahoma and Tulsa Counties to include all other counties that are cost effective to automate. It is anticipated that approximately 36 counties will be supported by 1986.

Implementation of several functions for the appellate courts and the district courts in Oklahoma and Tulsa Counties will begin in 1983.

UNIFORM JURY INSTRUCTIONS

Uniform Jury Instructions have always been a concern of the Legislature, the bench and the bar. The Supreme Court acknowledges the fact that justice can be withheld, delayed, and in some cases, denied on account of erroneous jury instructions which require a reversal of the trial court judgment and a new trial. Proper jury instructions are universally recognized as a helpful aid in shortening and simplifying trial court proceedings as well as on review by an appellate court. In 1968 the Legislature authorized the Supreme Court and the Court of Criminal Appeals to "prescribe and institute uniform jury instructions." No funds were appropriated for this project, but a voluntary committee, composed of lawyers and judges, was formed and considerable work accomplished. The voluntary committee did not complete its work due to the lack of funds to hire staff personnel.

This lack of funding was resolved for the civil instructions in 1978 when the Legislature appropriated $20,000.00 to fund it. The Supreme Court then created a committee composed of lawyers and judges, and Professor Silas R. Lyman of the Oklahoma City University School of Law was employed as the Committee's reporter. This committee worked long and diligently, and the Oklahoma Courts are particularly indebted to the lawyers who participated and offered their time and talents at the expense of their practice to complete this work.

The criminal jury instructions program was funded by the Federal Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. A commission, convoked by the Oklahoma Center for Criminal Justice, composed of lawyers and judges, completed its manual on criminal jury instructions this year. The commission was guided by Professor Robert E. L. Richardson of the University of Oklahoma College of Law. Its work was approved by the Court of Criminal Appeals in November, 1981, and the new instructions have been in use since May 1, 1982.

The completion of the Civil and Criminal Uniform Jury Instructions brings to an end the mission mandated by the Legislature years ago.

CIVIL AND CRIMINAL BENCHBOOKS

Another program or project that has been completed is the Benchbooks. The Benchbooks are in two volumes; one, civil; and two, criminal. They contain check lists, ready statutory and case law references, jury orientation remarks, and other materials, and are an invaluable tool for both the new judge as well as the experienced judge and serve as quick references to substantive and procedural law.

The Benchbook project was undertaken approximately a year and a half ago in cooperation with the National Center for State Courts. It was funded by a grant from the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. A committee comprised of one Justice of the Supreme Court and four District Judges was responsible for formulating the content of the Benchbooks, editing and coordinating toward final publication. Hundreds of man hours were expended. The Criminal Benchbook was finalized in the fall of 1980 and the Civil Benchbook was finalized in the fall of 1981. The Courts owe a debt of gratitute to the members of the Benchbook committee. Benchbooks have been furnished to every member of the judiciary.

The Benchbooks have received extremely favorable responses from trial judges across the State and are being used by the National Center for State Courts as a pattern for other states who are only now undertaking Benchbook projects.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE JUDICIARY

Mr. Marvin Emerson, the State Court Administrator since August, 1977, accepted the position as Executive Director of the Oklahoma Bar Association this past December (1981). Mr. Emerson worked very closely with the Legislature and its committees during and between various sessions. Mr. Tom McDaniel is now serving as State Court Administrator and will continue the cordial relationship and line of communications between the Legislature and the courts.

HISTORY OF THE OKLAHOMA

COURT SYSTEM

LOUISIANA PURCHASE TO STATEHOOD

THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM OF OKLAHOMA

BY GEORGE H. SHIRK

By the famed Louisiana Purchase, the United States acquired all of the area of present Oklahoma except the three panhandle counties. Those counties came from Texas and were included in the sale of land made to the United States by Texas in 1850. A system of courts was the first of the white man's institutions that came to the region of Oklahoma.

The unusual thing about the early judicial system in Oklahoma is that several different governments, the United States, Indiana, then Arkansas Territory, and the respective Indian nations, were simultaneously providing courts for the region. This resulted in a unique overlapping of the control and confusion in jurisdiction.

By the Act of October 31, 1803 (2 Stat. 245), the Congress authorized the President to take possession of the Louisiana Purchase and to protect the inhabitants "in the free enjoyment of their liberty, property, and religion." By this Act all civil and judicial powers over the Territory were vested in the President.

The Act of March 26, 1804 (2 Stat. 283), was the first formal enactment by the Congress for the government of the newly acquired region. Thereby, all of the Province of Louisiana north of the 33rd parallel was placed under the administration of Indian Territory, with the provision that the judiciary of Indiana Territory establish in that part of Louisiana such Court system as required, with full power to prescribe the jurisdiction of these courts and to clothe them with necessary authority. Thus, within six months after the acquisition of the area of present Oklahoma, the Congress had recognized the need for citizens of the then remote region to have tribunals where civil wrongs could be redressed, and where crimes against the laws of the United States could be punished. Three Judges, with four year terms, were appointed with instructions to hold two Court terms annually at any place convenient to the inhabitants. If any terms of Court were held in Oklahoma under this Act, the records have been lost.

By the Act of June 4, 1812 (2 Stat. 743), the region in question was redesignated as the Territory of Missouri.

These enactments remained until 1819, when the Congress carved "the Territory of Arkansas" out of the Louisiana area by the Act of March 2, 1819 (3 Stat. 493). Except for the northern 35 or so miles of present Oklahoma, all of its present area was included within the boundary of the Territory of Arkansas. Arkansas did not delay in providing a civil government; and two Counties were created within the present boundary of Oklahoma. On April 1, 1820, Miller County, covering a portion of southeastern Oklahoma, was established. Its County seat was Miller Court House located a few miles south of present Idabel. Somewhere near present

Shawneetown, the exact site of this first County seat is not definitely known. Miller Court House also has the distinction of being the first post office established in Oklahoma, with a postmaster appointed September 4, 1824. A few years later, Lovely County was established for the area north of Miller County. Nicksville, the site of present Dwight Mission in Sequoyah County, was the county seat. Local courts were provided and the civil administration of justice inaugurated. Nicksville and Miller Court House should be considered as the sites of Oklahoma's first courts.

The National government had been negotiating with the Indian tribes of the southeastern United States with the object of their removal to the West. The vast area west of Fort Smith was eventually ceded to these tribes. These treaties made necessary the relinquishment by Arkansas Territory of its claim to the newly formed Indian country. For awhile there was a definite overlap in claim of title. On October 17, 1828, the Arkansas General Assembly abolished the two counties Arkansas had established in the region. With that enactment died the first courts to be established in Oklahoma by the white man.

The Indian tribes set about to adopt their own constitutions. On June 3, 1834, the Choctaw Nation assembled at a site near present Tuskahoma and adopted a constitution. It established, for the Choctaw Nation, a complete judicial system, including a Supreme Court and local inferior courts. In 1838, the Choctaw Nation was divided into four judicial districts.

The Cherokees likewise were busy formulating their new government under a written constitution. In September, 1839, the Nation adopted its constitution, embodying those principles of a division of power and checks and balances found in the Federal Constitution. The judges were elected by the National Council and served for a term of four years. The Indian Courts were limited to cases involving tribal members, and jurisdiction did not extend to the whites.

Within the short span of 35 years, after the acquisition of Oklahoma from France, three different sovereignties had been set up for the area of present Oklahoma court system. This dual administration of justice, in many respects unique to Oklahoma, was destined to continue to the end of the century.

While the Indian Nations had provided a court system for their own peoples, the Congress recognized that a United States Court was required to administer justice for those in the region not subject to Indian law. By the Act of June 30, 1834 (4 Stat. 729), Congresss annexed the entire region of Oklahoma, again excepting the panhandle, for certain judicial purposes to the Territory of Arkansas. The laws of the United States were made fully applicable. The Act excluded controversies between Indians. This Statute, organizing the Indian country, was the first enactment by the Congress on the subject, and by many is considered as being the official date for the formation of Indian Territory. Attaching the region to Arkansas for court purposes was to have far reaching implications.

The Acts of March 1, 1837 (5 Stat. 147), and June 17, 1844 (5 Stat. 680), reaffirmed this arrangement and made the necessary technical changes in language following the admission of Arkansas into the Union as a state.

The significance of these enactments must be understood. The Federal District Court for Western Arkansas had normal or routine jurisdiction over approximately one-half of the State of Arkansas, and to that extent exercised the same authority as that of any other Federal Court. Insofar as Arkansas itself was concerned, few cases came before it and its criminal jurisdiction was not important. The State Courts of Arkansas handled the bulk of all cases, civil and criminal, arising in that area. As to the vast expanse of territory lying west from Forth Smith, the exact opposite was true. There only one court existed. That one Court and all of the civil and criminal powers and jurisdiction now possessed by Oklahoma's complete system of Courts, State and Federal. Furthermore, by a peculiarity of law, there was no appeal from the Indian Territory branch of the court's jurisdiction. All of its decisions, civil and criminal, were final. The Court was unique in the annals of American jurisprudence.

The War Between the States brought havoc to the Indian nations, followed by opening of the cattle trails and the construction of the railroads. These fundamental changes made it essential that the judge of this powerful court be of indomitable will and great personality. One of the most remarkable characters in all the lore of Oklahoma, Issac C. Parker, was appointed to the Federal Court at Fort Smith.

Judge Parker was born in Ohio in 1838. In 1859 he moved to Missouri and practiced law. He served two terms in Congress, and in 1875 was appointed by President Grant as United States District Judge for the Western District of Arkansas. No judge ever came to the bench under more difficult circumstances. Parker, a Republican, was sent to preside over citizens who were all militantly Democratic. The term "carpet bagger" was in vogue, and the citizenry, of course, assumed that here was another Republican carpet bagger. Just 37 years of age, he assumed office on May 10, 1875. His Court never recessed until all of the business at hand was completed. He opened court at 8:00 A.M. and remained on the bench until darkness, exemplifying that justice delayed is justice denied. He considered the Indians his special charge or wards. Grasping whites he called "criminal intruders." Although intensely human, he was careful to observe faithfully the requirements of his position. Yet, he was genuinely popular with all of his neighbors; and although a Republican, he served two terms on the Fort Smith School Board. His colorful personality made him a figure long remembered.

Statistics of Judge Parker's court have often been cited as proof of his severity, and are given as the reason for his nickname, "Hanging Judge Parker." It would be closer to the truth to say that such statistics no more than illustrate the vast volume of his work. During his 20 years on the bench, over 13,000 criminal cases were docketed in his Court. More than 9,000 of these defendants were convicted or pleaded guilty. Of them 344 were tried for a capital offense, and 151 were actually sentenced to hang. However, only 83 were actually executed, as the sentences of most of the others were reduced by the President.

As the white population of the Indian country grew, it was necessary to reconstitute the court districts. By the Act of January 6, 1883 (22 Stat. 400), Congress assigned all of the region to present Oklahoma north of the South Canadian and west of the lands of the Five Tribes to the United States District Court for Kansas, with terms of court to be held at Wichita and Fort Scott. The region south of the Canadian River went to the United States Court for the Northern District of Texas at Graham. The area later organized into Oklahoma Territory was thus divided for judicial purposes between the two courts. The lands of the Five Tribes remained under the Arkansas Court; and as the great bulk of the population was in that region, little practical effect was felt in the size of Judge Parker's dockets.

By the Act of February 6, 1889 (25 Stat. 655), Congress at last authorized an appeal from Judge Parker's decisions, by providing that all convictions carrying the death sentence could be reviewed by the Supreme Court of the United States, and the Act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 826), provided a like review for all criminal cases. With the Supreme Court of the United States in a setting entirely different from that of the Indian Country, and far from familiar with the exigencies of the region, it is natural that Judge Parker was often reversed.

At the close of the war, the United States negotiated new treaties with the Five Tribes. In the Cherokee Treaty, a United States Court to sit in Indian Territory was promised; and in the treaties with the other four tribes, a clause was inserted giving the United States the right to establish such a court. However, it was not until the Act of March 1, 1889 (25 Stat. 783), that Congress enacted legislation establishing a separate United States Court for Indian Territory, to sit at Muskogee. It had somewhat limited jurisdiction. Monday, April 1, 1889, an important day for Muskogee, was the day for its first court session. James M. Shackleford of Indiana was appointed judge, Z. T. Walrond of Kansas was named prosecuting attorney, and William Nelson of Indiana was Clerk. The upstairs room over the Muskogee Phoenix newspaper office was hurriedly set up as a temporary court room. At 10:30 A.M. of the appointed day, the officials of the court assembled and the Court convened by Judge Shackleford. Prayer was offered by Reverend J. Y. Bryce and the Judge directed the Marshal to formally open Court. With that act there came into operation the first United States Court ever to be convened within Indian Territory.

The following morning court rules were promulgated and 15 lawyers were admited to practice. Prominent names, as W. A. Ledbetter, Elias C. Boudinot, and Robert L. Owen, later United States Senator, were on that first roll of attorneys. From among them the court appointed a committee to examine future applicants for admission. On Wednesday, April 3, the attorneys who had been admitted to practice organized a Bar Association, the first Bar Association in Oklahoma. Judge Shackleford was elected President and Robert L. Owen, Secretary. Mr. Ledbetter was appointed Chairman of the committee on the Constitution and By-Laws, and to that distinguished barrister goes the distinction of drafting the first form of organization of the Bar of this State.

The same Act, however, organized the southern portion of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, along with certain Texas Counties, into a separate judicial district with headquarters in Paris, Texas.

Judge Parker's jurisdiction continued, since the Indian Territory court could not give the death sentence nor imprisonment at hard labor. Such cases were still docketed in the United States District Court for the Western District of Arkansas. By Section 9, the Act of March 1, 1895 (28 Stat. 693), Congress provided that after September 1, 1895, the United States Court at Muskogee would have full and complete jurisdiction. With this law passed Judge Parker's unusual authority. This Act was passed in the Spring of 1895, and a few months later Judge Parker was stricken with his last illness. The law was effective in September and he died in November. So remarkably enough, in the Fall of 1896, Judge Parker and his Court left the scene together. He is buried in the National Cemetery at Fort Smith.

The tribal courts were abolished by Section 28 of the Curtis Law (Act of June 28, 1898, 30 Stat. 495). This Act provided that tribal laws could not be enforced in the United States Courts, and that all tribal courts were abolished July 1, 1898 (except the Cherokee, Chickasw, and Creek Courts abolished October 1). With the Curtis Act, there passed from the scene tribunals unique in American jurisprudence, courts set up under the sponsorship of independent sovereignty, yet functioning side by side with those of the white man.

The Act of May 2, 1890 (26 Stat. 81), organizing Oklahoma Territory, reduced the jurisdication of the U. S. Courts for Indian Territory to the remaining area lying east of Oklahoma Territory. For court purposes it divided Indian Territory into three divisions, to be known as the First, Second, and Third Division. The First Division was the Creek and Cherokee country, with court at Muskogee; the Second Division was the Choctaw Nation, with court at South McAlester; and the Third was the Seminole and Chickasaw Nations, with court at Ardmore. This reorganization of the Indian Territory Federal Court system expedited its work. The distances to towns where court sessions were held was likewise reduced.

The volume of business continued to grow and additional judges were required. The Act of March 1, 1895, mentioned earlier, divided Indian Territory into three judicial districts and provided for two more judges, so that each district could have its own judge. The Northern District was the area of the Creek, Seminole, and Cherokee Nations, with the court sitting at Vinita, Miami, Tahlequah, and Muskogee. The Central District was the Choctaw Nation with the court at South McAlester, Atoka, Antlers, and Cameron; and the Southern District was the Chickasaw country with court at Ardmore, Purcell, Pauls Valley, Ryan, and Chickasha. The Court at Cameron was moved to Poteau by the Act of June 6 1890 (71 Stat. 657). The Act of May 27, 1902 (32 Stat. 245). carved a fourth judicial district, the Western, out of parts of the Northern and Central Districts, and provided that terms of Court would meet at Muskogee, Wagoner, Sapulpa, Wewoka, Eufaula, and Okmulgee.

The 1895 Act also constituted the three judges into a court of appeals presided over by the senior judge acting as Chief Justice, to which could be appealed the decisions of any of the judges acting in their capacity as a trial court. South McAlester was designated as the seat of the appellate court. Appeals to the Circuit Court of Appeals were provided in lieu of direct appeals to the U. S. Supreme Court. The Act of June 7, 1897 (30 Stat. 62), added a fourth judge.

Work continued to increase for the Indian Territory courts. By the Act of April 28, 1904 (33 Stat. 573), four more judges were provided, making eight in all, adding one to each district. These four new judges did not sit on the Court of Appeals however.

The Court Clerks too were given additional responsibilities. By the Act of February 19, 1903 (32 Stat. 841), Indian Territory was divided into 25 recording districts for the filing of deeds and other title papers. The Court clerks were made ex Officio recorders for each recording district with the court district, and were required to provide a deputy to reside in each recording district. Later, Districts 26 to 30 were created.

The court machinery, thus constituted by the Congress for the Indian Territory, continued to function efficiently until it passed into history by the advent of statehood.

In the meantime, however, the "West Side" --Oklahoma Territory-- had been organized by the Congressional enactment of May 2, 1890 (26 Stat. 81). This law placed the judicial power for Oklahoma Territory in a Supreme Court, District Courts, Probate Courts, and Justices of the Peace. The Territory was divided into three judicial districts with each of the District Judges also sitting as a member of the Supreme Court. President Harrison appointed Edward B. Green, of Illinois; John G. Clark, of Indiana; and A. J. Seay, of Missouri, to be the justices for the Oklahoma Territory Courts. Judge Green was named Chief Justice, and on May 29, 1890, the Court was formally organized at Guthrie. The First District, assigned to Judge Green, held court at Guthrie and Stillwater. In the Second District, Judge Seay met at Beaver, El Reno, and Kingfisher. The Third District, Judge Clark, sat at Norman and Oklahoma City. The Court's appellate function was discharged by holding Court only at Guthrie.

When Judge Seay resigned in 1892 to become Governor of Oklahoma Territory, he was succeeded by John H. Burford of Indiana. In 1893 (28 Stat. 20), added two additional judges. President Cleveland appointed A. G. C. Bierer and John L. McAtee to these positions. The appellate court for Oklahoma Territory was thereby increased to five, and the three judicial districts were likewise increased to that number. In 1896, two changes were made in the personnel of the court. John G. Tarsney of Missouri succeeded Judge Burford and James R. Keaton was appointed by President Cleveland to succeed Judge Scott. Two years later, B. F. Burwell succeeded Judge Keaton.

By the Act of May 2, 1902 (32 Stat. 184), the Congress again increased the size of the Oklahoma Territory judiciary, adding two additional judges; and the next month the new Court divided Oklahoma Territory into seven districts.

At the advent of Statehood the Territorial Supreme Court, with each member acting as the trial court within his own district, was composed of Burford, Chief Justice, Hainer, Burwell, Irwin, Pancoast, Gillette, and Garber as associate Justices. Charles H. Filson of Indiana was the first Clerk of the Territorial Supreme Court.

On June 16, 1906 (34 Stat. 267), the Congress passed the Enabling Act, authorizing the admission of the two territories into the Union as one State. This Act provided that all cases pending in the Courts of the two territories would be transferred to the appropriate court of the new State.

The Constitutional Convention, meeting in Guthrie, provided for the new State a complete court system. The judicial power became vested in a Supreme Court, District Courts, County and Municipal Courts, and Justices of the Peace.

Statehood came to Oklahoma on November 16, 1907. On that day there passed to the new court system the combined judicial power exercised for more than 100 years by the many different peoples, and systems of government that merged into our one great State.

George Henry Shirk
May, 1913 - March, 1977

Mr. George Henry Shirk was the first born of Carrie and John Shirk. He was educated in the Oklahoma City public schools. He attended Lincoln Elementary, Webster Junior High and graduated from Central High School in 1930.

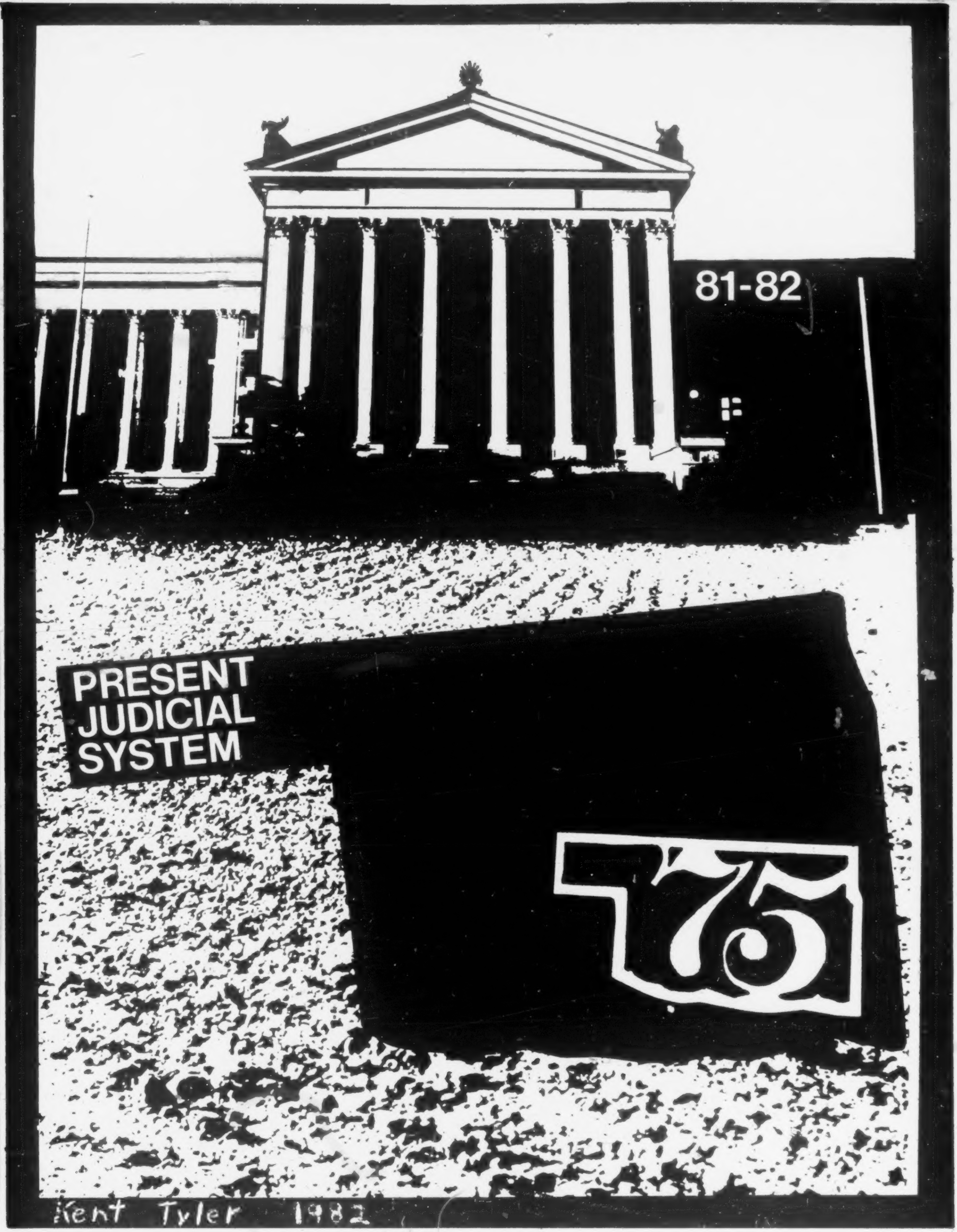
After high school, George Shirk went on to the University of Oklahoma and received a Bachelor of Arts degree in 1935 and a Bachelor of Laws in 1936. He was elected to Phi Delta Theta, Phi Delta Phi, Scabbard and Blade, served as director of the Y.M.C.A. at the University and was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the U.S. Army Reserve in May of 1934.

In 1936, after passing the State Bar examination, George Shirk entered his father's law firm - Shirk, Danner and Phelps - and established himself among the state's attorneys.

In November of 1940, Shirk was ordered to active duty with the Regular Army as Adjutant of the R.O.T.C. unit at the University of Oklahoma until May of 1942. In 1942, with the advent of World War II, George Shirk was transferred to London. During his time on active duty George Shirk attained the rank of Colonel.

After his service on active duty George Shirk returned home to resume his law practice. He also distinguished himself as the Chairman of the Historic Sites Committee of the Oklahoma Historical Society, being a 32nd Degree Mason, a member of the India Temple Shrine, Royal Order of Jesters, a life member of the University of Oklahoma Alumni Association, president of the Oklahoma Philatelic Society, president of the Oklahoma City Safety Council, served on the Oklahoma City Police Commission, Chairman of the Mayor's Citizens Committee on Civic Improvements, was a member of the Mayor's Citizens Committee for Police Welfare Study and the Mayor's Charter Committee which resulted in the creation of the present Oklahoma City Charter.

In 1964, George Shirk was elected as mayor of Oklahoma City. He served as mayor until 1967, at which time he was appointed State Preservation Officer. He continued his work of historical research until his death in 1977.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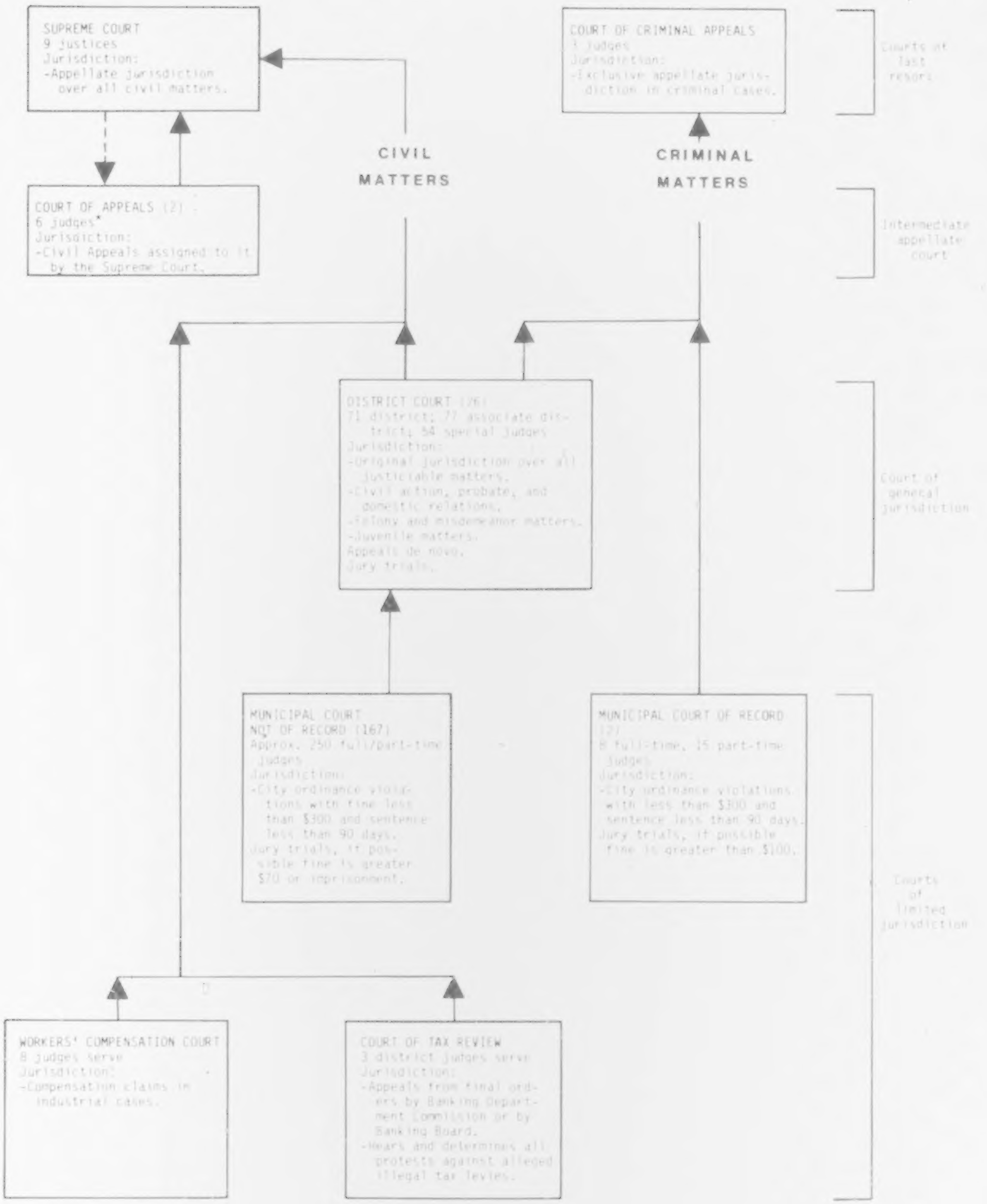
OKLAHOMA JUDICIAL SYSTEM


SUPREME COURT
9 justices
Jurisdiction:
-Appellate jurisdiction over all civil matters.
COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS
3 judges
Jurisdiction:
-Exclusive appellate jurisdiction in criminal cases.
Courts of last resort
CIVIL MATTERS
CRIMINAL MATTERS
COURT OF APPEALS (2)
6 judges*
Jurisdiction:
-Civil Appeals assigned to it by the Supreme Court.
Intermediate appellate court
DISTRICT COURT (26)
71 district; 77 associate district; 54 special judges
Jurisdiction:
-Original jurisdiction over all justiciable matters.
-Civil action, probate, and domestic relations.
-Felony and misdemeanor matters.
-Juvenile matters.
Appeals de novo.
Jury trials.
Court of general jurisdiction
MUNICIPAL COURT NOT OF RECORD (167)
Approx. 250 full/part-time judges
Jurisdiction:
-City ordinance violations with fine less than $300 and sentence less than 90 days.
Jury trials, if possible fine is greater $70 or imprisonment.
MUNICIPAL COURT OF RECORD (2)
8 full-time, 15 part-time judges
Jurisdiction:
-City ordinance violations with less than $300 and sentence less than 90 days.
Jury trials, if possible fine is greater than $100.
Courts of limited jurisdiction
WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT
8 judges serve
Jurisdiction:
-Compensation claims in industrial cases.
COURT OF TAX REVIEW
3 district judges serve
Jurisdiction:
-Appeals from final orders by Banking Department Commission or by Banking Board.
-Hears and determines all protests against alleged illegal tax levies.

↑ Indicates route of appeal.

⇡ Indicates assignment of cases.

* On January 1, 1983 the number of divisions within the Court of Appeals will be increased to four. The number of judges serving on the Court of Appeals will be increased to twelve.

OKLAHOMA COURT SYSTEM

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

The original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court extends to a general superintending control over all inferior courts and all agencies, commissions, and boards created by law. The Supreme Court has exclusive authority to pass upon the qualifications and fitness of all applicants for admission to the practice of law within the state. The Supreme Court has the exclusive power to discipline attorneys or revoke their license to practice law within the state. The Supreme Court also has appellate jurisdiction over all civil cases appealed from the District Court.

The Supreme Court consists of nine justices each of whom serves a six-year term. The Court sits in Oklahoma City, the state capitol and is open for the transaction of business at the call of the Chief Justice. Each justice must be from a separate Supreme Court Judicial District of the state as provided by statute. Retention is effected by a non-partisan, non-competitive statewide election. Vacancies are filled by gubernatorial appointment from a list of three nominees submitted by the Judicial Nominating Commission. If the Governor fails to make the appointment within 60 days, the Chief Justice appoints one of the three nominees.

The Supreme Court exercises administrative and supervisory control over the entire court system through the Chief Justice, the presiding judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals, the Administrative Director of the Courts, the presiding judges of the Court of Appeals, Division I and Division II - and the presiding judges of the District Courts. The Supreme Court may promulgate rules and regulations for all courts of record in the state.

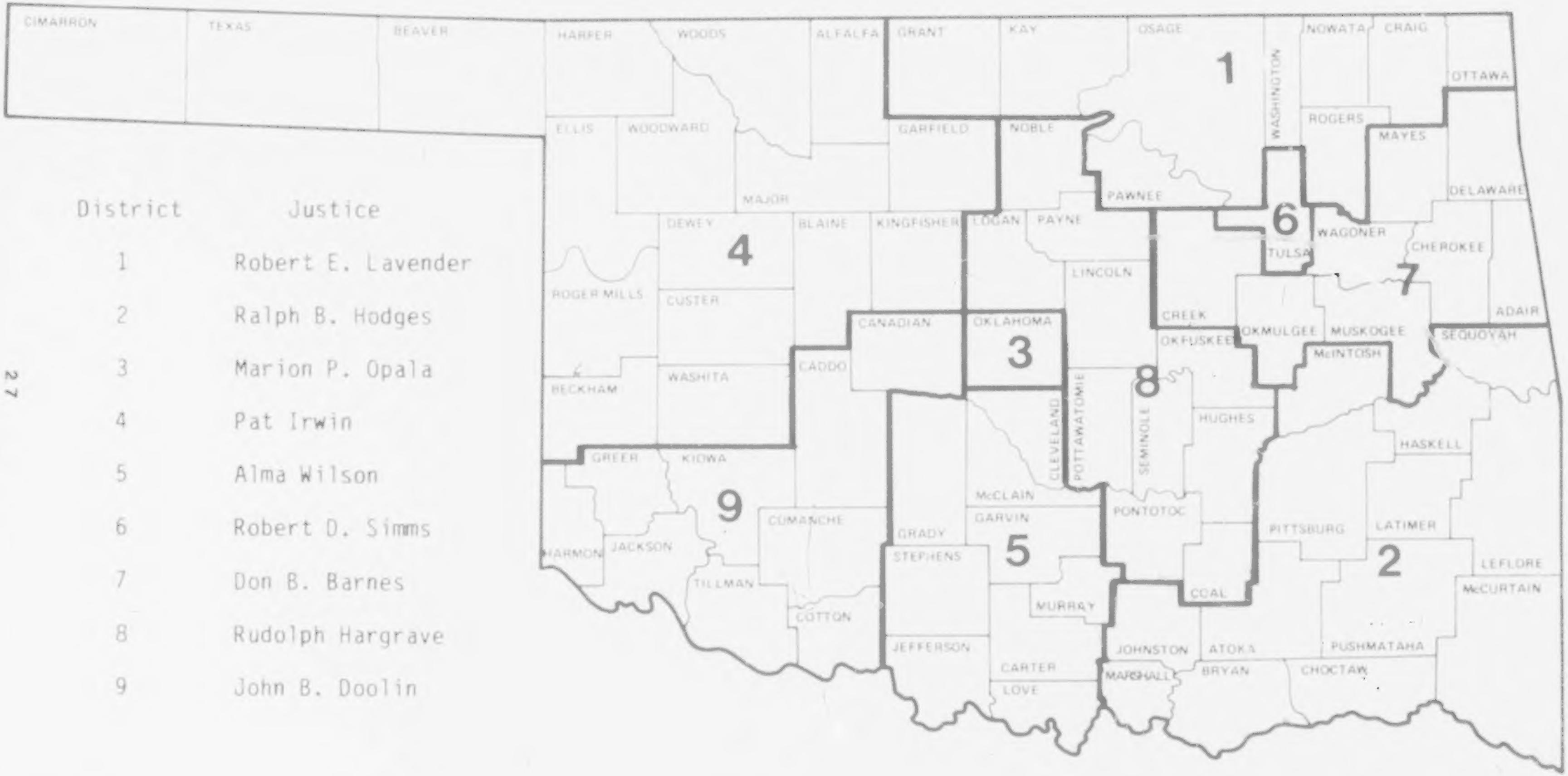
CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT

The Supreme Court appoints a Clerk of the Supreme Court to serves at its pleasure who is licensed to practice law within the state. The clerk is responsible for keeping records, files, and papers committed to his care and for recording the judgments, decrees, and orders of the Supreme Court, the Court of Criminal Appeals, Court of Appeals, and the Court on the Judiciary.

SUPREME COURT OF OKLAHOMA

Shown left to right, standing: Justice Marion P. Opala, Justice John B. Doolin, Justice Rudolph Hargrave, Justice Alma Wilson. Seated: Justice Robert E. Lavender, Vice Chief Justice Don B. Barnes, Chief Justice Pat Irwin, Justice Ralph B. Hodges, Justice Robert D. Simms.

SUPREME COURT
ELECTORAL DISTRICTS



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GARFIELD
NOBLE
ROGERS
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MAJOR
PAWNEE
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DEWEY
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KINGFISHER
LOGAN
PAYNE
6
WAGONER
TULSA
CHEROKEE
7
LINCOLN
ROGER MILLS
CUSTER
CANADIAN
OKLAHOMA
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CREEK
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MUSKOGEE
ADAIR
SEQUOYAH
OKFUSKEE
McINTOSH
CADDO
BECKHAM
WASHITA
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CLEVELAND
POTTAWATOMIE
SEMINOLE
HUGHES
HASKELL
GREER
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McCLAIN
GARVIN
PONTOTOC
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COMANCHE
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COTTON
MURRAY
COAL
JOHNSTON
ATOKA
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JEFFERSON
CARTER
LOVE
MARSHALL
BRYAN
CHOCTAW

District	Justice
1	Robert E. Lavender
2	Ralph B. Hodges
3	Marion P. Opala
4	Pat Irwin
5	Alma Wilson
6	Robert D. Simms
7	Don B. Barnes
8	Rudolph Hargrave
9	John B. Doolin

SUPREME COURT
CASELOAD INVENTORY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

Cases Pending 7/1/81	2,385
Cases Filed	1,718
Total Caseload	4,103
Case Dispositions *	1,667
Cases Pending 6/30/82	2,436

DISPOSITIONS

Opinions rendered	353	
Mandated without rehearing		273
Rehearings filed - 120, Denied		80
Special matters filed - 222, Disposed		181
Disposition by dismissals, orders, etc.		412
Dispositions be Court of Appeals and Temporary Courts of Appeal		476
Certioraries denied		245
Total Dispositions		1,667

OTHER MATTERS

Disposition on recommendation by Referee	
Certiorari denied	180
Certiorari granted	62
Bar Matters	101
Written Dissents	29
Special Writings	55
Chief Justice Orders by Referee	1,115

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*Includes cases disposed of by Court of Appeals and Temporary Courts of Appeal.

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS

The Court of Criminal Appeals does not have original jurisdiction but has exclusive appellate jurisdiction, coextensive with the limits of the state, in all criminal cases appealed from the District Courts and the Municipal Criminal Courts of Record.

The Court of Criminal Appeals sits in Oklahoma City and consists of three judges, any two of whom, constitutes a quorum. The concurrence of two judges is necessary to decide a matter before the court.

Each of the three judges must be from a separate Court of Criminal Appeals judicial district. Retention for a six-year term is effected by a non-partisan, non-competitive statewide election. Vacancies are filled in the same manner as the Justices of the Supreme Court.

The clerk of the Supreme Court is the ex officio clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals.

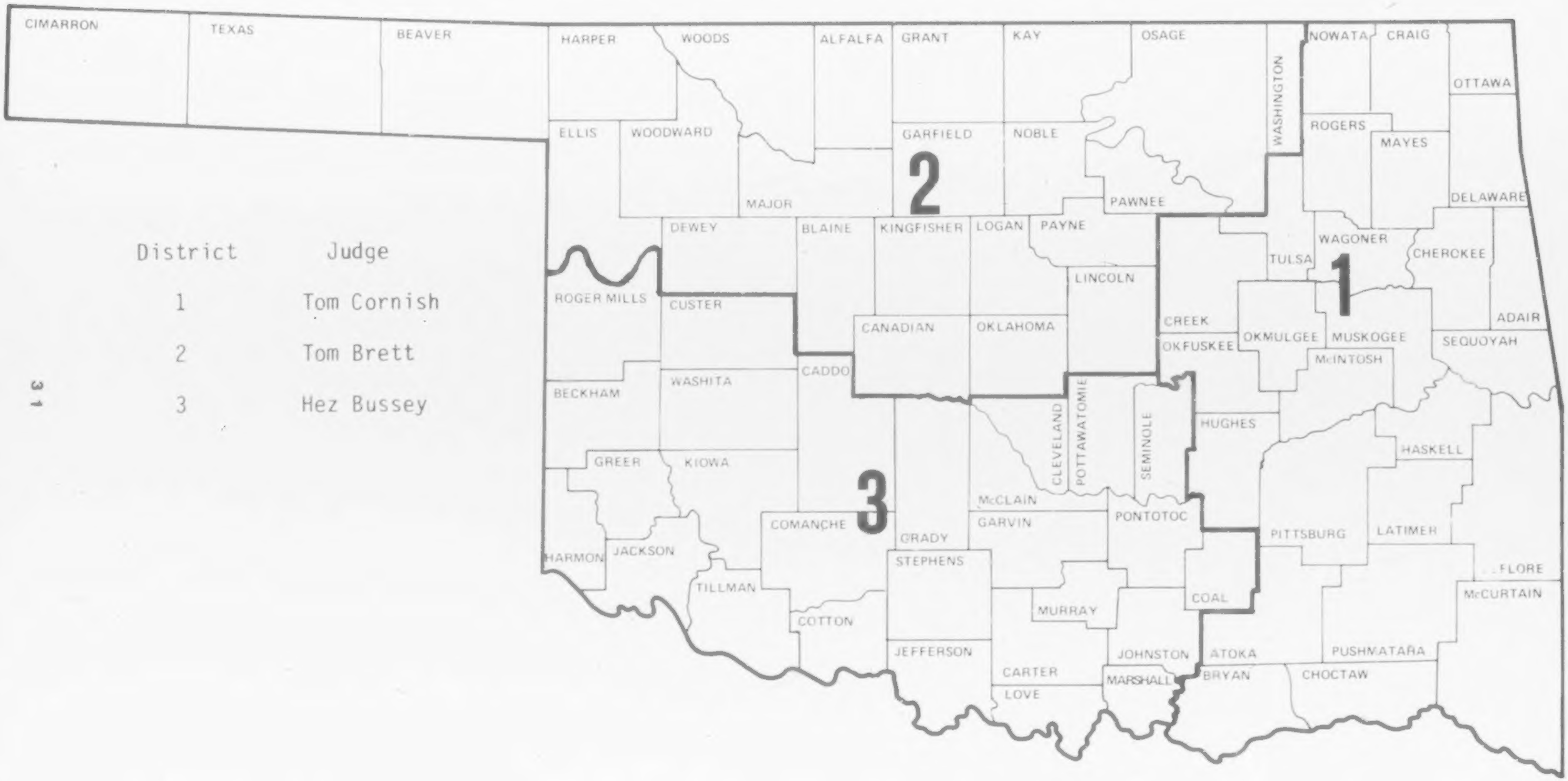
JUDGES OF THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS

Hon. Tom Cornish

Hon. Tom Brett
Presiding Judge

Hon. Hez Bussey

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS
ELECTORAL DISTRICTS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CHOCTAW

District	Judge
1	Tom Cornish
2	Tom Brett
3	Hez Bussey

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS
CASELOAD INVENTORY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

Cases Filed

Regular Appeals	378
Post Convictions	150
Original Proceedings	297
Total Cases Filed	825

Cases Terminated

	By Opinion	By Order	Total Terminated
Regular Appeals			
Affirmed	281	14	295
Modified & Affirmed	22	2	24
Reversed	23	13	36
Dismissed	10	38	48
Total	336	67	403
Post Conviction			
Granted	0	11	11
Affirming Denial	0	117	117
Dismissed	0	19	19
Reversed	0	0	0
Denied	0	13	13
Modified & Affirmed	0	0	0
Total	0	160	160
Original Proceedings			
Granted	0	63	63
Dismissed	0	24	24
Denied	0	157	157
Total	0	244	244

Total Terminations by Opinion. . . . 336
Total Terminations by Order. 471
Total Cases Terminated 807

Pending Cases

Total Cases Pending as of July 1, 1981 608
Total Cases Pending as of June 30, 1982 626

COURT OF APPEALS

The Court of Appeals has no original jurisdiction but has the power to dispose of any civil case assigned to it by the Supreme Court. A decision of the Court of Appeals may be reviewed by the Supreme Court if a majority of Justices direct that certiorari be granted. The Supreme Court may, by order, recall a case that it previously had assigned to the Court of Appeals.

The Court of Appeals sits in two permanent divisions, Division I consisting of three judges sits in Oklahoma City; Division II also consisting of three judges sits in Tulsa. The court sits in continuous session and has statewide jurisdiction. On January 1, 1983, two additional divisions will be created consisting of three judges each. Division III will sit in Oklahoma City and Division IV will sit in Tulsa. Both of these divisions will sit in continuous sessions and have statewide jurisdiction as well. The judges are elected on nonpartisan ballots from the six congressional districts in the state for six-year terms. The Governor fills vacancies by appointment of a qualified person from the congressional district where the vacancy exists after considering the three nominees of the Judicial Nominating Commission.

COURT OF APPEALS
CASELOAD INVENTORY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

Cases assigned by Supreme Court	1,080
Disposition by settlement conference	99
Opinions rendered	721
Cases mandated	476
Certiorari filed	245
Certiorari denied	197
Certiorari granted	68

JUDGES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS

Division I - Oklahoma City

Lester Reynolds

Dwain Box

Charles M. Wilson
Presiding Judge

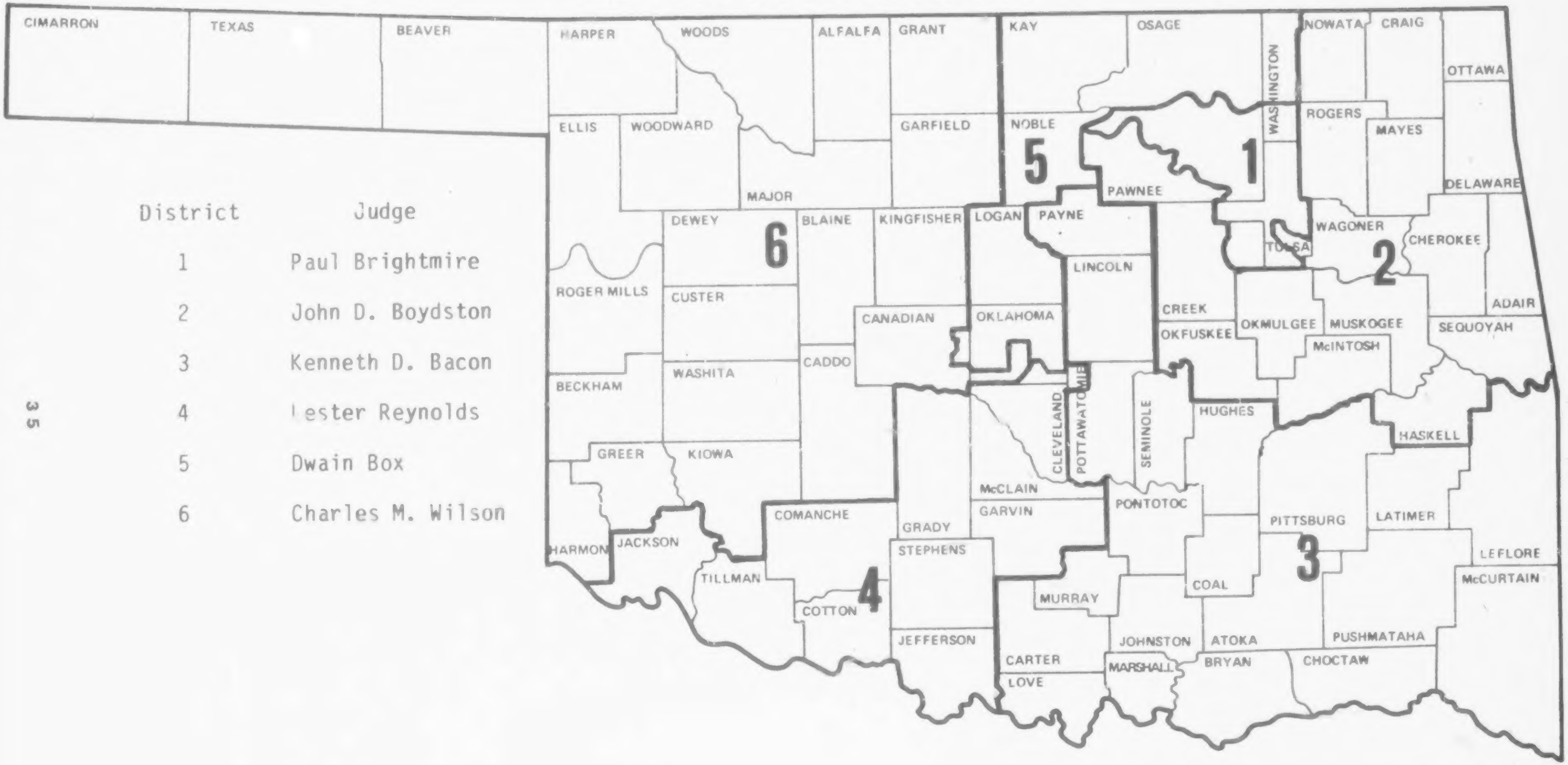
Division II - Tulsa

Paul W. Brightmire
Presiding Judge

John D. Boydston

Kenneth D. Bacon

COURT OF APPEALS
ELECTORAL DISTRICTS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MURRAY
COAL
JEFFERSON
JOHNSTON
ATOKA
PUSHMATAHA
CARTER
LOVE
MARSHALL
BRYAN
CHOCTAW

District	Judge
1	Paul Brightmire
2	John D. Boydston
3	Kenneth D. Bacon
4	Lester Reynolds
5	Dwain Box
6	Charles M. Wilson

COURT OF TAX REVIEW

The Court of Tax Review meets in Oklahoma City upon the call of the presiding judge of the court. The court reconvenes upon the call of the presiding judge as deemed necessary until all protests have been heard and determined.

The Court of Tax Review is made up of three District Court judges, who are designated by the Governor. The presiding judge is chosen by the members of the court. There is no specific term of the presiding judge.

The court has no original jurisdiction but hears and determines all protests against alleged illegal tax levies. The court has the authority to hear and determine all protests filed under 68 O.S. § 24103. The court also has the power to administer oaths, and to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence, including any public record from any county in the state.

The State Auditor and Inspector serves as clerk. He has the responsibility for transmitting a copy of the taxpayer protest to the county clerk, district attorney and county treasurer of the affected county. He also has the responsibility for transmitting a copy of the decision of the Court of Tax Review to the county clerk, the county assessor, the county treasurer and to the protestant or his attorney of record.

COURT OF TAX REVIEW
1982

RAY LEE WALL, Presiding Judge

GORDON R. MELSON, Judge

HARDY SUMMERS, Judge

COURT OF TAX REVIEW ACTIVITY

	FILED	TERMINATED	PENDING
1980	5	5	0
1982[1]	2	2	0

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[1] Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July 1981 - June 30, 1982).

COUNCIL ON JUDICIAL COMPLAINTS

The Council on Judicial Complaints was established by the 1974 Legislative Session to afford a means whereby complaints by any person concerning the conduct of persons occupying positions in the judicial department of government and subject to the jurisdiction of the Court on the Judiciary could be efficiently and impartially investigated. The Council must investigate all complaints received and must determine the proper disposition thereof, as provided by law.[1]

The Council is composed of three members, only two of whom shall be members of the Bar of the State of Oklahoma. The Administrative Director of the Courts acts as ex officio secretary to the Council.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL ON JUDICIAL COMPLAINTS

LeROY BLACKSTOCK, Chairman
Appointed By
President of the Oklahoma Bar Association

EUGENE CARR, Vice Chairman
Appointed By
Speaker of the Oklahoma House of Representatives

LARRY HAMMER
Appointed By
President Pro Tempore of the Senate

TOM J. McDANIEL, Ex-Officio Secretary

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[1] 20 O.S. 1981 § 1651-1658

COUNCIL ON JUDICIAL COMPLAINTS ACTIVITY

Year	Complaints Filed[1]	Complaints Disposed	Dismissed	Petition Filed Invoking the Jurisdiction of the Court on the Judiciary
1977	27	33	32	3
1978	16	20	20	2
1979	24	24	24	0
1980	32	25	24	1
1982[2]	28	22	22	0

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[1] The number of complaints filed are not reflected on a one-complaint-to-one-person basis, but may include more than one complaint filed against an individual.

[2] Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July 1981 - June 1982).

COURT ON THE JUDICIARY

The Court on the Judiciary consists of a Trial Division composed of nine members, eight of whom are district judges, senior in service and under the age of 60, and one active member of the Oklahoma Bar Association, chosen by its Executive Council. The court also has an Appellate Division composed of two members of the Supreme Court, chosen by the Court; one member of the Court of Criminal Appeals, chosen by that court; one active member of the State Bar Association, chosen by its Executive Council, and five district judges senior in service and under age 65. Each division of the Court on the Judiciary selects its presiding judge, who is to be judge of the qualifications and disqualifications of its own members, and makes and publishes its own rules of procedure.

Any justice or judge of any court exercising judicial power under the provisions of the Constitution of Oklahoma is subject to removal from office or compulsory retirement from office by proceedings in the Court on the Judiciary. Jurisdiction of the Trial Division of the Court on the Judiciary may be invoked by petition filed by the Supreme Court or the Chief Justice, the Governor, the Attorney General, the Executive Secretary of the Oklahoma Bar Association when directed by a majority vote of all members of its Executive Council, or by resolution of the House of Delegates or the House of Representatives of the State of Oklahoma. The Trial Division sets the matter for hearing not less than 60 days after notice of filing. After full hearing, the Trial Division renders such judgment as the facts may justify. From any judgment of the Trial Division, the respondent or the prosecutor may appeal to the Appellate Division within 10 days after the entry of judgment. The review in the Appellate Division is an equity appeal as to both law and facts. The Appellate Division may affirm, modify, or reverse the judgment of the Trial Division.

COURT ON THE JUDICIARY ACTIVITY

	TRIAL DIVISION		APPELLATE DIVISION		
1977	1	1	1977[1]	1	1
1978	1	1	1978[1]	1	1
1979	1	1	1979	0	0
1980	2	2	1980	0	0
1982[2]	2	2	1982[2]	1	0

[1] Original action rather than an appeal from the Trial Division

[2] Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July, 1981 to June, 1982)

JUDGES APPOINTED
TO THE
COURT ON THE JUDICIARY

Appellate Division

Hon. Rudolph Hargrave	Justice	Oklahoma Supreme Court
Hon. Marian P. Opala	Justice	Oklahoma Supreme Court
Hon. Tom Brett	Justice	Court of Criminal Appeals
Hon. Don H. Hampton	Justice	Secretary of State
Hon. Donald F. Powers	Justice	Secretary of State
Hon. John Maley	Justice	Secretary of State
Hon. Joseph A. Young	Justice	Secretary of State
Farrell M. Hatch	Attorney	Oklahoma Bar Association

Trial Division

Hon. Wm. J. Whistler	Judge	District Court
Hon. Robert A. Layden	Judge	District Court
Hon. Wm. S. Myers	Judge	District Court
Hon. Wm. O. Green III	Judge	District Court
Hon. Wm. W. Means, Jr.	Judge	District Court
Hon. Chas. S. Woodson	Judge	District Court
Hon. Lloyd H. Henry	Judge	District Court
Hon. Jack Brock	Judge	District Court
Edgar H. Parks	Attorney	Oklahoma Bar Association

DISTRICT COURT

The District Court has unlimited original jurisdiction in all justiciable matters, power to review administrative action, and power to issue writs, remedial or otherwise, necessary or proper to carry into effect its orders, judgments, or decrees. The court also hears trials de novo from the Municipal Courts not of record.

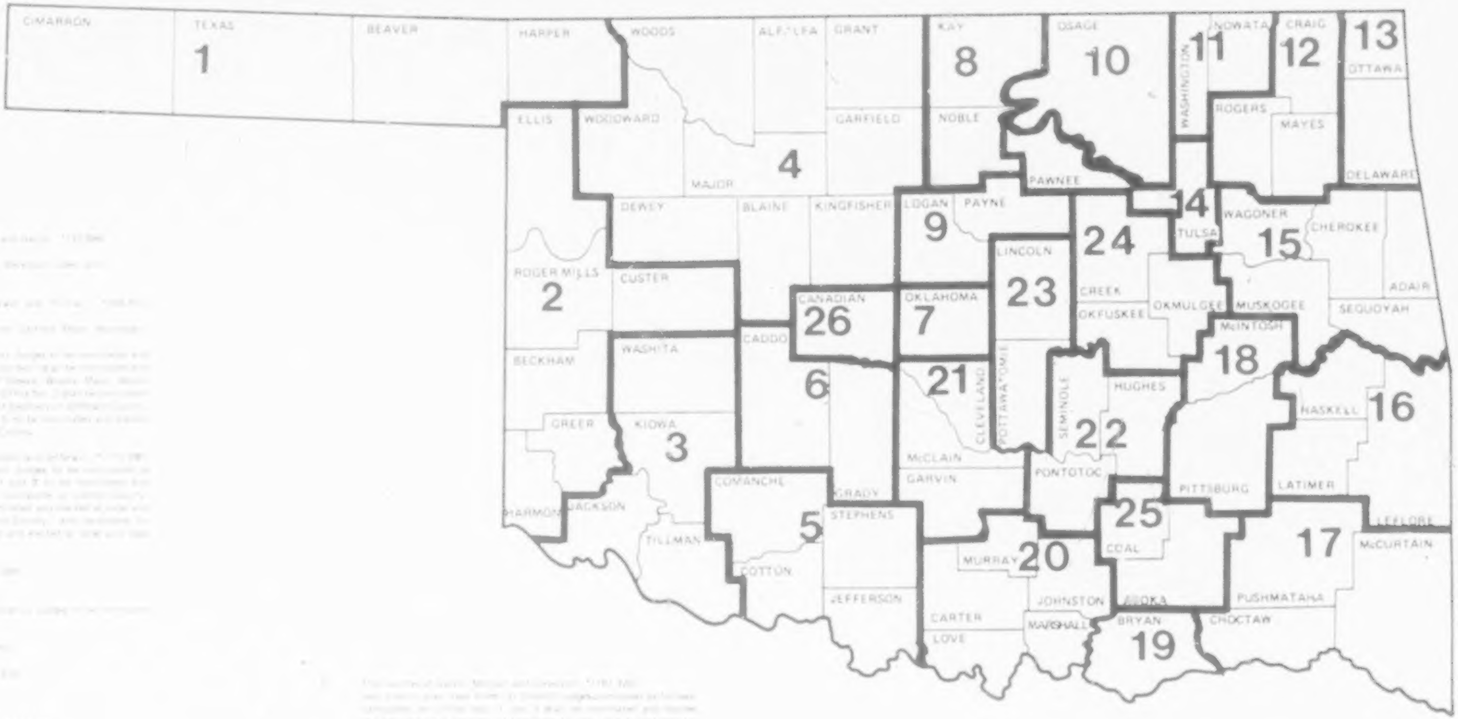
There are 26 District Court judicial districts that are divided into 9 judicial administrative districts. In each of the nine judicial administrative districts, the district and associate district judges elect one of their district judges as the presiding judge. Subject to the authority of the Supreme Court, the presiding judges designate places for holding court and may provide for divisions of the court.

The District Courts consist of 71 district judges, 77 associate district judges, and 54 special judges. District and associate district judges serve four year terms. If a particular District Court has more than one district court judge, the presiding judge of that judicial administrative district designates a chief judge of that court. The appointed chief judge serves at the pleasure of the presiding judge.

District Court Judges and Associate District Judges are elected in non-partisan elections by the voters in their respective counties or districts. When a vacancy occurs in the office of district judge, the Governor appoints one of three persons nominated by the Judicial Nominating Commission. If the Governor fails to make the appointment within 60 days, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court appoints one of the nominees. If a vacancy occurs in the office of associate district judge, the presiding judge of that judicial administrative district appoints a special judge to hold the vacant office until the vacancy is filled according to prescribed procedures. Special judges are appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the district judges.

District Court Clerks are elected for four year terms. The Clerk of the District Court is responsible for keeping an appearance docket, a trial docket, a journal, a judgment docket, an execution docket, and such other books as may be ordered by the court or required by law. The clerk furnishes caseload statistical information and other information as requested by the Supreme Court and the Administrative Office of the Judiciary.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS OF THE DISTRICT COURTS



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Judicial Administrative Districts	Judicial Districts
Northeastern	10, 11, 12, & 13
Southeastern	16, 17, 19, & 25
Oklahoma-Canadian	7, 26
Northwestern	1, 2 & 4
South Central	20, 21, & 22
Tulsa - Pawnee	14
East Central	15, 18, & 24
North Central	8, 9, & 23
Southwestern	3, 5, & 6

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WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT

The Workers' Compensation Court hears and determines compensation claims in industrial accident cases. The court also has the power to conduct necessary investigations. The award of the court is final and conclusive between the parties, subject to the right of appeal.

The Workers' Compensation Court consists of eight judges, all of whom are appointed by the Governor. The appointments are made from a list of three nominees for each position, selected by the Judicial Nominating Commission from applications submitted by qualified applicants. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court has the authority to appoint one of the nominees if the Governor does not make his appointment within 60 days from the time the list of nominees is submitted. Judges of this court serve a six-year term.

The court is considered to be sitting en banc when three of the eight judges are sitting. The court sits en banc only for appeal matters. The judge initially assigned to a case hears the evidence and renders a decision. The party aggrieved by the decision may appeal to the court sitting en banc or directly to the Supreme Court. The decisions of the court may be appealed to the Supreme Court.

The presiding judge of this court presides at all hearings before the court en banc and at all conferences at which appeals and other matters are considered. He also makes procedural rulings for the court, except those to be made in the court of hearings before a single judge; assigns or directs the assignment of cases to the several judges for hearings at places he designates; directs and supervises the work of all employees of the court; handles and oversees all administrative duties necessary to operate the court in an efficient manner.

The clerk of the Workers' Compensation Court has responsibilities as determined by the court.

The Workers' Compensation Court has the power to formulate its own rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the Supreme Court.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE JUDICIARY

The Office of the Administrative Director of the Judiciary is authorized by the Constitution. The Director is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Supreme Court to assist the Chief Justice in fulfilling his mandated responsibility as the head of Oklahoma's courts.

The Administrative Director and his staff provide assistance to the Judicial Nominating Commission, the Court on the Judiciary, and the Council on Judicial Complaints. They also prepare and submit annual reports to the legislature concerning the boundaries of District Court judicial districts, the number of judges needed for each judicial district, caseload inventory data, and caseload/judge formulae.

The Administrative Director and his staff are also charged with the following:

- Collecting and compiling statistical data and other information on the judicial and financial operations of the courts and on the operations of other offices directly related to and serving the courts.

- Making reports concerning the overloading and under-utilization of particular trial courts.

- Making recommendations relating to the assignment of judges where courts are in need of assistance.

- Assisting the Chief Justice in performing the duties relating to the transfer of District Court judges for temporary or specialized duty.

- Preparing and submitting budget estimates for state appropriations necessary for the maintenance and operation of the state courts, and making recommendations with respect thereto.

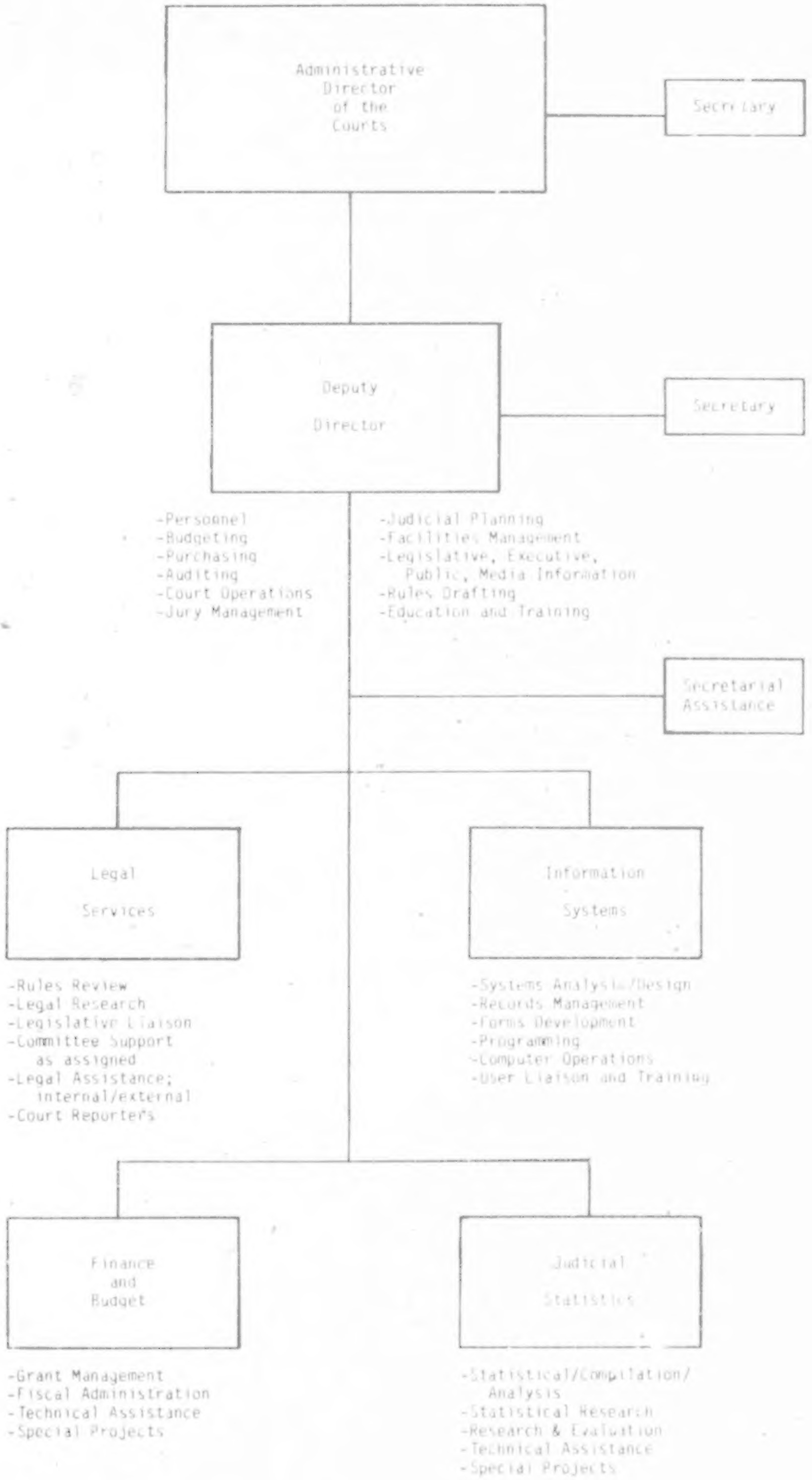
- Investigating, making recommendations concerning, and assisting in the securing of adequate physical accommodations for the District Court.

- Examining administrative methods, systems, and activities of the District Court judges, clerks, and employees of the courts and their offices and making recommendations to the Chief Justice with respect thereto.

- Formulating recommendations for the improvement of the judicial system.

- Performing such additional duties and exercising such additional power as may be prescribed by statute or assigned by the Supreme Court.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE JUDICIARY


Administrative Director of the Courts
Secretary
Deputy Director
Secretary
-Personnel
-Budgeting
-Purchasing
-Auditing
-Court Operations
-Jury Management
-Judicial Planning
-Facilities Management
-Legislative, Executive, Public, Media Information
-Rules Drafting
-Education and Training
Secretarial Assistance
Legal Services
-Rules Review
-Legal Research
-Legislative Liaison
-Committee Support as assigned
-Legal Assistance; internal/external
-Court Reporters
Information Systems
-Systems Analysis/Design
-Records Management
-Forms Development
-Programming
-Computer Operations
-User Liaison and Training
Finance and Budget
-Grant Management
-Fiscal Administration
-Technical Assistance
-Special Projects
Judicial Statistics
-Statistical/Compilation/ Analysis
-Statistical Research
-Research & Evaluation
-Technical Assistance
-Special Projects

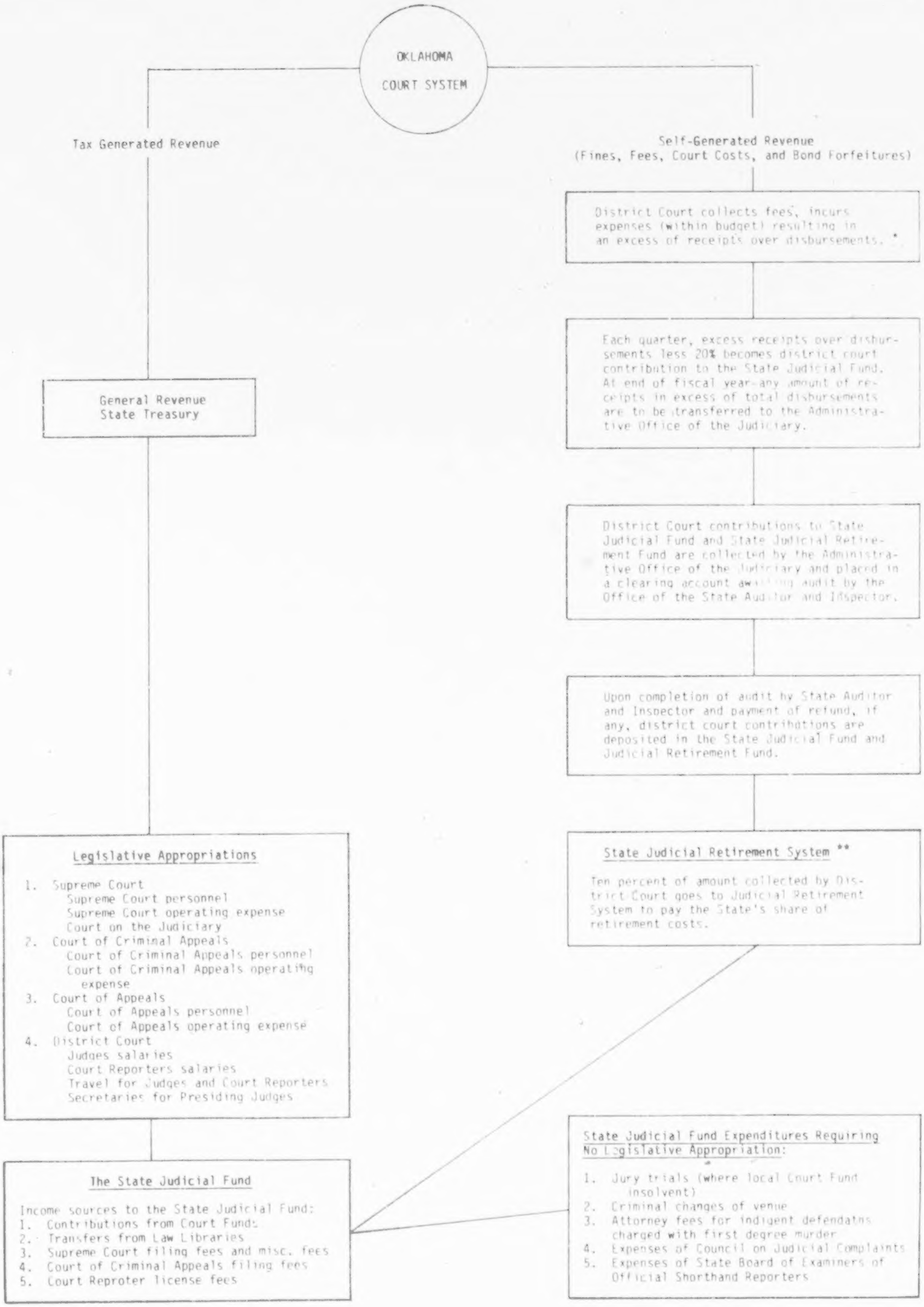
THE FUNDING OF THE OKLAHOMA COURT SYSTEM

The Oklahoma Court System sources of funding are generated from two areas. The primary source of funding for the Supreme Court and all staff personnel, the Court of Criminal Appeals and all staff personnel, the Court of Appeals and all staff personnel, the salaries of all District Court Judges, Official Court Reporters and secretaries for the Presiding Judges is the tax generated revenue apropriated for the general revenue fund of the State Treasury.

The other source of funding is the user generated revenue received in the Court Clerks offices of the Appellate and District Courts. At the District Court level, the revenue received is used for the local operation of the District Court. These expenses are for items such as juror and witness expense, supplies, utilities for court occupied space, attorney fees for indigent defense, bailiff and part-time court clerk employees, per diem court reporters, furniture, equipment purchase and equipment rentals. Additional expenses include payments required by statute to the Judicial Retirement System, Law Enforcement Training Fund and the County General Fund.

On a quarterly basis, each district court clerk files a report with the Office ofthe Court Administrator that calculates the expense of the local district court and transfers the excess for deposit in the State Judicial Fund. The fees received in the Appellate Clerk's office are deposited directly into the State Judicial Fund. Two other sources of collections for the State Judicial Fund are surplus funds transferred from the law libraries and court reporter license fees.

The State Judicial Fund is a continuous fund and not subject to fiscal year limitations. However, an appropriation is made by the legislature from the State Judicial Fund for the expenses of judges' travel expenses while on official business. Some direct costs are made from the State Judicial Fund and require no legislative appropriation. These costs are: jury trials where the local court fund is insolvent, costs related to criminal change of venue, attorney fees for indigent defendants charged with first degree murder, expenses related to the Council on Judicial Complaints, and expenses of the State Board of Examiners of Official Shorthand Reporters.



District Court collects fees, incurs expenses (within budget) resulting in an excess of receipts over disbursements. *

Each quarter, excess receipts over disbursements less 20% becomes district court contribution to the State Judicial Fund. At end of fiscal year any amount of receipts in excess of total disbursements are to be transferred to the Administrative Office of the Judiciary.

District Court contributions to State Judicial Fund and State Judicial Retirement Fund are collected by the Administrative Office of the Judiciary and placed in a clearing account awaiting audit by the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

Upon completion of audit by State Auditor and Inspector and payment of refund, if any, district court contrihdtions are deposited in the State Judicial Fund and Judicial Retirement Fund.

State Judicial Retirement System **

Ten percent of amount collected by District Court goes to Judicial Retirement System to pay the State's share of retirement costs.

Legislative Appropriations

1. Supreme Court
    - Supreme Court personnel
    - Supreme Court operating expense
    - Court on the Judiciary
2. Court of Criminal Appeals
    - Court of Criminal Appeals personnel
    - Court of Criminal Appeals operating expense
3. Court of Appeals
    - Court of Appeals personnel
    - Court of Appeals operating expense
4. District Court
    - Judges salaries
    - Court Reporters salaries
    - Travel for Judges and Court Reporters
    - Secretaries for Presiding Judges

The State Judicial Fund

Income sources to the State Judicial Fund:
1. Contributions from Court Funds
2. Transfers from Law Libraries
3. Supreme Court filing fees and misc. fees
4. Court of Criminal Appeals filing fees
5. Court Reproter license fees

State Judicial Fund Expenditures Requiring No Legislative Appropriation:

1. Jury trials (where local Court Fund insolvent)
2. Criminal changes of venue
3. Attorney fees for indigent defendatns charged with first degree murder
4. Expenses of Council on Judicial Complaints
5. Expenses of State Board of Examiners of Official Shorthand Reporters

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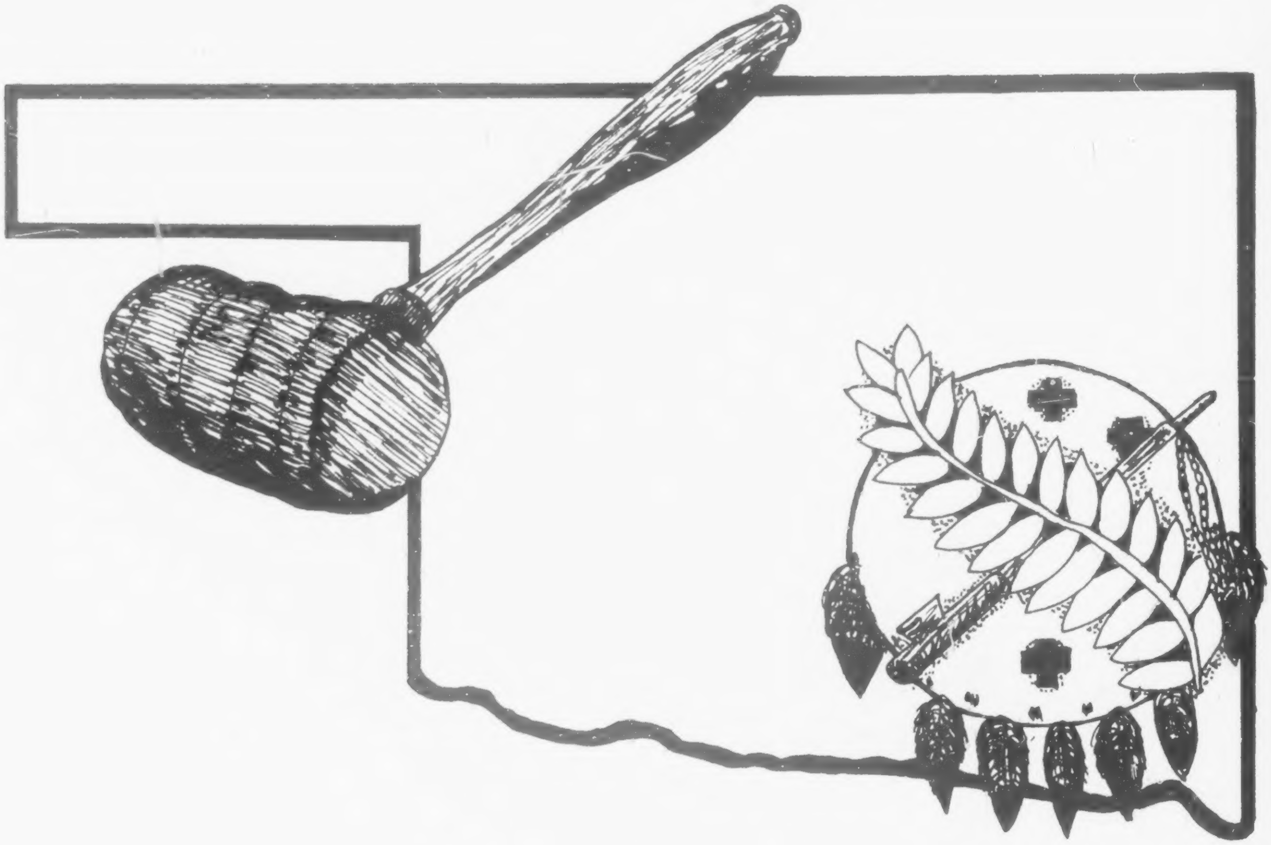
*Rules for Management of the Court Fund, 20 O.S. 1981, CH. 18, App. Court Fund of Tulsa County, Oklahoma, ET AL V. Cook, Okl., 557 P. 2d 875

**20 O.S. 1981 § 1307

1981 - 1982
DISTRICT COURT CASELOAD



INFORMATION

Shelly Woods 82

DISTRICT COURT STATISTICAL INFORMATION

This section contains tables and accompanying charts depicting the caseflow in 1981-82 of cases filed and disposed in the district courts. The main classifications of case types illustrated are: general civil (contractual, tort, foreclosure, and negligence), domestic relations (divorce, reciprocal support, paternity and adoption), probate (administration of estates, determination of death, mental health, guardianship, and general probate), small claims (matters of controversy of $1,000.00 or less), juvenile litigation (all matters of juvenile law responsibility) and criminal felony and misdemeanor cases. Included in the misdemeanor caseload are all traffic, driving under the influence, and general misdemeanor cases.

The data in the following charts are arranged in sequence by judicial district with each county caseload within the district displayed separately. An aggregate total for statewide caseload appears at the end of each set of charts.

The statewide total of district court filings during 1981-1982 was 503,143, compared with the 495,853 filings for calendar year 1980, thus an increase of 7,290 or 1.5%. The various changes by litigation category show that the civil litigation increased from 52,492 cases filed in 1980 to 54,606 or 4.0 percent. The domestic relations category (including juvenile caseload) increased from 52,004 in 1980 to 54,177 or 4.2 percent. The probate litigation increased from 17,205 in 1980 to 18,060 or 4.9 percent. Small claims litigation increased from 85,298 in 1980 to 89,308 or 4.7 percent. In the criminal litigation, the misdemeanor caseload decreased from 265,252 in 1980 to 260,916 or 1.68 percent. However, the felony litigation increased from 23,696 in 1980 to 26,076 or 10.0 percent.

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CIVIL LITIGATION
July, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 1						
Beaver	77	132	209	84	40.2	125
Cimarron	27	42	69	41	59.4	28
Harper	55	64	119	81	68.1	38
Texas	127	204	331	196	59.2	135
District Totals	286	442	728	402	55.2	326
District 2						
Beckham	52	302	354	255	72.0	99
Custer	166	379	545	351	64.4	194
Ellis	65	93	158	88	55.7	70
Greer	40	88	128	71	55.5	57
Harmon	25	52	77	46	59.7	31
Roger Mills	21	90	111	81	73.0	30
District Totals	369	1,004	1,373	892	65.0	481
District 3						
Jackson	140	252	392	197	50.3	195
Kiowa	93	124	217	91	41.9	126
Tillman	20	77	97	68	70.1	29
Washita	241	140	381	267	70.1	114
District Totals	494	593	1,087	623	57.3	464
District 4						
Alfalfa	52	77	129	70	54.3	59
Blaine	153	166	319	173	54.2	146
Dewey	134	165	299	207	69.2	92
Garfield	246	847	1,093	722	66.1	371
Grant	16	60	76	50	65.8	26
Kingfisher	144	350	494	253	51.2	241
Major	126	145	271	161	59.4	110
Woods	67	101	168	94	56.0	74
Woodward	179	378	557	430	77.2	127
District Totals	1,117	2,289	3,406	2,160	63.4	1,246

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CIVIL LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 5						
Comanche	1,005	1,712	2,717	1,548	57.0	1,169
Cotton	56	76	132	75	56.8	57
Jefferson	80	68	148	60	40.5	88
Stephens	256	396	652	417	64.0	235
District Totals	1,397	2,252	3,649	2,100	57.6	1,549
District 6						
Caddo	221	314	535	320	59.8	215
Grady	698	681	1,379	667	48.4	712
District Totals	919	995	1,914	987	51.6	927
District 7						
Oklahoma	18,351	16,308	34,659	14,595	42.1	20,064
District Totals	18,351	16,308	34,659	14,595	42.1	20,064
District 8						
Kay	440	766	1,206	696	57.7	510
Noble	137	200	337	177	52.5	160
District Totals	577	966	1,543	873	56.6	670
District 9						
Logan	198	290	488	277	56.8	211
Payne	921	689	1,610	236	14.7	1,374
District Totals	1,119	979	2,098	513	24.5	1,585
District 10						
Osage	336	410	746	405	54.3	341
District Totals	336	410	746	405	54.3	341

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CIVIL LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 11						
Nowata	182	215	397	183	46.1	214
Washington	725	558	1,283	414	32.3	869
District Totals	907	773	1,680	597	35.5	1,083
District 12						
Craig	148	220	368	239	64.9	129
Mayes	195	437	632	411	65.0	221
Rogers	417	559	976	499	51.1	477
District Totals	760	1,216	1,976	1,149	58.1	827
District 13						
Delaware	394	376	770	302	39.2	468
Ottawa	392	450	842	446	53.0	396
District Totals	786	826	1,612	748	46.4	864
District 14						
Pawnee	47	178	225	187	83.1	38
Tulsa	25,647	11,234	36,881	4,524	12.3	32,357
District Totals	25,694	11,412	37,106	4,711	12.7	32,395
District 15						
Adair	99	184	283	168	59.4	115
Cherokee	375	458	833	367	44.1	466
Muskogee	2,504	1,160	3,664	467	12.7	3,197
Sequoyah	416	340	756	372	49.2	384
Wagoner	281	559	840	290	34.5	550
District Totals	3,675	2,701	6,376	1,664	26.1	4,712

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR CIVIL LITIGATION July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 16						
Haskell	93	139	232	127	54.7	105
Latimer	84	96	180	111	61.7	69
LeFlore	251	456	707	504	71.3	203
District Totals	428	691	1,119	742	66.3	377
District 17						
Choctaw	183	210	393	180	45.8	213
McCurtain	349	447	796	416	52.3	380
Pushmataha	93	216	309	188	60.8	121
District Totals	625	873	1,498	784	52.3	714
District 18						
McIntosh	136	189	325	201	61.8	124
Pittsburg	368	600	968	485	50.1	483
District Totals	504	789	1,293	686	53.1	607
District 19						
Bryan	220	358	578	298	51.6	280
District Totals	220	358	578	298	51.6	280
District 20						
Carter	794	841	1,635	1,238	75.7	397
Johnston	106	107	213	80	37.6	133
Love	132	63	195	85	43.6	110
Marshall	100	110	210	72	34.3	138
Murray	149	124	273	223	81.7	50
District Totals	1,281	1,245	2,526	1,698	67.2	828

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CIVIL LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 21						
Cleveland	467	1,597	2,064	1,381	66.9	683
Garvin	392	315	707	235	33.2	472
McClain	304	226	530	221	41.7	309
District Totals	1,163	2,138	3,301	1,837	55.6	1,464
District 22						
Hughes	71	241	312	258	82.7	54
Pontotoc	164	504	668	158	23.7	510
Seminole	516	701	1,217	701	57.6	516
District Totals	751	1,446	2,197	1,117	50.8	1,080
District 23						
Lincoln	176	413	589	361	61.3	228
Pottawatomie	483	642	1,125	770	68.4	355
District Totals	659	1,055	1,714	1,131	66.0	583
District 24						
Creek	942	932	1,874	907	48.4	967
Okfuskee	72	208	280	124	44.3	156
Okmulgee	365	652	1,017	615	60.5	402
District Totals	1,379	1,792	3,171	1,646	51.9	1,525
District 25						
Atoka	201	243	444	252	56.8	192
Coal	40	80	120	76	63.3	44
District Totals	241	323	564	328	58.2	236

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CIVIL LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
trict 26						
adian	868	730	1,598	794	49.7	804
istrict Totals	868	730	1,598	794	49.7	804
atewide Totals	64,906	54,606	119,512	43,484	36.4	76,028

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CIVIL DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 1					
Beaver	1	25	51	7	84
Cimarron	6	2	5	28	41
Harper	5	45	22	9	81
Texas	5	123	52	16	196
District Totals	17	195	130	60	402
District 2					
Beckham	17	198	29	11	255
Custer	12	228	57	54	351
Ellis	1	40	18	29	88
Greer	1	6	20	44	71
Harmon	0	12	18	16	46
Roger Mills	0	72	9	0	81
District Totals	31	556	151	154	892
District 3					
Jackson	3	10	48	136	197
Kiowa	0	4	23	64	91
Tillman	0	6	8	54	68
Washita	3	46	1	217	267
District Totals	3	66	80	471	623
District 4					
Alfalfa	4	48	18	0	70
Blaine	5	28	74	66	173
Dewey	1	127	51	28	207
Garfield	22	120	261	319	722
Grant	1	25	19	5	50
Kingfisher	3	51	134	65	253
Major	3	25	54	79	161
Woods	0	18	34	42	94
Woodward	0	395	35	0	430
District Totals	39	837	680	604	2,160

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CIVIL DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 5					
Comanche	46	886	232	384	1,548
Cotton	4	13	20	38	75
Jefferson	0	8	15	37	60
Stephens	6	93	164	154	417
District Totals	56	1,000	431	613	2,100
District 6					
Caddo	12	20	165	123	320
Grady	13	404	248	2	667
District Totals	25	424	413	125	987
District 7					
Oklahoma	209	1,082	171	13,133	14,595
District Totals	209	1,082	171	13,133	14,595
District 8					
Kay	23	72	319	282	696
Noble	3	6	113	55	177
District Totals	26	78	432	337	873
District 9					
Logan	8	29	112	128	277
Payne	4	176	48	8	236
District Totals	12	205	160	136	513
District 10					
Osage	8	250	41	106	405
District Totals	8	250	41	106	405

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CIVIL DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 11					
Nowata	0	116	67	0	183
Washington	3	11	137	263	414
District Totals	3	127	204	263	597
District 12					
Craig	3	126	45	65	239
Mayes	9	96	153	153	411
Rogers	7	55	72	365	499
District Totals	19	277	270	583	1,149
District 13					
Delaware	0	21	103	178	302
Ottawa	7	36	42	361	446
District Totals	7	57	145	539	748
District 14					
Pawnee	12	56	90	29	187
Tulsa	178	632	681	3,033	4,524
District Totals	190	688	771	3,062	4,711
District 15					
Adair	7	61	24	76	168
Cherokee	14	86	118	149	367
Muskogee	55	114	174	124	467
Sequoyah	16	87	105	164	372
Wagoner	9	118	112	51	290
District Totals	101	466	533	564	1,664

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CIVIL DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 16					
Haskell	5	51	45	26	127
Latimer	2	21	16	72	111
LeFlore	29	398	77	0	504
District Totals	36	470	138	98	742
District 17					
Choctaw	0	0	27	153	180
McCurtain	5	326	85	0	416
Pushmataha	8	8	70	102	188
District Totals	13	334	182	255	784
District 18					
McIntosh	6	36	72	87	201
Pittsburg	29	126	145	185	485
District Totals	35	162	217	272	686
District 19					
Bryan	3	201	19	75	298
District Totals	3	201	19	75	298
District 20					
Carter	75	181	251	731	1,238
Johnston	2	7	15	54	78
Love	1	4	30	50	85
Marshall	2	30	10	30	72
Murray	29	135	30	29	223
District Totals	109	357	336	894	1,696

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CIVIL DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

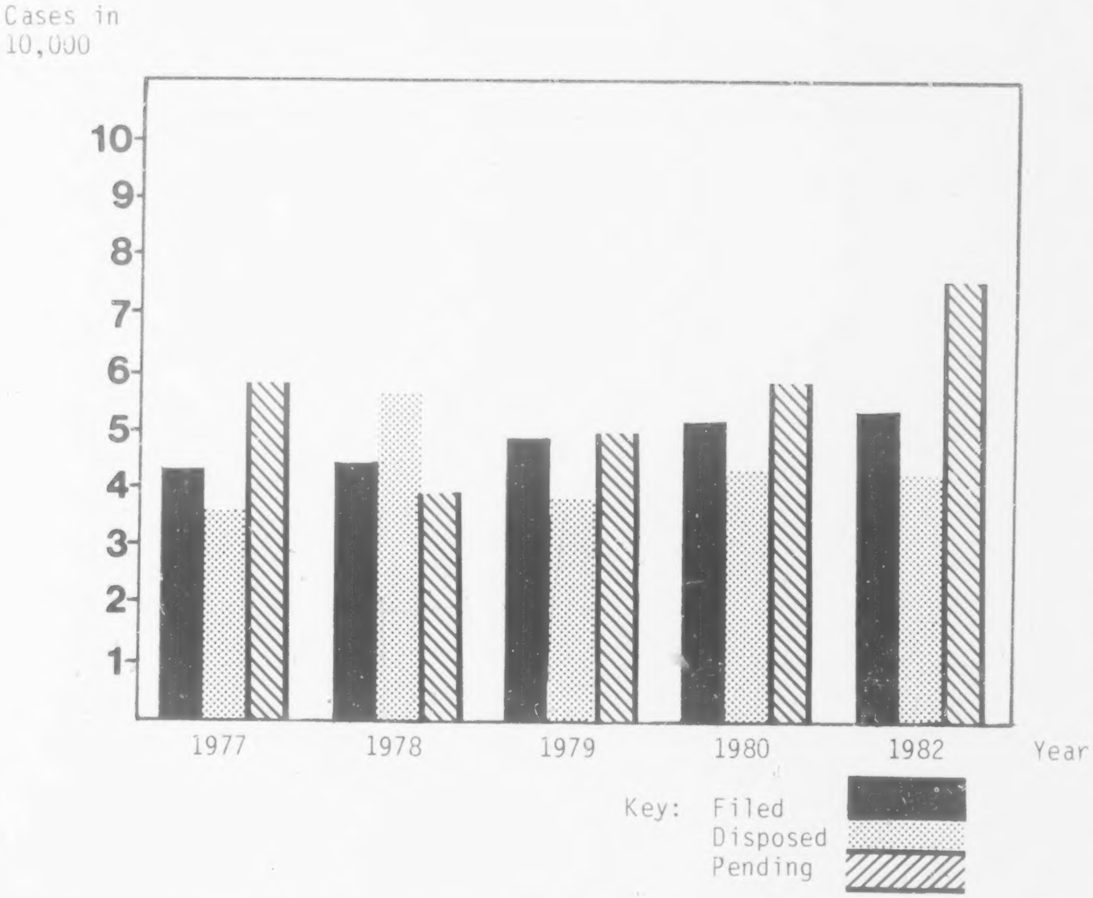
	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 21					
Cleveland	16	267	562	536	1,381
Garvin	1	142	66	26	235
McClain	2	42	103	74	221
District Totals	19	451	731	636	1,837
District 22					
Hughes	3	174	7	74	258
Pontotoc	0	0	110	48	158
Seminole	17	138	288	258	701
District Totals	20	312	405	380	1,117
District 23					
Lincoln	7	17	50	287	361
Pottawatomie	17	69	410	274	770
District Totals	24	86	460	561	1,131
District 24					
Creek	22	552	290	43	907
Okfuskee	2	109	13	0	124
Okmulgee	14	150	218	233	615
District Totals	38	811	521	276	1,646
District 25					
Atoka	14	130	103	5	252
Coal	0	7	11	58	76
District Totals	14	137	114	63	328

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CIVIL DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 26					
Canadian	14	178	358	244	794
District Totals	14	178	358	244	794
Statewide Totals	1,074	9,807	8,093	24,504	43,478

DISTRICT COURT CIVIL CASELOAD
Filed, Disposed, and Pending Caseload Trends
1977 - 1982

Year	Filed	Disposed	Pending
1977	43,778	34,784	57,512
1978	46,628	54,740	39,889
1979	48,525	38,672	49,718
1980	52,492	43,737	58,473
1982*	54,606	43,484	76,028



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* Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July, 1981 to June, 1982).

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR DOMESTIC RELATIONS LITIGATION

July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 1						
Beaver	21	81	102	84	82.4	18
Cimarron	33	38	71	36	50.7	35
Harper	19	48	67	56	83.6	11
Texas	134	214	348	181	52.0	167
District Totals	207	381	588	357	60.7	231
District 2						
Beckham	69	367	436	354	81.2	82
Custer	111	367	478	424	88.7	54
Ellis	25	51	76	63	82.9	13
Greer	20	94	114	88	77.2	26
Harmon	17	49	66	48	72.7	18
Roger Mills	7	43	50	37	74.0	13
District Totals	249	971	1,220	1,014	83.1	206
District 3						
Jackson	191	448	639	474	74.2	165
Kiowa	53	161	214	140	65.4	74
Tillman	25	107	132	98	74.2	34
Washita	74	217	291	196	67.4	95
District Totals	343	933	1,276	908	71.2	368
District 4						
Alfalfa	17	60	77	59	76.6	18
Blaine	66	184	250	186	74.4	64
Dewey	15	92	107	75	70.1	32
Garfield	190	927	1,117	900	80.6	217
Grant	10	53	63	52	82.5	11
Kingfisher	50	179	229	180	78.6	49
Major	42	84	126	77	61.1	49
Woods	39	125	164	112	68.3	52
Woodward	138	353	491	396	80.7	95
District Totals	567	2,057	2,624	2,037	77.6	587

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
DOMESTIC RELATIONS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 5						
Comanche	1,817	2,259	4,076	1,753	43.0	2,323
Cotton	36	80	116	99	85.3	17
Jefferson	127	121	248	94	37.9	154
Stephens	264	636	900	514	57.1	386
District Totals	2,244	3,096	5,340	2,460	46.1	2,880
District 6						
Caddo	238	481	719	451	62.7	268
Grady	436	652	1,088	659	60.6	429
District Totals	674	1,133	1,807	1,110	61.4	697
District 7						
Oklahoma	10,670	10,336	21,006	9,634	45.9	11,372
District Totals	10,670	10,336	21,006	9,634	45.9	11,372
District 8						
Kay	272	757	1,029	766	74.4	263
Noble	87	150	237	150	63.3	87
District Totals	359	907	1,266	916	72.4	350
District 9						
Logan	108	318	426	340	79.8	86
Payne	817	647	1,464	435	29.7	1,029
District Totals	925	965	1,890	775	41.0	1,115
District 10						
Osage	273	570	843	464	55.0	379
District Totals	273	570	843	464	55.0	379

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
DOMESTIC RELATIONS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 11						
Nowata	93	136	229	140	61.1	89
Washington	567	670	1,237	650	52.5	587
District Totals	660	806	1,466	790	53.9	676
District 12						
Craig	57	237	294	218	74.1	76
Mayes	122	458	580	435	75.0	145
Rogers	227	692	919	697	75.8	222
District Totals	406	1,387	1,793	1,350	75.3	443
District 13						
Delaware	163	400	563	293	52.0	270
Ottawa	419	497	916	605	66.0	311
District Totals	582	897	1,479	898	60.7	581
District 14						
Pawnee	18	208	226	214	94.7	12
Tulsa	7,121	7,109	14,230	7,151	50.3	7,079
District Totals	7,139	7,317	14,456	7,365	50.9	7,091
District 15						
Adair	99	246	345	234	67.8	111
Cherokee	157	399	556	290	52.2	266
Muskogee	1,688	1,119	2,807	1,220	43.5	1,587
Sequoyah	291	463	754	363	48.1	391
Wagoner	247	503	750	538	71.7	212
District Totals	2,482	2,730	5,212	2,645	50.7	2,567

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR DOMESTIC RELATIONS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 16						
Haskell	72	155	227	116	51.1	111
Latimer	82	130	212	104	49.1	108
LeFlore	121	784	905	754	83.3	151
District Totals	275	1,069	1,344	974	72.5	370
District 17						
Choctaw	179	324	503	224	44.5	279
McCurtain	222	531	753	498	66.1	255
Pushmataha	46	148	194	151	77.8	43
District Totals	447	1,003	1,450	873	60.2	577
District 18						
McIntosh	47	212	259	192	74.1	67
Pittsburg	193	586	779	540	69.3	239
District Totals	240	798	1,038	732	70.5	306
District 19						
Bryan	247	433	680	498	73.2	182
District Totals	247	433	680	498	73.2	182
District 20						
Carter	600	531	1,131	532	47.0	599
Johnston	98	111	209	100	47.8	109
Love	127	94	221	93	42.1	128
Marshall	59	113	172	100	58.1	72
Murray	108	176	284	241	84.9	43
District Totals	992	1,025	2,017	1,066	52.9	951

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR DOMESTIC RELATIONS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 21						
Cleveland	348	1,910	2,258	1,738	77.0	520
Garvin	284	399	683	334	48.9	349
McClain	347	281	628	271	43.2	357
District Totals	979	2,590	3,569	2,343	65.6	1,226
District 22						
Hughes	30	150	180	160	88.9	20
Pontotoc	323	378	701	261	37.2	440
Seminole	249	322	571	321	56.2	250
District Totals	602	850	1,452	742	51.1	710
District 23						
Lincoln	118	312	430	359	83.5	71
Pottawatomie	120	889	1,009	897	88.9	112
District Totals	238	1,201	1,439	1,256	87.3	183
District 24						
Creek	775	934	1,709	754	44.1	955
Okfuskee	39	119	158	91	57.6	67
Okmulgee	225	585	810	519	64.1	291
District Totals	1,039	1,638	2,677	1,364	51.0	1,313
District 25						
Atoka	53	154	207	175	84.5	32
Coal	15	71	86	58	67.4	28
District Totals	68	225	293	233	79.5	60

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR DOMESTIC RELATIONS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 26						
Canadian	489	796	1,285	831	64.7	454
District Totals	489	796	1,285	831	64.7	454
Statewide Totals	33,396	46,114	79,510	43,635	54.9	35,875

CASELOAD INVENTORY
DOMESTIC RELATIONS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 1					
Beaver	0	2	69	13	84
Cimarron	0	20	13	3	36
Harper	0	23	24	8	55
Texas	0	76	93	12	181
District Totals	0	121	199	36	356
District 2					
Beckham	0	43	270	42	355
Custer	0	125	259	50	434
Ellis	0	12	44	6	62
Greer	0	20	59	9	88
Harmon	0	23	21	3	47
Roger Mills	0	24	13	0	37
District Totals	0	247	666	110	1,023
District 3					
Jackson	0	37	413	65	515
Kiowa	0	5	118	17	140
Tillman	0	13	77	7	97
Washita	0	20	156	20	196
District Totals	0	75	764	109	948
District 4					
Alfalfa	0	12	39	8	59
Blaine	0	40	135	11	186
Dewey	0	51	62	17	130
Garfield	0	552	278	78	908
Grant	0	19	27	6	52
Kingfisher	0	34	140	6	180
Major	0	14	60	3	77
Woods	0	16	86	10	112
Woodward	0	315	48	33	396
District Totals	0	1,053	875	172	2,100

CASELOAD INVENTORY
DOMESTIC RELATIONS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 5					
Comanche	0	557	1,029	167	1,753
Cotton	0	13	69	8	90
Jefferson	0	2	83	9	94
Stephens	0	45	422	48	515
District Totals	0	617	1,603	232	2,452
District 6					
Caddo	0	18	386	31	435
Grady	0	124	488	47	659
District Totals	0	142	874	78	1,094
District 7					
Oklahoma	0	323	8,692	572	9,587
District Totals	0	323	8,692	572	9,587
District 8					
Kay	0	81	596	89	766
Noble	0	17	129	4	150
District Totals	0	98	725	93	916
District 9					
Logan	0	51	253	36	340
Payne	0	338	57	38	433
District Totals	0	389	310	74	773
District 10					
Osage	0	270	133	60	463
District Totals	0	270	133	60	463

CASELOAD INVENTORY
DOMESTIC RELATIONS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 11					
Nowata	0	121	13	5	139
Washington	0	28	557	64	649
District Totals	0	149	570	69	788
District 12					
Craig	0	142	52	24	218
Mayes	0	75	329	27	431
Rogers	0	145	490	62	697
District Totals	0	362	871	113	1,346
District 13					
Delaware	0	9	267	17	293
Ottawa	0	65	506	34	605
District Totals	0	74	773	51	898
District 14					
Pawnee	0	44	133	26	203
Tulsa	1	316	6,390	444	7,151
District Totals	1	360	6,523	470	7,354
District 15					
Adair	1	57	135	41	234
Cherokee	0	104	260	33	397
Muskogee	0	130	1,000	94	1,224
Sequoyah	0	39	292	32	363
Wagoner	0	285	210	43	538
District Totals	1	615	1,897	243	2,756

CASELOAD INVENTORY
DOMESTIC RELATIONS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 16					
Haskell	0	42	59	10	111
Latimer	0	7	89	8	104
LeFlore	0	110	488	143	741
District Totals	0	159	636	161	956
District 17					
Choctaw	0	4	205	15	224
McCurtain	1	58	401	16	476
Pushmataha	0	16	123	11	150
District Totals	1	78	729	42	850
District 18					
McIntosh	0	13	174	5	192
Pittsburg	0	75	418	47	540
District Totals	0	88	592	52	732
District 19					
Bryan	1	128	339	30	498
District Totals	1	128	339	30	498
District 20					
Carter	0	27	475	30	532
Johnston	0	40	55	5	100
Love	0	13	74	6	93
Marshall	0	70	30	4	104
Murray	0	89	118	34	241
District Totals	0	239	752	79	1,070

CASELOAD INVENTORY
DOMESTIC RELATIONS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

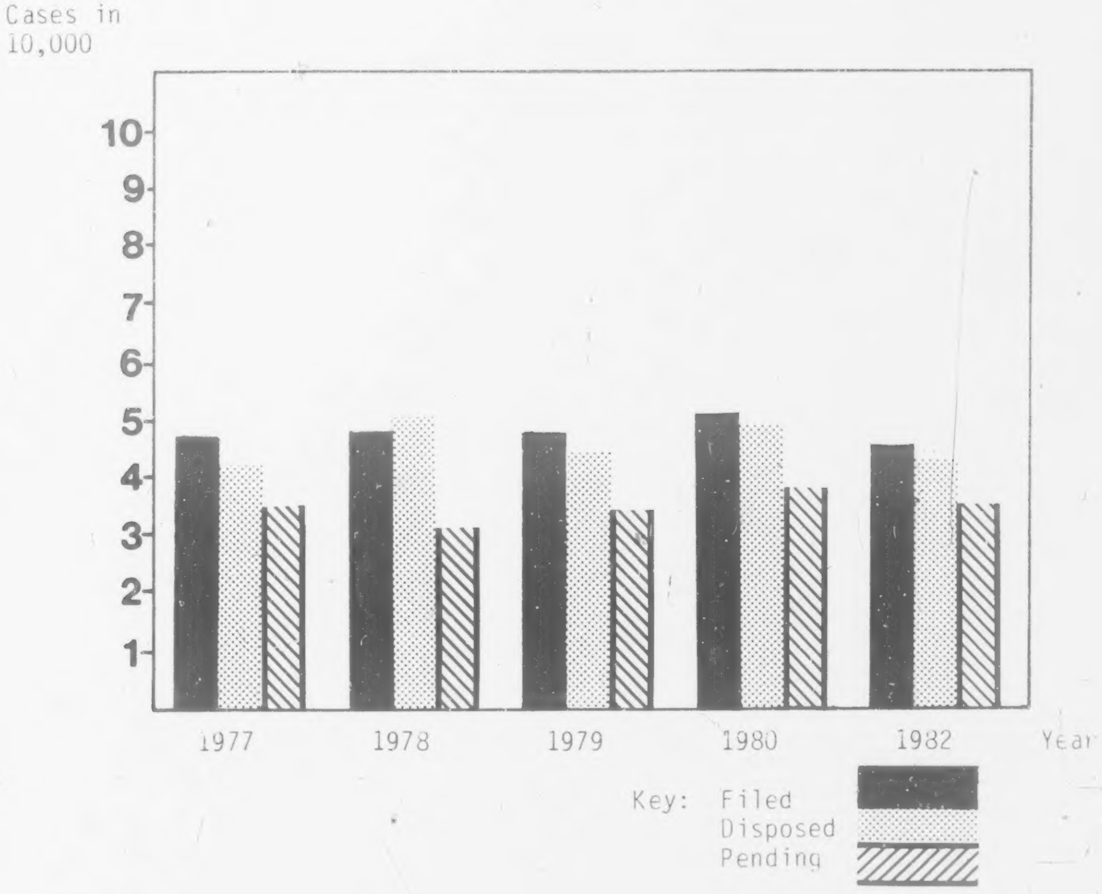
	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 21					
Cleveland	0	144	1,420	174	1,738
Garvin	0	100	196	38	334
McClain	0	11	240	20	271
District Totals	0	255	1,856	232	2,343
District 22					
Hughes	0	91	54	15	160
Pontotoc	0	1	123	19	143
Seminole	0	140	157	23	320
District Totals	0	232	334	57	623
District 23					
Lincoln	0	20	303	38	361
Pottawatomie	0	250	432	129	811
District Totals	0	270	735	167	1,172
District 24					
Creek	0	262	426	61	749
Okfuskee	0	20	58	5	83
Okmulgee	0	37	420	62	519
District Totals	0	319	904	128	1,351
District 25					
Atoka	0	99	74	0	173
Coal	0	3	50	5	58
District Totals	0	102	124	5	231

CASELOAD INVENTORY
DOMESTIC RELATIONS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 26					
Canadian	0	210	553	68	831
District Totals	0	210	553	68	831
Statewide Totals	4	6,975	33,029	3,503	43,511

DISTRICT COURT DOMESTIC RELATIONS* CASELOAD
Filed, Disposed, and Pending Caseload Trends
1977 - 1982

Year	Filed	Disposed	Pending
1977	47,688	42,457	34,995
1978	47,785	51,426	31,401
1979	48,682	45,709	34,393
1980	52,004	49,613	37,139
1982**	46,114	43,635	35,875



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* Includes Juvenile caseload

** Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July, 1981 to June, 1982).

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
PROBATE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 -- June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 1						
Beaver	160	87	247	137	55.5	110
Cimarron	54	50	104	47	45.2	57
Harper	99	88	187	67	35.8	120
Texas	163	146	309	130	42.1	179
District Totals	476	371	847	381	45.0	466
District 2						
Beckham	89	232	321	256	79.8	65
Custer	89	215	304	197	64.8	107
Ellis	86	76	162	70	43.2	92
Greer	53	83	136	76	55.9	60
Harmon	46	45	91	48	52.7	43
Roger Mills	62	86	148	39	26.4	109
District Totals	425	737	1,162	686	59.0	476
District 3						
Jackson	124	159	283	132	46.6	151
Kiowa	144	141	285	119	41.8	166
Tillman	52	98	150	95	63.3	55
Washita	84	153	237	157	66.2	80
District Totals	404	551	955	503	52.7	452
District 4						
Alfalfa	96	88	184	109	59.2	75
Blaine	174	148	322	148	46.0	174
Dewey	98	69	167	49	29.3	118
Garfield	632	403	1,035	503	48.6	532
Grant	79	75	154	79	51.3	75
Kingfisher	116	134	250	134	53.6	116
Major	91	74	165	67	40.6	98
Woods	137	107	244	106	43.4	138
Woodward	133	162	295	158	53.6	137
District Totals	1,556	1,260	2,816	1,353	48.0	1,463

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
PROBATE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 5						
Comanche	963	385	1,348	242	18.0	1,106
Cotton	46	59	105	65	61.9	40
Jefferson	162	103	265	124	46.8	141
Stephens	263	265	528	253	47.9	275
District Totals	1,434	812	2,246	684	30.5	1,562
District 6						
Caddo	391	275	666	378	56.8	288
Grady	614	334	948	408	43.0	540
District Totals	1,005	609	1,614	786	48.7	828
District 7						
Oklahoma	5,828	2,797	8,625	1,673	19.4	6,952
District Totals	5,828	2,797	8,625	1,673	19.4	6,952
District 8						
Kay	247	306	553	280	50.6	273
Noble	206	105	311	61	19.6	250
District Totals	453	411	864	341	39.5	523
District 9						
Logan	327	213	540	313	58.0	227
Payne	385	310	695	131	18.8	564
District Totals	712	523	1,235	444	36.0	791
District 10						
Osage	374	280	654	234	35.8	420
District Totals	374	280	654	234	35.8	420

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
PROBATE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 11						
Nowata	89	50	139	87	62.6	52
Washington	225	256	481	228	47.4	253
District Totals	314	306	620	315	50.8	305
District 12						
Craig	103	116	219	96	43.8	123
Mayes	54	183	237	172	72.6	65
Rogers	174	176	350	146	41.7	204
District Totals	331	475	806	414	51.4	392
District 13						
Delaware	158	153	311	175	56.3	136
Ottawa	53	162	215	202	94.0	13
District Totals	211	315	526	377	71.7	149
District 14						
Pawnee	28	117	145	125	86.2	20
Tulsa	3,383	2,335	5,718	3,140	54.9	2,578
District Totals	3,411	2,452	5,863	3,265	55.7	2,598
District 15						
Adair	41	88	129	94	72.9	35
Cherokee	137	156	293	205	70.0	88
Muskogee	666	404	1,070	415	38.8	655
Sequoyah	151	137	288	148	51.4	140
Wagoner	111	172	283	140	49.5	143
District Totals	1,106	957	2,063	1,002	48.6	1,061

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR PROBATE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 16						
Haskell	117	97	214	44	20.6	170
Latimer	33	112	145	102	70.3	43
LeFlore	174	249	423	245	57.9	178
District Totals	324	458	782	391	50.0	391
District 17						
Choctaw	94	94	188	99	52.7	89
McCurtain	257	139	396	112	28.3	284
Pushmataha	61	98	159	64	40.3	95
District Totals	412	331	743	275	37.0	468
District 18						
McIntosh	56	130	186	143	76.9	43
Pittsburg	412	307	719	271	37.7	448
District Totals	468	437	905	414	45.7	491
District 19						
Bryan	25	177	202	175	86.6	27
District Totals	25	177	202	175	86.6	27
District 20						
Carter	437	266	703	467	66.4	236
Johnston	84	47	131	48	36.6	83
Love	41	54	95	53	55.8	42
Marshall	73	76	149	46	30.9	103
Murray	39	89	228	212	93.0	16
District Totals	74	532	1,306	826	63.2	480

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
PROBATE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 21						
Cleveland	197	591	788	630	79.9	158
Garvin	233	251	484	231	47.7	253
McClain	122	105	227	86	37.9	141
District Totals	552	947	1,499	947	63.2	552
District 22						
Hughes	43	165	208	172	82.7	36
Pontotoc	160	207	367	60	16.3	307
Seminole	257	279	536	227	42.4	309
District Totals	460	651	1,111	459	41.3	652
District 23						
Lincoln	165	208	373	211	56.6	162
Pottawatomie	345	317	662	391	59.1	271
District Totals	510	525	1,035	602	58.2	433
District 24						
Creek	480	347	827	310	37.5	517
Okfuskee	159	123	282	122	43.3	160
Okmulgee	139	298	437	318	72.8	119
District Totals	778	768	1,546	750	48.5	796
District 25						
Atoka	41	57	98	64	65.3	34
Coal	28	42	70	33	47.1	37
District Totals	69	99	168	97	57.7	71

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
PROBATE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 26						
Canadian	159	279	438	253	57.8	185
District Totals	159	279	438	253	57.8	185
Statewide Totals	22,571	18,060	40,631	17,647	43.4	22,984

CASELOAD INVENTORY
PROBATE DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981, - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 1			
Beaver	0	137	137
Cimarron	0	47	47
Harper	0	67	67
Texas	0	130	130
District Totals	0	381	381
District 2			
Beckham	13	243	256
Custer	13	184	197
Ellis	3	67	70
Greer	0	76	76
Harmon	0	48	48
Roger Mills	17	22	39
District Totals	46	640	686
District 3			
Jackson	1	132	133
Kiowa	6	113	119
Tillman	2	93	95
Washita	3	154	157
District Totals	12	492	504
District 4			
Alfalfa	0	109	109
Blaine	5	143	148
Dewey	0	49	49
Garfield	5	498	503
Grant	1	78	79
Kingfisher	6	128	134
Major	0	67	67
Woods	1	105	106
Woodward	1	157	158
District Totals	19	1,334	1,353

CASELOAD INVENTORY
PROBATE DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981, - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 5			
Comanche	2	240	242
Cotton	5	60	65
Jefferson	4	120	124
Stephens	12	241	253
District Totals	23	661	684
District 6			
Caddo	4	374	378
Grady	17	394	411
District Totals	21	768	789
District 7			
Oklahoma	2	1,671	1,673
District Totals	2	1,671	1,673
District 8			
Kay	4	276	280
Noble	1	60	61
District Totals	5	336	341
District 9			
Logan	3	310	313
Payne	14	117	131
District Totals	17	427	444
District 10			
Osage	8	226	234
District Totals	8	226	234

CASELOAD INVENTORY
PROBATE DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981, - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 11			
Nowata	0	87	87
Washington	6	222	228
District Totals	6	309	315
District 12			
Craig	30	66	96
Mayes	8	164	172
Rogers	18	128	146
District Totals	56	358	414
District 13			
Delaware	13	162	175
Ottawa	15	187	202
District Totals	28	349	377
District 14			
Pawnee	17	108	125
Tulsa	22	3,118	3,140
District Totals	39	3,226	3,265
District 15			
Adair	9	85	94
Cherokee	1	204	205
Muskogee	16	399	415
Sequoyah	29	119	148
Wagoner	23	117	140
District Totals	78	924	1,002

CASELOAD INVENTORY
PROBATE DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981, - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 16			
Haskell	4	40	44
Latimer	1	101	102
LeFlore	20	225	245
District Totals	25	366	391
District 17			
Choctaw	1	98	99
McCurtain	0	112	112
Pushmataha	21	43	64
District Totals	22	253	275
District 18			
McIntosh	2	141	143
Pittsburg	8	263	271
District Totals	10	404	414
District 19			
Bryan	3	172	175
District Totals	3	172	175
District 20			
Carter	17	450	467
Johnston	7	41	48
Love	1	52	53
Marshall	0	46	46
Murray	28	184	212
District Totals	53	773	826

CASELOAD INVENTORY
PROBATE DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981, - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 21			
Cleveland	49	581	630
Garvin	0	231	231
McClain	3	83	86
District Totals	**52**	**895**	**947**
District 22			
Hughes	13	159	172
Pontotoc	6	54	60
Seminole	1	226	227
District Totals	**20**	**439**	**459**
District 23			
Lincoln	13	198	211
Pottawatomie	38	353	391
District Totals	**51**	**551**	**602**
District 24			
Creek	3	307	310
Okfuskee	63	59	122
Okmulgee	0	318	318
District Totals	**66**	**684**	**750**
District 25			
Atoka	6	58	64
Coal	0	33	33
District Totals	**6**	**91**	**97**

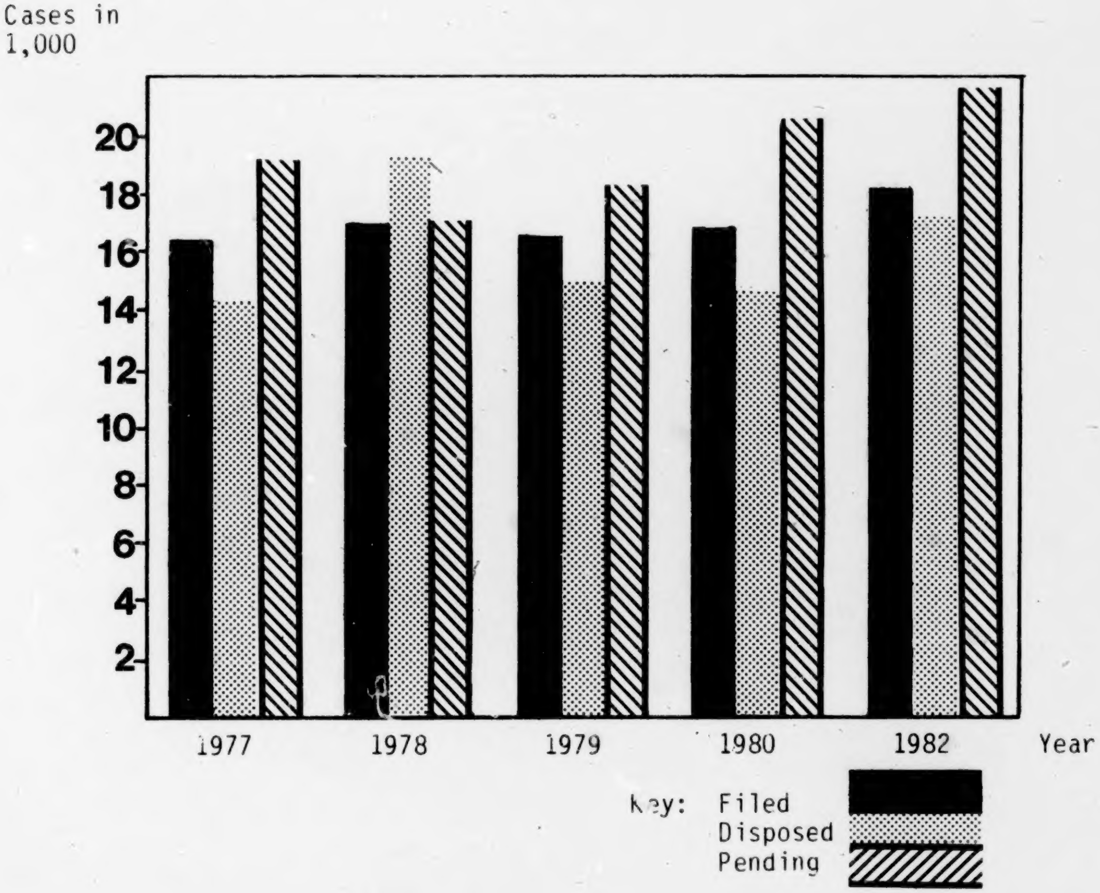
CASELOAD INVENTORY
PROBATE DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981, - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 26			
Canadian	6	247	253
District Totals	6	247	253
Statewide Totals	374	16,977	17,651

DISTRICT COURT PROBATE CASELOAD

Filed, Disposed, and Pending Caseload Trends
1977 - 1982

Year	Filed	Disposed	Pending
1977	16,532	14,752	19,422
1978	16,950	19,587	16,783
1979	17,181	15,296	18,775
1980	17,205	14,815	21,222
1982*	18,060	17,647	22,984



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* Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July, 1981 to June, 1982).

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
SMALL CLAIMS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 1						
Beaver	53	134	187	114	61.0	73
Cimarron	42	124	166	98	59.0	68
Harper	60	133	193	108	56.0	85
Texas	238	520	758	676	89.2	82
District Totals	393	911	1,304	996	76.4	308
District 2						
Beckham	13	516	529	482	91.1	47
Custer	158	526	684	559	81.7	125
Ellis	17	182	199	167	83.9	32
Greer	174	137	311	128	41.2	183
Harmon	12	78	90	68	75.6	22
Roger Mills	3	63	66	66	100.0	0
District Totals	377	1,502	1,879	1,470	78.2	409
District 3						
Jackson	152	338	490	310	63.3	180
Kiowa	122	205	327	193	59.0	134
Tillman	28	217	245	224	91.4	21
Washita	20	134	154	129	83.8	25
District Totals	322	894	1,216	856	70.4	360
District 4						
Alfalfa	44	120	164	114	69.5	50
Blaine	249	801	1,050	796	75.8	254
Dewey	288	69	357	340	95.2	17
Garfield	295	1,649	1,944	1,694	87.1	250
Grant	0	53	53	51	96.2	2
Kingfisher	70	552	622	530	85.2	92
Major	119	427	546	389	71.2	157
Woods	53	189	242	175	72.3	67
Woodward	445	946	1,391	504	36.2	887
District Totals	1,563	4,806	6,369	4,593	72.1	1,776

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
SMALL CLAIMS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 5						
Comanche	349	3,268	3,617	3,205	88.6	412
Cotton	108	191	299	283	94.6	16
Jefferson	126	224	350	218	62.3	132
Stephens	93	953	1,046	968	92.5	78
District Totals	**676**	**4,636**	**5,312**	**4,674**	**88.0**	**638**
District 6						
Caddo	368	696	1,064	872	82.0	192
Grady	2,547	876	3,423	2,812	82.2	611
District Totals	**2,915**	**1,572**	**4,487**	**3,684**	**82.1**	**803**
District 7						
Oklahoma	17,231	18,444	35,675	16,604	46.5	19,071
District Totals	**17,231**	**18,444**	**35,675**	**16,604**	**46.5**	**19,071**
District 8						
Kay	247	1,434	1,681	1,372	81.6	309
Noble	10	65	75	56	74.7	19
District Totals	**257**	**1,499**	**1,756**	**1,428**	**81.3**	**328**
District 9						
Logan	187	408	595	358	60.2	237
Payne	311	1,408	1,719	1,163	67.7	556
District Totals	**498**	**1,816**	**2,314**	**1,521**	**65.7**	**793**
District 10						
Osage	36	579	665	458	68.9	207
District Totals	**86**	**579**	**665**	**458**	**68.9**	**207**

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR SMALL CLAIMS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 11						
Nowata	169	210	379	294	77.6	85
Washington	702	853	1,555	963	61.9	592
District Totals	871	1,063	1,934	1,257	65.0	677
District 12						
Craig	133	336	469	373	79.5	96
Mayes	436	1,241	1,677	1,342	80.0	335
Rogers	358	741	1,099	834	75.9	265
District Totals	927	2,318	3,245	2,549	78.6	696
District 13						
Delaware	191	1,147	1,338	891	66.6	447
Ottawa	350	918	1,268	912	71.9	356
District Totals	541	2,065	2,606	1,803	69.2	803
District 14						
Pawnee	38	201	239	218	91.2	21
Tulsa	22,918	23,373	46,291	24,807	53.6	21,484
District Totals	22,956	23,574	46,530	25,025	53.8	21,505
District 15						
Adair	91	272	363	297	81.8	66
Cherokee	435	678	1,113	551	49.5	562
Muskogee	2,315	2,592	4,907	3,193	65.1	1,714
Sequoyah	266	389	655	352	53.7	303
Wagoner	293	529	822	534	65.0	288
District Totals	3,400	4,460	7,860	4,927	62.7	2,933

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR SMALL CLAIMS LITIGATION July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 16						
Haskell	161	265	426	165	38.7	261
Latimer	62	162	224	169	75.4	55
LeFlore	23	766	789	765	97.0	24
District Totals	**246**	**1,193**	**1,439**	**1,099**	**76.4**	**340**
District 17						
Choctaw	65	339	404	334	82.7	70
McCurtain	177	444	621	535	86.2	86
Pushmataha	0	161	161	138	85.7	23
District Totals	**242**	**944**	**1,186**	**1,007**	**84.9**	**179**
District 18						
McIntosh	131	287	418	362	86.6	56
Pittsburg	221	820	1,041	965	92.7	76
District Totals	**352**	**1,107**	**1,459**	**1,327**	**91.0**	**132**
District 19						
Bryan	44	413	457	402	88.0	55
District Totals	**44**	**413**	**457**	**402**	**88.0**	**55**
District 20						
Carter	783	1,758	2,541	2,306	90.8	235
Johnston	168	417	585	446	76.2	139
Love	100	244	344	235	68.3	109
Marshall	29	138	167	133	79.6	34
Murray	165	420	585	520	88.9	65
District Totals	**1,245**	**2,977**	**4,222**	**3,640**	**86.2**	**582**

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR SMALL CLAIMS LITIGATION July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 21						
Cleveland	244	3,095	3,339	2,944	88.2	395
Garvin	147	443	590	504	85.4	86
McClain	276	229	505	158	31.3	347
District Totals	**667**	**3,767**	**4,434**	**3,606**	**81.3**	**828**
District 22						
Hughes	50	607	657	609	92.7	48
Pontotoc	142	1,159	1,301	986	75.8	315
Seminole	394	686	1,080	883	81.8	197
District Totals	**586**	**2,452**	**3,038**	**2,478**	**81.6**	**560**
District 23						
Lincoln	167	348	515	333	64.7	182
Pottawatomie	560	1,168	1,728	824	47.7	904
District Totals	**727**	**1,516**	**2,243**	**1,157**	**51.6**	**1,086**
District 24						
Creek	2,068	1,279	3,347	1,094	32.7	2,253
Okfuskee	91	169	260	247	95.0	13
Okmulgee	1,123	1,523	2,646	2,352	88.9	294
District Totals	**3,282**	**2,971**	**6,253**	**3,693**	**59.1**	**2,560**
District 25						
Atoka	19	199	218	199	91.3	19
Coal	20	94	114	97	85.1	17
District Totals	**39**	**293**	**332**	**296**	**89.2**	**36**

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
SMALL CLAIMS LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 26						
Canadian	818	1,536	2,354	1,259	53.5	1,095
District Totals	818	1,536	2,354	1,259	53.5	1,095
Statewide Totals	61,261	89,308	150,569	91,809	61.0	58,760

CASELOAD INVENTORY
SMALL CLAIMS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 1			
Beaver	16	98	114
Cimarron	22	76	98
Harper	17	91	108
Texas	95	581	676
District Totals	150	846	996
District 2			
Beckham	46	436	482
Custer	200	359	559
Ellis	1	166	167
Greer	5	123	128
Harmon	7	61	68
Roger Mills	41	25	66
District Totals	300	1,170	1,470
District 3			
Jackson	34	276	310
Kiowa	36	157	193
Tillman	51	173	224
Washita	46	83	129
District Totals	167	689	856
District 4			
Alfalfa	7	107	114
Blaine	98	698	796
Dewey	261	79	340
Garfield	504	1,190	1,694
Grant	21	30	51
Kingfisher	1	529	530
Major	44	345	389
Woods	5	170	175
Woodward	247	257	504
District Totals	1,188	3,405	4,593

CASELOAD INVENTORY
SMALL CLAIMS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 5			
Comanche	871	2,334	3,205
Cotton	67	216	283
Jefferson	1	217	218
Stephens	76	892	968
District Totals	1,015	3,659	4,674
District 6			
Caddo	97	775	872
Grady	157	2,655	2,812
District Totals	254	3,430	3,684
District 7			
Oklahoma	566	16,038	16,604
District Totals	566	16,038	16,604
District 8			
Kay	143	1,229	1,372
Noble	4	52	56
District Totals	147	1,281	1,428
District 9			
Logan	92	266	358
Payne	500	663	1,163
District Totals	592	929	1,521
District 10			
Osage	70	388	458
District Totals	70	388	458

CASELOAD INVENTORY
SMALL CLAIMS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 11			
Nowata	15	279	294
Washington	232	731	963
District Totals	247	1,010	1,257
District 12			
Craig	71	302	373
Mayes	126	1,216	1,342
Rogers	161	673	834
District Totals	358	2,191	2,549
District 13			
Delaware	413	478	891
Ottawa	266	646	912
District Totals	679	1,124	1,803
District 14			
Pawnee	157	61	218
Tulsa	1,207	23,600	24,807
District Totals	1,364	23,661	25,025
District 15			
Adair	27	270	297
Cherokee	86	465	551
Muskogee	454	2,739	3,193
Sequoyah	109	243	352
Wagoner	431	103	534
District Totals	1,107	3,820	4,927

CASELOAD INVENTORY
SMALL CLAIMS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 16			
Haskell	108	57	165
Latimer	72	97	169
LeFlore	20	745	765
District Totals	200	899	1,099
District 17			
Choctaw	9	325	334
McCurtain	38	497	535
Pushmataha	34	104	138
District Totals	81	926	1,007
District 18			
McIntosh	37	325	362
Pittsburg	135	830	965
District Totals	172	1,155	1,327
District 19			
Bryan	212	190	402
District Totals	212	190	402
District 20			
Carter	583	1,723	2,306
Johnston	74	372	446
Love	71	164	235
Marshall	10	123	133
Murray	305	215	520
District Totals	1,043	2,597	3,640

CASELOAD INVENTORY
SMALL CLAIMS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

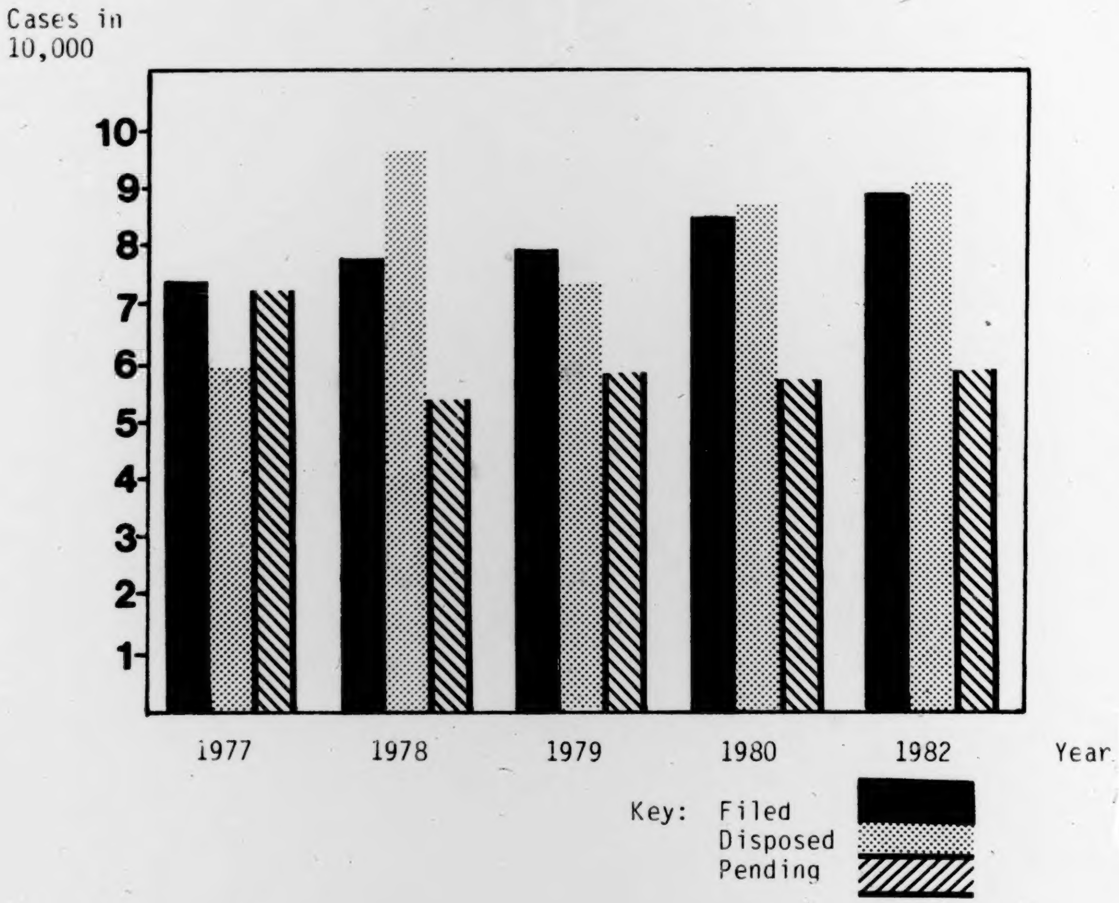
	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 21			
Cleveland	232	2,712	2,944
Garvin	79	425	504
McClain	27	131	158
District Totals	338	3,268	3,606
District 22			
Hughes	69	540	609
Pontotoc	2	984	986
Seminole	31	852	883
District Totals	102	2,376	2,478
District 23			
Lincoln	34	299	333
Pottawatomie	536	288	824
District Totals	570	587	1,157
District 24			
Creek	549	545	1,094
Okfuskee	88	159	247
Okmulgee	824	1,528	2,352
District Totals	1,461	2,232	3,693
District 25			
Atoka	40	159	199
Coal	7	90	97
District Totals	47	249	296

CASELOAD INVENTORY
SMALL CLAIMS DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	After Contest	Without Contest	Total Dispositions
District 26			
Canadian	190	1,069	1,259
District Totals	190	1,069	1,259
Statewide Totals	12,620	79,189	91,809

DISTRICT COURT SMALL CLAIMS CASELOAD
Filed, Disposed, and Pending Caseload Trends
1977 - 1982

Year	Filed	Disposed	Pending
1977	73,314	59,465	72,288
1978	77,798	95,425	54,661
1979	78,071	74,416	58,302
1980	85,298	86,415	57,185
1982*	89,308	91,809	58,760



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* Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July, 1981 to June, 1982).

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR JUVENILE LITIGATION
July, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 1						
Beaver	1	8	9	4	44.4	5
Cimarron	14	6	20	12	60.0	8
Harper	17	13	30	14	46.7	16
Texas	8	38	46	30	65.2	16
District Totals	40	65	105	60	57.1	45
District 2						
Beckham	0	32	32	30	93.8	2
Custer	0	61	61	61	100.0	0
Ellis	5	5	10	3	30.0	7
Greer	1	7	8	5	62.5	3
Harmon	1	4	5	5	100.0	0
Roger Mills	3	3	6	4	66.7	2
District Totals	10	112	122	108	88.5	14
District 3						
Jackson	66	44	110	68	61.8	42
Kiowa	6	16	22	18	81.8	4
Tillman	15	19	34	23	67.6	11
Washita	0	31	31	24	77.4	7
District Totals	87	110	197	133	67.5	64
District 4						
Alfalfa	3	1	4	4	100.0	0
Blaine	11	24	35	26	74.3	9
Dewey	24	21	45	33	73.3	12
Garfield	36	155	191	162	84.8	29
Grant	4	6	10	7	70.0	3
Kingfisher	1	17	18	14	77.8	4
Major	43	24	67	33	49.3	34
Woods	9	15	24	16	66.7	8
Woodward	56	54	110	21	19.1	89
District Totals	187	317	504	316	62.7	188

CASELOAD INVENTORY
JUVENILE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 5						
Comanche	20	339	359	301	83.8	58
Cotton	6	7	13	11	84.6	2
Jefferson	15	15	30	17	56.7	13
Stephens	96	58	154	125	81.2	29
District Totals	**137**	**419**	**556**	**454**	**81.7**	**102**
District 6						
Caddo	12	92	104	90	86.5	14
Grady	60	88	148	46	31.1	102
District Totals	**72**	**180**	**252**	**136**	**54.0**	**116**
District 7						
Oklahoma	3,593	2,379	5,972	2,018	33.8	3,954
District Totals	**3,593**	**2,379**	**5,972**	**2,018**	**33.8**	**3,954**
District 8						
Kay	88	54	142	137	96.5	5
Noble	2	15	17	11	64.7	6
District Totals	**90**	**69**	**159**	**148**	**93.1**	**11**
District 9						
Logan	45	60	105	78	74.3	27
Payne	126	114	240	91	37.9	149
District Totals	**171**	**174**	**345**	**169**	**49.0**	**176**
District 10						
Osage	99	51	150	51	34.0	99
District Totals	**99**	**51**	**150**	**51**	**34.0**	**99**

CASELOAD INVENTORY
JUVENILE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 11						
Nowata	4	13	17	11	64.7	6
Washington	31	88	119	72	60.5	47
District Totals	35	101	136	83	61.0	53
District 12						
Craig	13	6	19	12	63.2	7
Mayes	18	61	79	63	79.7	16
Rogers	56	51	107	65	60.7	42
District Totals	87	118	205	140	68.3	65
District 13						
Delaware	17	48	65	52	80.0	13
Ottawa	55	140	195	106	54.4	89
District Totals	72	188	260	158	60.8	102
District 14						
Pawnee	0	36	36	36	100.0	0
Tulsa	524	1,520	2,044	722	35.3	1,322
District Totals	524	1,556	2,080	758	36.4	1,322
District 15						
Adair	43	64	107	74	69.2	33
Cherokee	76	106	182	124	68.1	58
Muskogee	371	288	659	397	60.2	262
Sequoyah	63	46	109	65	59.6	44
Wagoner	24	234	258	176	68.2	82
District Totals	577	738	1,315	836	63.6	479

CASELOAD INVENTORY
JUVENILE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 16						
Haskell	24	50	74	24	32.4	50
Latimer	30	121	151	87	57.6	64
LeFlore	4	23	27	21	77.8	6
District Totals	58	194	252	132	52.4	120
District 17						
Choctaw	30	28	58	28	48.3	30
McCurtain	42	43	85	31	36.5	54
Pushmataha	10	24	34	18	52.9	16
District Totals	82	95	177	77	43.5	100
District 18						
McIntosh	33	30	63	39	61.9	24
Pittsburg	67	123	190	162	85.3	28
District Totals	100	153	253	201	79.4	52
District 19						
Bryan	40	77	117	77	65.8	40
District Totals	40	77	117	77	65.8	40
District 20						
Carter	13	78	91	84	92.3	7
Johnston	9	7	16	12	75.0	4
Love	6	16	22	15	68.2	7
Marshall	5	11	16	5	31.3	11
Murray	26	23	49	46	93.9	3
District Totals	59	135	194	162	83.5	32

CASELOAD INVENTORY
JUVENILE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 21						
Cleveland	77	218	295	223	75.6	72
Garvin	39	58	97	69	71.1	28
McClain	25	38	63	45	71.4	18
District Totals	141	314	455	337	74.1	118
District 22						
Hughes	3	22	25	20	80.0	5
Pontotoc	56	67	123	6	4.9	117
Seminole	50	48	98	31	31.6	67
District Totals	109	137	246	57	23.2	189
District 23						
Lincoln	7	52	59	41	69.5	18
Pottawatomie	8	98	106	99	93.4	7
District Totals	15	150	165	140	84.8	25
District 24						
Creek	19	40	59	39	66.1	20
Okfuskee	17	18	35	20	57.1	15
Okmulgee	7	84	91	77	84.6	14
District Totals	43	142	185	136	73.5	49
District 25						
Atoka	4	7	11	11	100.0	0
Coal	16	10	26	17	65.4	9
District Totals	20	17	37	28	75.7	9

CASELOAD INVENTORY
JUVENILE LITIGATION
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 26						
Canadian	28	72	100	83	83.0	17
District Totals	28	72	100	83	83.0	17
Statewide Totals	6,476	8,063	14,539	6,998	48.1	7,541

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 1						
Beaver	218	1,507	1,725	1,495	86.7	230
Cimarron	186	630	816	715	87.6	101
Harper	195	775	970	816	84.1	154
Texas	563	2,559	3,122	2,711	86.8	411
District Total	1,162	5,471	6,633	5,737	86.5	896
District 2						
Beckham	462	3,597	4,059	3,580	88.2	479
Custer	1,272	7,398	8,670	7,160	82.6	1,510
Ellis	172	934	1,106	846	76.5	260
Greer	337	1215	1,552	1,075	69.3	477
Harmon	82	850	932	867	93.0	65
Roger Mills	93	843	936	915	97.8	21
District Totals	2,418	14,837	17,255	14,443	83.7	2,812
District 3						
Jackson	846	2,880	3,726	2,768	74.3	958
Kiowa	568	2,352	2,920	2,376	81.4	544
Tillman	278	1,121	1,399	1,105	79.0	294
Washita	719	2,873	3,592	3,182	88.6	410
District Totals	2,411	9,226	11,637	9,431	81.0	2,206
District 4						
Alfalfa	114	623	737	697	94.6	40
Blaine	563	2,306	2,869	2,392	83.4	477
Dewey	162	982	1,144	1,066	93.2	78
Garfield	770	4,777	5,547	4,652	83.9	895
Grant	113	572	685	598	87.3	87
Kingfisher	546	3,426	3,972	3,295	83.0	677
Major	250	1,922	2,172	1,787	82.3	385
Woods	476	1,232	1,708	1,362	79.7	346
Woodward	392	3,662	4,054	3,359	82.9	695
District Totals	3,386	19,502	22,888	19,208	83.9	3,680

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 5						
Comanche	3,529	10,270	13,799	9,077	65.8	4,722
Cotton	497	1,662	2,159	1,994	92.4	165
Jefferson	955	1,611	2,566	1,492	58.1	1,074
Stephens	1,271	4,825	6,096	4,843	79.4	1,253
District Totals	6,252	18,368	24,620	17,406	70.7	7,214
District 6						
Caddo	1,120	6,767	7,887	6,385	81.0	1,502
Grady	1,956	8,090	10,046	7,315	72.8	2,731
District Totals	3,076	14,857	17,933	13,700	76.4	4,233
District 7						
Oklahoma	19,744	17,690	37,434	15,101	40.3	22,333
District Totals	19,744	17,690	37,434	15,101	40.3	22,333
District 8						
Kay	343	4,241	4,584	4,223	92.1	361
Noble	1,632	4,090	5,722	4,872	85.1	850
District Totals	1,975	8,331	10,306	9,095	88.2	1,211
District 9						
Logan	1,622	4,072	5,694	4,486	78.8	1,208
Payne	3,049	2,100	5,149	921	17.9	4,228
District Totals	4,671	6,172	10,843	5,407	49.9	5,436
District 10						
Osage	1,203	2,367	3,570	2,345	65.7	1,225
District Totals	1,203	2,367	3,570	2,345	65.7	1,225

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 11						
Nowata	190	738	928	691	74.5	237
Washington	761	2,245	3,006	2,333	77.6	673
District Totals	**951**	**2,983**	**3,934**	**3,024**	**76.9**	**910**
District 12						
Craig	929	2,443	3,372	2,235	66.3	1,137
Mayes	804	3,831	4,635	3,607	77.8	1,028
Rogers	1,613	6,246	7,859	5,875	74.8	1,984
District Totals	**3,346**	**12,520**	**15,866**	**11,717**	**73.8**	**4,149**
District 13						
Delaware	345	1,635	1,980	1,570	79.3	410
Ottawa	673	3,064	3,737	3,257	87.2	480
District Totals	**1,018**	**4,699**	**5,717**	**4,827**	**84.4**	**890**
District 14						
Pawnee	113	2,833	2,946	2,855	96.9	91
Tulsa	9,976	14,744	24,720	17,345	70.2	7,375
District Totals	**10,089**	**17,577**	**27,666**	**20,200**	**73.0**	**7,466**
District 15						
Adair	216	1,439	1,655	1,391	84.0	264
Cherokee	1,020	3,290	4,310	3,209	74.5	1,101
Muskogee	1,659	5,790	7,449	5,797	77.8	1,652
Sequoyah	1,690	6,120	7,810	6,169	79.0	1,641
Wagoner	476	5,208	5,684	5,377	94.6	307
District Totals	**5,061**	**21,847**	**26,908**	**21,943**	**81.5**	**4,965**

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 16						
Haskell	83	330	413	110	26.6	303
Latimer	71	1,103	1,174	1,109	94.5	65
LeFlore	416	1,815	2,231	1,960	87.9	271
District Totals	**570**	**3,248**	**3,818**	**3,179**	**83.3**	**639**
District 17						
Choctaw	842	2,585	3,427	2,783	81.2	644
McCurtain	1,184	3,640	4,824	3,740	77.5	1,084
Pushmataha	287	1,122	1,409	1,014	72.0	395
District Totals	**2,313**	**7,347**	**9,660**	**7,537**	**78.0**	**2,123**
District 18						
McIntosh	649	1,915	2,564	2,248	87.7	316
Pittsburg	1,788	5,245	7,033	4,695	66.8	2,338
District Totals	**2,437**	**7,160**	**9,597**	**6,943**	**72.3**	**2,654**
District 19						
Bryan	995	3,969	4,964	4,141	83.4	823
District Totals	**995**	**3,969**	**4,964**	**4,141**	**83.4**	**823**
District 20						
Carter	1,787	4,699	6,486	4,742	73.1	1,744
Johnston	266	1,640	1,906	1,655	86.8	251
Love	1,626	2,669	4,295	2,568	59.8	1,727
Marshall	117	1,233	1,350	1,225	90.7	125
Murray	794	2,627	3,421	2,943	86.0	478
District Totals	**4,590**	**12,868**	**17,458**	**13,133**	**75.2**	**4,325**

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 21						
Cleveland	754	4,679	5,433	4,106	75.6	1,327
Garvin	1,009	3,720	4,729	3,496	73.9	1,233
McClain	1,763	3,395	5,158	3,395	65.8	1,763
District Totals	3,526	11,794	15,320	10,997	71.8	4,323
District 22						
Hughes	79	1,441	1,520	1,447	95.2	73
Pontotoc	109	1,184	1,293	969	74.9	324
Seminole	1,022	3,074	4,096	2,650	64.7	1,446
District Totals	1,210	5,699	6,909	5,066	73.3	1,843
District 23						
Lincoln	982	4,256	5,238	4,128	78.8	1,110
Potawatomie	1,836	6,423	8,259	5,853	70.9	2,406
District Totals	2,818	10,679	13,497	9,981	73.9	3,516
District 24						
Creek	3,204	7,355	10,559	6,973	66.0	3,586
Okfuskee	754	1,703	2,457	1,883	76.6	574
Okmulgee	665	1,895	2,560	2,247	87.8	313
District Totals	4,623	10,953	15,576	11,103	71.3	4,473
District 25						
Atoka	382	1,832	2,214	1,719	77.6	495
Coal	94	1,155	1,249	980	78.5	269
District Totals	476	2,987	3,463	2,699	77.9	764

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 26						
Canadian	2,175	7,765	9,940	7,687	77.3	2,253
District Totals	2,175	7,765	9,940	7,687	77.3	2,253
Statewide Totals	92,496	260,916	353,412	256,050	72.5	97,362

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 1					
Beaver	0	0	1,359	136	1,495
Cimarron	2	53	528	138	721
Harper	7	298	409	102	816
Texas	2	12	2,303	394	2,711
District Totals	**11**	**363**	**4,599**	**770**	**5,743**
District 2					
Beckham	2	202	3,209	169	3,582
Custer	4	182	6,382	592	7,160
Ellis	0	2	752	92	846
Greer	0	0	1,034	41	1,075
Harmon	0	1	622	182	805
Roger Mills	0	149	723	16	888
District Totals	**6**	**536**	**12,722**	**1,092**	**14,356**
District 3					
Jackson	2	19	2,356	391	2,768
Kiowa	1	2	1,168	199	1,370
Tillman	1	38	994	75	1,108
Washita	1	464	2,466	251	3,182
District Totals	**5**	**523**	**6,984**	**916**	**8,428**
District 4					
Alfalfa	0	8	663	26	697
Blaine	10	555	1,697	134	2,396
Dewey	0	43	581	320	944
Garfield	6	132	4,331	183	4,652
Grant	4	21	525	40	590
Kingfisher	2	2	1,689	180	1,873
Major	4	7	1,738	48	1,797
Woods	2	5	1,065	303	1,375
Woodward	4	129	2,892	134	3,159
District Totals	**32**	**902**	**15,181**	**1,368**	**17,483**

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 5					
Comanche	34	4	8,411	628	9,077
Cotton	6	3	1,610	375	1,994
Jefferson	0	3	1,314	175	1,492
Stephens	3	84	3,944	812	4,843
District Totals	**43**	**94**	**15,279**	**1,990**	**17,406**
District 6					
Caddo	8	19	5,476	882	6,385
Grady	3	366	5,959	987	7,315
District Totals	**11**	**385**	**11,435**	**1,869**	**13,700**
District 7					
Oklahoma	54	234	13,577	1,236	15,101
District Totals	**54**	**234**	**13,577**	**1,238**	**15,101**
District 8					
Kay	8	54	3,848	518	4,428
Noble	1	80	4,675	116	4,872
District Totals	**9**	**134**	**8,523**	**634**	**9,300**
District 9					
Logan	1	19	3,782	684	4,486
Payne	3	27	766	125	921
District Totals	**4**	**46**	**4,548**	**809**	**5,407**
District 10					
Osage	7	347	1,716	275	2,345
District Totals	**7**	**347**	**1,716**	**275**	**2,345**

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 11					
Nowata	1	188	411	91	691
Washington	2	97	1,961	273	2,333
District Totals	3	285	2,372	364	3,024
District 12					
Craig	3	33	2,061	142	2,239
Mayes	3	13	2,945	650	3,611
Rogers	9	117	5,228	701	6,055
District Totals	15	163	10,234	1,493	11,905
District 13					
Delaware	0	0	1,426	144	1,570
Ottawa	0	11	2,664	582	3,257
District Totals	0	11	4,090	726	4,827
District 14					
Pawnee	7	25	2,589	0	2,621
Tulsa	23	28	15,489	1,805	17,345
District Totals	30	53	18,078	1,805	19,966
District 15					
Adair	1	355	962	73	1,391
Cherokee	2	82	2,465	661	3,210
Muskogee	0	163	5,080	524	5,767
Sequoyah	3	189	5,758	219	6,169
Wagoner	0	319	4,568	490	5,377
District Totals	6	1,108	18,833	1,967	21,914

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 16					
Haskell	0	25	69	16	110
Latimer	4	12	1,004	96	1,116
LeFlore	1	249	1,500	210	1,960
District Totals	**5**	**286**	**2,573**	**322**	**3,186**
District 17					
Choctaw	0	16	2,292	449	2,757
McCurtain	52	473	2,175	1,040	3,740
Pushmataha	5	3	803	216	1,027
District Totals	**57**	**492**	**5,270**	**1,705**	**7,524**
District 18					
McIntosh	1	280	1,819	149	2,249
Pittsburg	0	236	3,940	721	4,897
District Totals	**1**	**516**	**5,759**	**870**	**7,146**
District 19					
Bryan	0	2	3,368	771	4,141
District Totals	**0**	**2**	**3,368**	**771**	**4,141**
District 20					
Carter	16	23	4,492	211	4,742
Johnston	6	26	1,531	116	1,679
Love	5	0	2,156	1,007	3,168
Marshall	0	0	944	27	971
Murray	71	1,112	1,598	162	2,943
District Totals	**98**	**1,161**	**10,721**	**1,523**	**13,503**

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

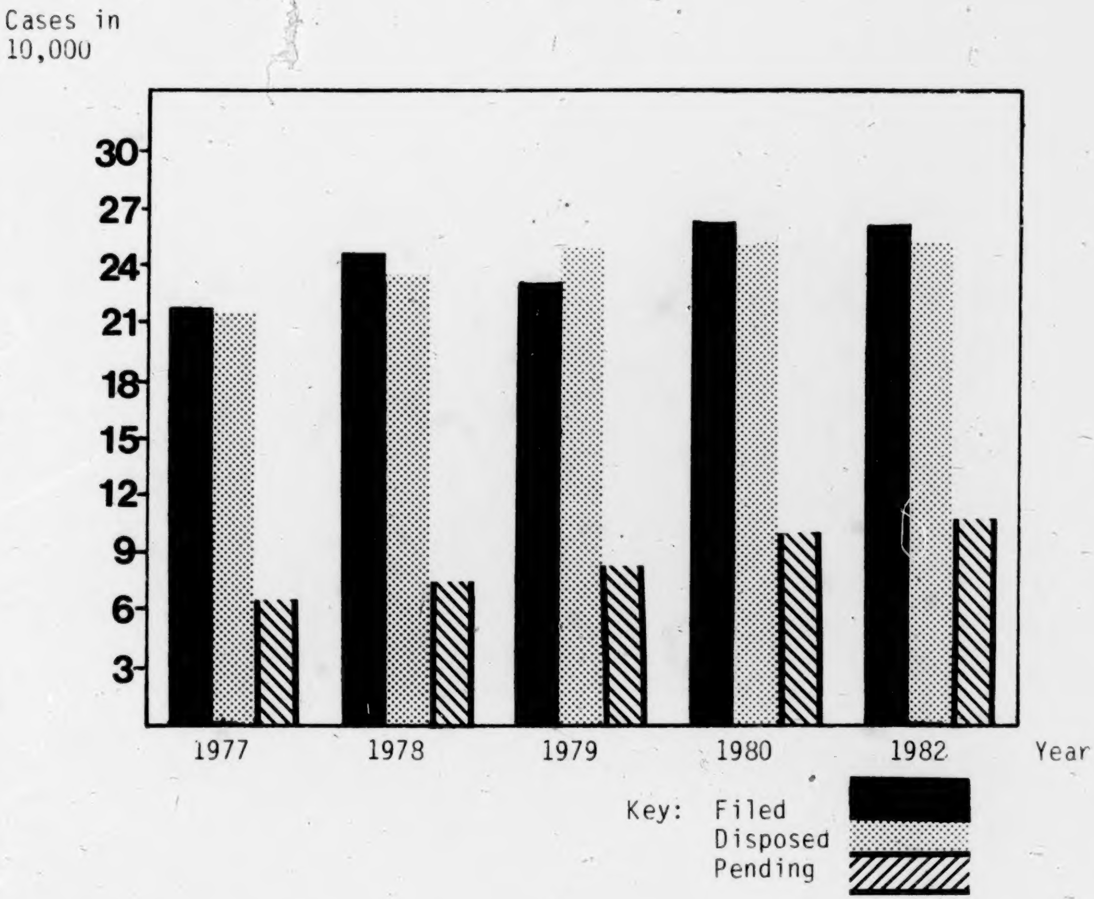
	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 21					
Cleveland	8	423	2,013	628	3,072
Garvin	2	147	3,150	146	3,445
McClain	0	180	2,812	403	3,395
District Totals	10	750	7,975	1,177	9,912
District 22					
Hughes	0	64	1,323	60	1,447
Pontotoc	13	14	834	108	969
Seminole	3	34	2,457	156	2,650
District Totals	16	112	4,614	324	5,066
District 23					
Lincoln	3	180	3,557	495	4,235
Pottawatomie	25	1	5,536	291	5,853
District Totals	28	181	9,093	786	10,088
District 24					
Creek	26	1,150	4,773	1,312	7,261
Okfuskee	1	1,084	731	67	1,883
Okmulgee	48	117	2,004	78	2,247
District Totals	75	2,351	7,508	1,457	11,391
District 25					
Atoka	2	112	1,419	186	1,719
Coal	0	1	851	128	980
District Totals	2	113	2,270	314	2,699

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 26					
Canadian	6	93	7,008	605	7,712
District Totals	6	93	7,008	605	7,712
Statewide Totals	534	11,241	214,330	27,168	253,273

DISTRICT COURT MISDEMEANOR CASELOAD
Filed, Disposed, and Pending Caseload Trends
1977 - 1982

Year	Filed	Disposed	Pending
1977	224,263	214,614	66,982
1978	245,710	237,295	75,900
1979	231,352	224,732	81,776
1980	265,252	253,377	92,963
1982*	260,916	256,050	97,362



* Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July, 1981 to June, 1982).

CASELOAD INVENTORY
TRAFFIC, MISDEMEANOR, AND D.U.I. CASES
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Traffic and Misdemeanors						D.U.I.					
	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 1												
Beaver	196	1,404	1,600	1,397	87.3	203	22	103	125	98	78.4	27
Cimarron	183	606	789	691	87.6	98	3	24	27	24	88.9	3
Harper	185	733	918	772	84.1	146	10	42	52	44	84.6	8
Texas	552	2,515	3.067	2,677	87.3	390	11	44	55	34	61.8	21
District Totals	1,116	5,258	6,374	5,537	86.9	837	46	213	259	200	77.2	59
District 2												
Beckham	366	3,443	3,809	3.379	88.7	430	96	154	250	201	80.4	49
Custer	1,252	7,175	8,427	6,957	82.6	1,470	20	223	243	203	83.5	40
Ellis	154	895	1,049	818	73.0	231	18	39	57	29	50.9	28
Greer	320	1,155	1,475	1,029	69.8	446	17	60	77	46	59.7	31
Harmon	82	828	910	848	93.2	62	0	22	22	19	86.4	3
Roger Mills	91	817	908	887	97.7	21	2	26	28	28	100.0	0
District Totals	2,265	14,313	16,578	13,918	84.0	2,660	153	524	677	526	77.7	151
District 3												
Jackson	824	2,737	3,561	2,629	73.8	932	22	143	165	139	84.2	26
Kiowa	533	2,226	2,759	2,265	82.1	494	35	126	161	111	68.9	50
Tillman	272	1,078	1,350	1,062	78.7	288	6	43	49	43	87.8	6
Washita	648	2,682	3,330	2,956	88.8	374	71	191	262	226	86.3	36
District Totals	2,277	8,723	11,000	8,912	81.0	2,088	134	503	637	519	81.5	118

CASELOAD INVENTORY
TRAFFIC, MISDEMEANOR, AND D.U.I. CASES
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Traffic and Misdemeanors						D.U.I					
	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 4												
Alfalfa	110	611	721	684	94.9	37	4	12	16	13	81.3	3
Blaine	471	2,148	2,619	2,215	84.6	404	92	158	250	177	70.8	73
Dewey	153	959	1,112	1,040	93.5	72	9	23	32	26	81.3	6
Garfield	599	4,304	4,903	4,168	85.0	735	171	473	644	484	75.2	160
Grant	102	562	664	579	87.2	85	11	10	21	19	90.5	2
Kingfisher	468	3,338	3,806	3,224	84.7	582	78	88	166	71	42.8	95
Major	223	1,805	2,028	1,706	84.1	322	27	117	144	91	63.2	53
Woods	372	1,156	1,528	1,248	81.7	280	104	76	180	114	63.3	66
Woodward	309	3,590	3,899	3,337	85.6	562	83	72	155	22	14.2	133
District Totals	2,807	18,473	21,280	18,201	85.5	3,079	579	1,029	1,608	1,017	63.2	591
District 5												
Comanche	3,110	9,740	12,850	8,550	66.5	4,300	419	530	949	527	55.5	422
Cotton	485	1,633	2,118	1,962	92.6	156	12	29	41	32	78.0	9
Jefferson	827	1,529	2,356	1,422	60.4	934	128	82	210	70	33.3	140
Stephens	1,247	4,660	5,907	4,693	79.4	1,214	24	165	189	150	79.4	39
District Totals	5,669	17,562	23,231	16,627	71.6	6,604	583	806	1,389	779	56.1	610
District 6												
Caddo	1,079	6,507	7,586	6,167	81.3	1,419	41	260	301	218	72.4	83
Grady	1,796	7,702	9,498	6,901	72.7	2,597	160	388	548	414	75.5	134
District Totals	2,875	14,209	17,084	13,068	76.5	4,016	201	648	849	632	74.4	217

CASELOAD INVENTORY
TRAFFIC, MISDEMEANOR, AND D.U.I. CASES
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Traffic and Misdemeanors						D.U.I					
	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 7												
Oklahoma	17,495	15,617	33,112	13,330	40.3	19,782	2,249	2,073	4,322	1,771	41.0	2,551
District Totals	**17,495**	**15,617**	**33,112**	**13,330**	**40.3**	**19,782**	**2,249**	**2,073**	**4,322**	**1,771**	**41.0**	**2,551**
District 8												
Kay	318	4,004	4,322	3,992	92.4	330	25	237	262	231	88.2	31
Noble	1,626	3,890	5,516	4,732	85.8	784	6	200	206	140	68.0	66
District Totals	**1,944**	**7,894**	**9,838**	**8,724**	**88.7**	**1,114**	**31**	**437**	**468**	**371**	**79.3**	**97**
District 9												
Logan	1,529	3,981	5,510	4,386	79.6	1,124	93	91	134	100	54.3	84
Payne	2,092	1,313	3,405	670	19.7	2,735	957	787	1,744	251	14.4	1,493
District Totals	**3,621**	**5,294**	**8,915**	**5,056**	**56.7**	**3,859**	**1,050**	**878**	**1,928**	**351**	**18.2**	**1,577**
District 10												
Osage	1,116	2,264	3,380	2,242	66.3	1,138	87	103	190	103	54.2	87
District Totals	**1,116**	**2,264**	**3,380**	**2,242**	**66.3**	**1,138**	**87**	**103**	**190**	**103**	**54.2**	**87**
District 11												
Nowata	167	710	877	658	75.0	219	23	28	51	33	64.7	18
Washington	610	2,041	2,651	2,155	81.3	496	151	204	355	178	50.1	177
District Totals	**777**	**2,751**	**3,528**	**2,813**	**79.7**	**715**	**174**	**232**	**406**	**211**	**52.0**	**195**

CASELOAD INVENTORY
TRAFFIC, MISDEMEANOR, AND D.U.I. CASES
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Traffic and Misdemeanors						D.U.I					
	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 12												
Craig	856	2,375	3,231	2,146	66.4	1,085	73	68	141	89	63.1	52
Mayes	727	3,638	4,365	3,506	80.3	859	77	193	270	101	37.4	169
Rogers	1,537	5,999	7,536	5,701	75.7	1,835	76	247	323	174	53.9	149
District Totals	3,120	12,012	15,132	11,353	75.0	3,779	226	508	734	364	49.6	370
District 13												
Delaware	326	1,558	1,884	1,515	80.4	369	19	77	96	55	57.3	41
Ottawa	571	2,942	3,513	3,074	87.5	439	102	122	224	183	81.7	41
District Totals	897	4,500	5,397	4,589	85.0	808	121	199	320	238	74.4	82
District 14												
Pawnee	103	2,724	2,827	2,755	97.5	72	10	109	119	100	84.0	19
Tulsa	9,647	13,581	23,228	15,951	68.7	7,277	329	1,163	1,492	1,394	93.4	98
District Totals	9,750	16,305	26,055	18,706	71.8	7,349	339	1,272	1,611	1,494	92.7	117
District 15												
Adair	197	1,372	1,569	1,329	84.7	240	19	67	86	62	72.1	24
Cherokee	956	3,133	4,089	3,030	74.1	1,059	64	157	221	179	81.0	42
Muskogee	1,455	5,502	6,957	5,445	78.3	1,512	204	288	492	352	71.5	140
Sequoyah	1,611	5,918	7,529	6,009	79.8	1,520	79	202	281	160	56.9	121
Wagoner	435	5,053	5,488	5,335	97.2	153	41	155	196	42	21.4	154
District Totals	4,654	20,978	25,632	21,148	82.5	4,484	407	869	1,276	795	62.3	481

CASELOAD INVENTORY
TRAFFIC, MISDEMEANOR, AND D.U.I. CASES
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Traffic and Misdemeanors						D.U.I					
	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 16												
Haskell	69	302	371	105	28.3	266	14	28	42	5	11.9	37
Latimer	67	1,044	1,111	1,058	95.2	53	4	59	63	51	81.0	12
LeFlore	351	1,662	2,013	1,778	88.3	235	65	153	218	182	83.5	36
District Totals	**487**	**3,008**	**3,495**	**2,941**	**84.1**	**554**	83	**240**	**323**	**238**	**73.7**	**85**
District 17												
Choctaw	783	2,482	3,265	2,720	83.3	545	59	103	162	63	38.9	99
McCurtain	1,048	3,465	4,513	3,461	76.7	1,052	136	175	311	279	89.7	32
Pushmataha	266	1,101	1,367	988	72.3	379	21	21	42	26	61.9	16
District Totals	**2,097**	**7,048**	**9,145**	**7,169**	**78.4**	**1,976**	**216**	**299**	**515**	**368**	**71.5**	**147**
District 18												
McIntosh	604	1,787	2,391	2,136	89.3	255	45	128	173	112	64.7	61
Pittsburg	1,578	4,771	6,349	4,505	71.0	1,844	210	474	684	190	27.8	494
District Totals	**2,182**	**6,558**	**8,740**	**6,641**	**76.0**	**2,099**	**255**	**602**	**857**	**302**	**35.2**	**555**
District 19												
Bryan	918	3,837	4,755	3,993	84.0	762	77	132	209	148	70.8	61
District Totals	**918**	**3,837**	**4,755**	**3,993**	**84.0**	**762**	**77**	**132**	**209**	**148**	**70.8**	**61**

CASELOAD INVENTORY
TRAFFIC, MISDEMEANOR, AND D.U.I. CASES
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Traffic and Misdemeanors						D.U.I					
	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 20												
Carter	1,735	4,365	6,100	4,409	72.3	1,691	52	334	386	333	86.3	53
Johnston	244	1,589	1,833	1,609	87.8	224	22	51	73	56	76.7	17
Love	1,584	2,593	4,177	2,478	59.3	1,699	42	76	118	90	76.3	28
Marshall	99	1,152	1,251	1,155	92.3	96	18	81	99	70	70.7	29
Murray	742	2,444	3,186	2,752	86.4	434	52	183	235	191	81.3	44
District Totals	4,404	12,143	16,547	12,403	75.0	4,144	186	725	911	740	81.2	171
District 21												
Cleveland	616	3,988	4,604	3,591	78.0	1,013	138	691	829	515	62.1	314
Garvin	876	3,645	4,521	3,393	75.0	1,128	133	75	208	103	49.5	105
McClain	1,687	3,275	4,962	2,309	66.7	1,653	76	120	196	86	43.9	110
District Totals	3,179	10,908	14,087	10,293	73.1	3,794	347	886	1,233	704	57.1	529
District 22												
Hughes	70	1,367	1,437	1,373	95.5	64	9	74	83	74	89.2	9
Pontotoc	99	782	881	603	68.4	278	10	402	412	366	88.8	46
Seminole	940	2,964	3,904	2,555	65.4	1,349	82	110	192	95	49.5	97
District Totals	1,109	5,113	6,222	4,531	72.8	1,691	101	586	687	535	77.9	152

CASELOAD INVENTORY
TRAFFIC, MISDEMEANOR, AND D.U.I. CASES
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Traffic and Misdemeanors						D.U.I					
	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 23												
Lincoln	952	4,148	5,100	4,025	78.9	1,075	30	108	138	103	74.6	35
Pottawatomie	1,747	6,157	7,904	5,593	70.8	2,311	89	266	355	260	73.2	95
District Totals	2,699	10,305	13,004	9,618	74.0	3,386	119	374	493	363	73.6	130
District 24												
Creek	2,836	7,059	9,895	6,680	67.5	3,215	368	296	664	293	44.1	371
Okfuskee	720	1,629	2,349	1,826	77.7	523	34	74	108	57	52.8	51
Okmulgee	519	1,712	2,231	2,015	90.3	216	146	183	329	232	70.5	97
District Totals	4,075	10,400	14,475	10,521	72.7	3,954	548	553	1,101	582	52.9	519
District 25												
Atoka	363	1,780	2,143	1,687	78.7	456	19	52	71	32	45.1	39
Coal	81	1,110	1,191	963	80.9	228	13	44	57	17	29.8	40
District Totals	444	2,890	3,334	2,650	79.5	684	32	96	128	49	38.3	79
District 26												
Canadian	1,770	7,226	8,996	6,994	77.7	2,002	405	539	944	693	73.4	251
District Totals	1,770	7,226	8,996	6,994	77.7	2,002	405	539	944	693	73.4	251
Statewide Totals	78,063	226,138	304,201	219,646	72.3	84,352	8,749	15,326	24,075	14,093	58.5	9,982

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR CRIMINAL FELONY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 1						
Beaver	27	55	82	60	73.2	22
Cimarron	41	65	106	53	50.0	53
Harper	47	37	84	65	77.4	19
Texas	253	304	557	306	54.9	251
District Totals	368	461	829	484	58.4	345
District 2						
Beckham	55	211	266	216	81.2	50
Custer	58	192	250	163	65.2	87
Ellis	26	38	64	23	35.9	41
Greer	20	35	55	31	56.4	24
Harmon	5	26	31	23	74.2	8
Roger Mills	5	51	56	45	80.4	11
District Totals	169	553	722	501	69.4	221
District 3						
Jackson	614	321	935	277	29.6	658
Kiowa	93	90	183	77	42.1	106
Tillman	34	77	111	65	58.6	46
Washita	86	118	204	91	44.6	113
District Totals	827	606	1,433	510	35.6	923
District 4						
Alfalfa	56	22	78	14	17.9	64
Blaine	185	137	322	88	27.3	234
Dewey	69	82	151	82	54.3	69
Garfield	419	489	908	422	46.5	486
Grant	24	44	68	47	69.1	21
Kingfisher	140	204	344	187	54.4	157
Major	84	76	160	68	42.5	92
Woods	115	77	192	140	72.9	52
Woodward	297	254	551	76	13.8	475
District Totals	1,389	1,385	2,774	1,124	40.5	1,650

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CRIMINAL FELONY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 5						
Comanche	1,786	898	2,684	775	28.9	1,909
Cotton	34	42	76	53	69.7	23
Jefferson	121	76	197	62	31.5	135
Stephens	367	257	624	402	64.4	222
District Totals	2,308	1,273	3,581	1,292	36.1	2,289
District 6						
Caddo	100	286	386	289	74.9	97
Grady	328	547	875	213	24.3	662
District Totals	428	833	1,261	502	39.8	759
District 7						
Oklahoma	14,010	6,154	20,164	4,137	20.5	16,027
District Totals	14,010	6,154	20,164	4,137	20.5	16,027
District 8						
Kay	177	310	487	274	56.3	213
Noble	71	65	136	77	56.6	59
District Totals	248	375	623	351	56.3	272
District 9						
Logan	71	130	201	118	58.7	83
Payne	847	467	1,314	136	10.4	1,178
District Totals	918	597	1,515	254	16.8	1,261
District 10						
Osage	227	188	415	149	35.9	266
District Totals	227	188	415	149	35.9	266

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CRIMINAL FELONY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 11						
Nowata	41	127	168	79	47.0	89
Washington	455	351	806	290	36.0	516
District Totals	496	478	974	369	37.9	605
District 12						
Craig	220	141	361	136	37.7	225
Mayes	177	281	458	310	67.7	148
Rogers	383	261	644	299	46.4	345
District Totals	780	683	1,463	745	50.9	718
District 13						
Delaware	254	191	445	143	32.1	302
Ottawa	225	297	522	191	36.6	331
District Totals	479	488	967	334	34.5	633
District 14						
Pawnee	16	58	74	66	89.2	8
Tulsa	2,683	4,554	7,237	5,609	77.5	1,628
District Totals	2,699	4,612	7,311	5,675	77.6	1,636
District 15						
Adair	70	95	165	84	50.9	81
Cherokee	73	227	300	175	58.3	125
Muskogee	822	578	1,400	452	32.3	948
Sequoyah	174	192	366	135	36.9	231
Wagoner	90	113	203	87	42.9	116
District Totals	1,229	1,205	2,434	933	38.3	1,501

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CRIMINAL FELONY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 16						
Haskell	94	143	237	57	24.1	180
Latimer	30	96	126	83	65.9	43
LeFlore	127	311	438	303	69.2	135
District Totals	251	550	801	443	55.3	358
District 17						
Choctaw	114	75	189	87	46.0	102
McCurtain	340	172	512	237	46.3	275
Pushmataha	88	100	188	73	38.8	115
District Totals	542	347	889	397	44.7	492
District 18						
McIntosh	88	120	208	131	63.0	77
Pittsburg	772	354	1,126	509	45.2	617
District Totals	860	474	1,334	640	48.0	694
District 19						
Bryan	159	257	416	202	48.6	214
District Totals	159	257	416	202	48.6	214
District 20						
Carter	268	328	596	444	74.5	152
Johnston	61	87	148	81	54.7	67
Love	50	65	115	73	63.5	42
Marshall	20	94	114	53	46.5	61
Murray	45	117	162	132	81.5	30
District Totals	444	691	1,135	783	69.0	352

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CRIMINAL FELONY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 21						
Cleveland	648	895	1,543	942	61.0	601
Garvin	196	187	383	147	38.4	236
McClain	220	213	433	195	45.0	238
District Totals	1,064	1,295	2,359	1,284	54.4	1,075
District 22						
Hughes	37	96	133	103	77.4	30
Pontotoc	50	142	192	92	47.9	100
Seminole	337	192	529	88	16.6	441
District Totals	424	430	854	283	33.1	571
District 23						
Lincoln	148	137	285	162	56.8	123
Pottawatomie	547	384	931	353	37.9	578
District Totals	695	521	1,216	515	42.4	701
District 24						
Creek	536	373	914	319	34.9	595
Okfuskee	26	46	72	41	56.9	31
Okmulgee	227	399	626	326	52.1	300
District Totals	789	823	1,612	686	42.6	926
District 25						
Atoka	47	222	269	202	75.1	67
Coal	24	88	112	58	51.8	54
District Totals	71	310	381	260	68.2	121

CASELOAD INVENTORY FOR
CRIMINAL FELONY
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Cases Pending 7/01/81	Cases Filed	Total Caseload	Cases Disposed	Percent of Caseload Terminated	Cases Pending 6/30/82
District 26						
Canadian	564	487	1,051	674	64.1	377
District Totals	564	487	1,051	674	64.1	377
Statewide Totals	32,438	26,076	58,514	23,527	40.2	34,987

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL FELONY DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 1					
Beaver	0	0	42	18	60
Cimarron	0	1	16	40	57
Harper	4	15	0	46	65
Texas	6	0	103	197	306
District Total	10	16	161	301	488
District 2					
Beckham	34	95	67	20	216
Custer	6	55	66	36	163
Ellis	0	0	3	20	23
Greer	5	3	14	9	31
Harmon	1	1	15	13	30
Roger Mills	0	24	11	10	45
District Total	46	178	176	108	508
District 3					
Jackson	7	5	189	76	277
Kiowa	1	0	20	25	46
Tillman	1	1	49	17	68
Washita	0	2	24	65	91
District Total	9	8	282	183	482
District 4					
Allalfa	1	1	6	6	14
Blaine	3	1	49	37	90
Dewey	0	1	33	48	82
Garfield	3	10	310	99	422
Grant	0	0	35	12	47
Kingfisher	4	0	90	98	192
Major	2	3	20	43	68
Woods	2	0	46	102	150
Woodward	4	31	12	29	76
District Totals	19	47	601	474	1,141

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL FELONY DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 5					
Comanche	117	7	334	317	775
Cotton	9	3	10	31	53
Jefferson	1	0	29	32	62
Stephens	6	2	136	258	402
District Totals	133	12	509	638	1,292
District 6					
Caddo	8	3	51	127	189
Grady	9	0	43	187	239
District Totals	17	3	94	314	428
District 7					
Oklahoma	152	165	2,184	1,637	4,138
District Totals	152	165	2,184	1,637	4,138
District 8					
Kay	8	0	300	50	358
Noble	3	4	52	19	78
District Totals	11	4	352	69	436
District 9					
Logan	2	1	65	50	118
Payne	1	33	48	54	136
District Totals	3	34	113	104	254
District 10					
Osage	7	8	62	78	155
District Totals	7	8	62	78	155

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL FELONY DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 11					
Nowata	1	3	27	47	78
Washington	6	38	146	100	290
District Totals	7	41	173	147	368
District 12					
Craig	4	0	71	75	150
Mayes	14	2	107	199	322
Rogers	3	3	137	196	339
District Totals	21	5	315	470	811
District 13					
Delaware	3	0	74	66	143
Ottawa	7	0	143	39	189
District Totals	10	0	217	105	332
District 14					
Pawnee	7	9	47	3	66
Tulsa	72	65	3,715	1,757	5,609
District Totals	79	74	3,762	1,760	5,675
District 15					
Adair	3	26	42	14	85
Cherokee	6	10	70	94	180
Muskogee	55	23	241	133	452
Sequoyah	6	12	46	81	145
Wagoner	4	7	41	35	87
District Totals	74	78	440	357	949

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL FELONY DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 16					
Haskell	4	24	20	9	57
Latimer	2	0	56	25	83
LeFlore	15	2	231	55	303
District Totals	21	26	307	89	443
District 17					
Choctaw	1	38	6	30	75
McCurtain	23	0	37	177	237
Pushmataha	6	0	24	35	65
District Totals	30	38	67	242	377
District 18					
McIntosh	9	0	68	78	155
Pittsburg	15	4	192	370	581
District Totals	24	4	260	448	736
District 19					
Bryan	11	1	63	165	240
District Totals	11	1	63	165	240
District 20					
Carter	63	11	288	79	441
Johnston	12	1	83	17	113
Love	3	0	63	22	88
Marshall	2	1	36	9	48
Murray	17	44	48	23	132
District Totals	97	57	518	150	822

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL FELONY DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

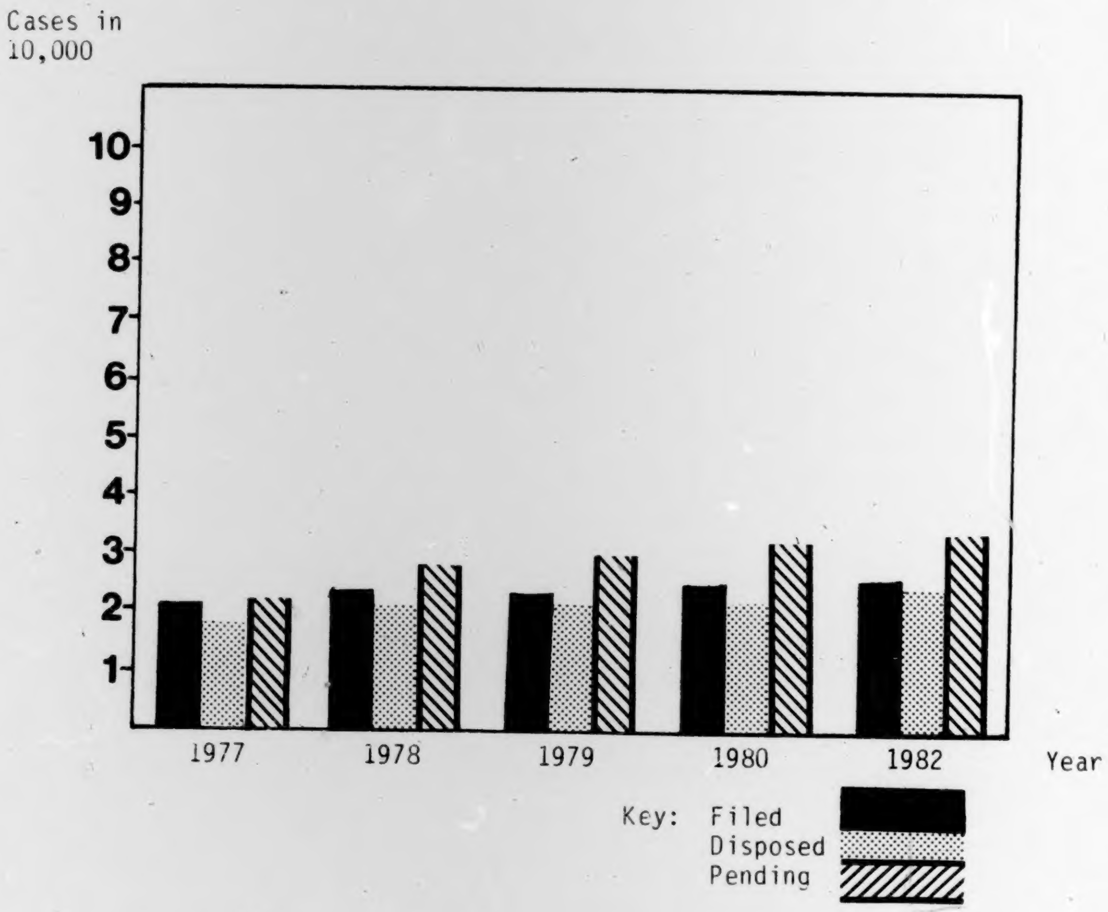
	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 21					
Cleveland	24	26	441	451	942
Garvin	1	16	61	69	147
McClain	2	7	74	110	193
District Totals	27	49	576	630	1,292
District 22					
Hughes	2	39	50	12	103
Pontotoc	11	2	53	27	93
Seminole	3	3	53	28	87
District Totals	16	44	156	67	283
District 23					
Lincoln	7	1	50	108	166
Pottawatomie	16	10	138	189	353
District Totals	23	11	188	297	519
District 24					
Creek	4	3	223	157	387
Okfuskee	1	27	0	13	41
Okmulgee	19	59	225	64	367
District Totals	24	89	448	234	795
District 25					
Atoka	5	43	25	129	202
Coal	0	0	33	25	58
District Totals	5	43	58	154	260

CASELOAD INVENTORY
CRIMINAL FELONY DISPOSITIONS
July 1, 1981 - June 30, 1982

	Jury Trials	Non-Jury Trials	Guilty Pleas	Dismissals	Total Dispositions
District 26					
Canadian	12	4	528	239	783
District Totals	12	4	528	239	783
Statewide Totals	888	1,039	12,610	9,460	23,997

DISTRICT COURT FELONY CASELOAD
Filed, Disposed, and Pending Caseload Trends
1977 - 1982

Year	Filed	Disposed	Pending
1977	20,819	18,174	20,920
1978	22,165	20,497	27,658
1979	22,753	20,510	29,901
1980	23,696	21,497	31,764
1982*	26,076	23,527	34,987



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* Reporting period changed from a calendar year basis to fiscal year reporting method (July, 1981 to June, 1982).

APPENDICES

- LIST OF DISTRICT COURT JUDGES
- JUDICIAL EDUCATION
- LIST OF DISTRICT COURT CLERKS

APPENDIX A

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURT

District 1

Frank Ogden, III	District Judge
James F. Lane	Associate District Judge
Alan Rae Gottsch	Associate District Judge
Don Dale	Associate District Judge

District 2

Giles Peterson	District Judge
Gary P. McGinn	Associate District Judge
Alan D. Markum	Associate District Judge
Charley W. Barton	Associate District Judge
David E. Brooks	Associate District Judge
William M. Fancher	Associate District Judge
K. C. Perryman	Associate District Judge

District 3

Weldon Ferris	District Judge
Loys Criswell	Associate District Judge
Lloyd Ray Reeder	Associate District Judge
Harrison Roe	Associate District Judge
John Charles Edwards	Associate District Judge
Temple Bailey	Special Judge

District 4

Richard Pickens	District Judge
W. O. Green, III	District Judge
Joseph A. Young, Jr.	District Judge
Wayne B. Smith	Associate District Judge
Robert W. Collier	Associate District Judge
James A. Wilkinson	Associate District Judge
Ray Dean Linder	Associate District Judge
Ray Don Jackson	Associate District Judge
Larry D. Smith	Associate District Judge
James S. Bryant	Associate District Judge
John W. Michael	Associate District Judge
Robert C. Lovell	Associate District Judge
Kelly A. Hays	Special Judge

District 5

Jack Brock	District Judge
James Winston Raburn	District Judge
William M. Roberts	District Judge
Kenneth L. Youngblood	District Judge
George W. Lindley	District Judge
Chad Bledsoe	Associate District Judge
David J. Aubrey	Associate District Judge
P. C. Largent, Jr.	Associate District Judge
Ellen C. Steeley	Associate District Judge
Allen McCall	Special Judge
Peter Clinton Moore	Special Judge

District 7

Carmon C. Harris	District Judge
David M. Cook	District Judge
Jack R. Parr	District Judge
Charles L. Owens	District Judge
Karl Gray	District Judge
William S. Myers	District Judge
Homer Smith	District Judge
Arthur Lory Rakestraw	District Judge
Stewart M. Hunter	District Judge
William C. Kessler	District Judge
Raymond Naifeh	District Judge
William Robert Saied	District Judge
John Amick	District Judge
Joe Cannon	District Judge
Charlie Y. Wier	Associate District Judge
Major R. Wilson	Special Judge
Leamon Freeman	Special Judge
Robert D. Epperson	Special Judge
Leonard Geb	Special Judge
Arthur Swank, Jr.	Special Judge
William M. Allen	Special Judge
Creston Williamson	Special Judge
Don Howard	Special Judge
James L. Gullett	Special Judge
Paul W. Dudley	Special Judge
William C. Page	Special Judge

District 7 (Continued)

Jimmy Coffman	Special Judge
Donald Manning	Special Judge

District 8

Lowell Doggett	District Judge
Roger Mullins	Associate District Judge
Kenneth P. Reed	Associate District Judge
Leslie D. Page	Special Judge

District 9

Ray L. Wall	District Judge
Bob Ward	Associate District Judge
Charles Headrick	Associate District Judge
Merle Smith	Special Judge
Cheryl A. Ramsey	Special Judge

District 10

Don H. Hampton	District Judge
Mermon H. Potter	Associate District Judge
Riley B. Quarles	Special District Judge

District 11

Arthur J. Boose	District Judge
Glenn H. Chappell	Associate District Judge
James H. Laughlin	Associate District Judge
Chloe Passley	Special Judge

District 12

William J. Whistler	District Judge
Byron E. Williams	District Judge
Jess B. Clanton, Jr.	Associate District Judge
W. M. Thomas	Associate District Judge
Edwin Doyle Carden	Associate District Judge
David Allen Box	Special Judge

District 13

Sam C. Fullerton	District Judge
Frieden L. Machesney	Associate District Judge
Jon David Douthitt	Associate District Judge
Martha Sue Thompson	Special Judge

District 14

M. M. McDougal	District Judge
William Means	District Judge
Joe Jennings	District Judge
Jane P. Wiseman	District Judge
Margaret Lamm McCalister	District Judge
Clifford E. Hopper	District Judge
Jay Dean Dalton	District Judge
Richard V. Armstrong	District Judge
Robert F. Martin, Jr.	District Judge
Patricia Hoebel	District Judge
David Winslow	District Judge
Robert E. Caldwell	District Judge
W. Keith Rapp	District Judge
William R. Beasley	Associate District Judge
Charles D. Arney	Associate District Judge
Edward Ernest Stephens	Special Judge
Donald C. Lane	Special Judge
John F. Reif	Special Judge
Ronald L. Shaffer	Special Judge
Robert S. Farris	Special Judge
Robert D. Frank	Special Judge
Daniel J. Boudreau	Special Judge
Allen Klein	Special Judge
David L. Peterson	Special Judge
Deborah C. Shallcross	Special Judge
Tony Graham	Special Judge

District 15

William H. Bliss	District Judge
Hardy Summers	District Judge
E. C. Nelson	District Judge
Bill Ed Rogers	District Judge

District 15 (Continued)

Paul E. Simmons	Associate District Judge
Lynn Burris	Associate District Judge
Lyle Burris	Associate District Judge
Fred D. Green	Associate District Judge
L. T. Spray	Associate District Judge
J. R. Settle	Special Judge
A. J. Henshaw	Special Judge

District 16

Pat Pate	District Judge
John N. Henderson	Associate District Judge
Robert Edward Price	Associate District Judge
Bill Welch	Associate District Judge
Simon B. Spradlin	Special Judge

District 17

G. Gail Craytor	District Judge
Lowell R. Burgess, Jr.	Associate District Judge
James R. Wolfe	Associate District Judge
John Anthony Benson	Associate District Judge

District 18

Robert A. Layden	District Judge
Joseph M. LeMasters, Jr.	Associate District Judge
Wesley Brown	Associate District Judge
Kirk B. Pyle	Special Judge

District 19

Joe C. Taylor	District Judge
John Allen Phillips, II	Associate District Judge
Rocky L. Powers	Special Judge

District 20

Woodrow George	District Judge
H. Leo Austin	District Judge
Thomas S. Walker	Associate District Judge
Stanley Anderson	Associate District Judge
Kenneth L. Delashaw, Jr.	Associate District Judge
Gary L. Lumpkin	Associate District Judge
William R. Fulton	Associate District Judge
D. Michael Hisey	Special Judge

District 21

Joe D. Shumate	District Judge
Preston Trimble	District Judge
Edward M. McDanel	District Judge
Alan J. Couch	Associate District Judge
Max Henry Scarce	Associate District Judge
James Kenneth Love	Associate District Judge
Gary Morgan Purcell	Special Judge
William Heatherington, Jr.	Special Judge
Sam J. Goodwin	Special Judge

District 22

Ronald L. Jones	District Judge
Gordon Melson	District Judge
Bob Howell	District Judge
Mike Addicott	Associate District Judge
Bill Biggers	Associate District Judge
Greggory M. Smith	Associate District Judge
Jesse D. Green	Special Judge
Gary R. Brown	Special Judge

District 23

Donald E. Powers	District Judge
Lloyd H. Henry	District Judge
Glenn Dale Carter	Associate District Judge
Robert L. Foster	Associate District Judge
Jesse R. Field	Special Judge

District 24

Charles Woodson	District Judge
Donald D. Thompson	District Judge
Jess I. Miracle	District Judge
John Maley	District Judge
Edgar R. Boatman	District Judge
Streeter Speakman	Associate District Judge
O. C. Craig	Associate District Judge
Anne Moroney	Associate District Judge
Clyde T. Patrick	Special Judge
Charles M. Humphrey	Special Judge

District 25

Lavern Fishel	District Judge
Harrell F. Followell	Associate District Judge
Merline Bonner	Associate District Judge

District 26

Stanley Chatman	District Judge
Stanley Pierce	Associate District Judge
Edward Cunningham	Special Judge

OKLAHOMA JUDGES WHO ATTENDED THE
AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION APPELLATE JUDGES SEMINAR
1981 - 1982

ABA Appellate Judges Seminar Series

Robert E. Lavender	Justice	Supreme Court
Marian P. Opala	Justice	Supreme Court
Tom Brett	Judge	Court of Criminal Appeals
Dwain Box	Judge	Court of Appeals, Div 1
Lester Reynolds	Judge	Court of Appeals, Div 1

OKLAHOMA JUDGES WHO ATTENDED THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF JUDICIAL EDUCATION
1981 - 1982

Trial Judges Academy

William C. Kessler	District Judge	7th Judicial District
William J. Whistler	District Judge	12th Judicial District
Stanley Anderson	Associate District Judge	Johnston County
Clyde E. Davis	Special Judge	Pittsburg County
Martha Sue Thompson	Special Judge	Ottawa County

Trial Judges Writing Program

Ronald Jones	District Judge	22nd Judicial District
Joe Young	District Judge	4th Judicial District

Appellate Judges Writing Program

John D. Boydston	Judge	Court of Appeals, Div 2

Fact Finding, Decision Making, Communication, Time Management, Stress and Judicial Performance

Charley W. Barton	Associate District Judge	Ellis County

Problems of a One Judge Court

Kenneth Delashaw, Jr.	Associate District Judge	Love County

OKLAHOMA JUDGES WHO ATTENDED THE NATIONAL JUDICIAL COLLEGE 1981 - 1982

THE NATIONAL JUDICIAL COLLEGE

General Jurisdiction

Lynn Burris	Associate District Judge	Cherokee County
Joseph LeMasters	Associate District Judge	McIntosh County
Frieden Lee Machesney	Associate District Judge	Delaware County
Alan Markum	Associate District Judge	Custer County
Stanley Pierce	Associate District Judge	Canadian County
Lloyd Reeder	Associate District Judge	Kiowa County
Robert S. Farris	Special Judge	Tulsa County
James Gullett	Special Judge	Oklahoma County
Allen Klein	Special Judge	Tulsa County
Kirk Pyle	Special Judge	Pittsburg County
Deborah Shallcross	Special Judge	Tulsa County
Richard Lee Weldon	Special Judge	Grady County

Graduate Sessions

Civil Litigation

Byron Ed Williams	District Judge	12th Judicial District

Criminal Evidence

Margaret L. McCalister	District Judge	14th Judicial District
Gordon Melson	District Judge	22nd Judicial District
Jesse D. Green	Special Judge	Pontotoc County

New Trends

Edwin D. Carden	Associate District Judge	Rogers County

Decision Making

William R. Beasley	Associate District Judge	Tulsa County

Specialty Sessions

Small Claims

Edward E. Stephens	Special Judge	Tulsa County

Search and Seizure

Ronald L. Jones	District Judge	22nd Judicial District

APPENDIX C

CLERKS OF THE DISTRICT COURTS

County	Court Clerk
Adair	Lou Nelle Rhoads
Alfalfa	Sherril Whitlow
Atoka	Helen Walker
Beaver	Pearl Yates
Beckham	Layton Broddrick
Blaine	Lorraine Mach
Bryan	Louise Gentry
Caddo	Harold Rodgers
Canadian	Clyde Gene Miller
Carter	Billie Williams
Cherokee	Elizabeth Ann Lamons
Choctaw	Opal Henderson
Cimarron	Laverne Wells
Cleveland	Norma Nichols
Coal	Marjorie Droke
Comanche	Janice Mitchell
Cotton	Lana Mallow
Craig	Julia Patrick
Creek	Bobbie Williams
Custer	Irene Pruitt
Delaware	Cecil Haggard
Dewey	Doris Oakes
Ellis	Dona Folks
Garfield	E'Louise DeVinney
Garvin	E. L. Michael
Grady	Glenda Fenimore
Grant	Emma Jean Hamilton
Greer	Ruth Miller
Harmon	Gayle Lewis
Harper	Twila Easterwood
Haskell	Marvin G. Grit Smith
Hughes	Lois Merchant
Jackson	Connie Connell
Jefferson	Edna Palmer
Johnston	Patricia Hitchcock
Kay	Hazel M. Wood
Kingfisher	Gladys Rivers
Kiowa	Deanna Bonner
Latimer	Frank Prock
LeFlore	Betty Cooper
Lincoln	Opal Wilbanks
Logan	Lois Webb
Love	Faye Suggs
McClain	Joyce Mosely
McCurtain	Sam Hess
McIntosh	Bobbie S. Solesbee
Major	Vada Major
Marshall	Donna Rogers
Mayes	Eloise Gist
Murray	Jerry Brown
Muskogee	Nadine Harnage
Noble	Vicky Maine
Nowata	Gwenna Jackson
Okfuskee	Judith Anthony
Oklahoma	Dan Gray
Okmulgee	Wanda Johns
Osage	Helen Christensen
Ottawa	Earl Gonce
Pawnee	Isabelle Wilkinson
Payne	Sandra Ness
Pittsburg	Dortha Glover
Pontotoc	Wayne Joplin
Pottawatomie	Ruby Poe
Pushmataha	Kathy Chapman
Roger Mills	Donald E. Campbell
Rogers	June Lunsford
Seminole	Edra J. Harrison
Sequoyah	Theodore Stites
Stephens	Jean Deaton
Texas	Twila Fenton
Tillman	Lois Kent
Tulsa	Don Austin
Wagoner	Charles Jeffers
Washington	Doris Curnutt
Washita	Alvin Ernst
Woods	Jean Young
Woodward	Elveta Hughes